

Inventor Search

MAIER 09/806,650

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:36:18 ON 28 APR 2003)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:36:31 ON 28 APR 2003

L1 371 S NAGAOKA M?/AU  
L2 2111 S SHIBATA H?/AU  
L3 307 S TAKAGI I?/AU  
L4 22 S HASIMOTO S?/AU  
L5 2786 S L1-4  
L6 27 S L5 AND ANTIBACTERIAL  
L7 2 S L6 AND ?SACCHARID?  
SELECT RN L7 1-2

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:37:57 ON 28 APR 2003

L8 15 S E1-15

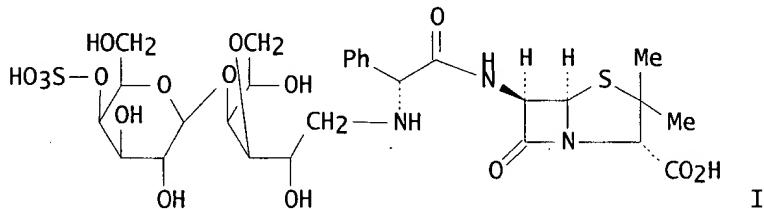
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:38:38 ON 28 APR 2003

~~159~~ 2 S L7 AND L8 2 cites w/ 15 upds displayed

=> d ibib abs hitstr ind 1

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCPLUS > COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:240962 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:265440  
 TITLE: Preparation of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivatives as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori  
 INVENTOR(S): Shibata, Hideyuki; Nagaoka, Masato ; Takagi, Itsuko; Hashimoto, Shusuke  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kabushiki Kaisha Yakult Honsha, Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000020009	A1	20000413	WO 1999-JP5448	19991004
W: AU, CA, CN, JP, KR, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CA 2346132	AA	20000413	CA 1999-2346132	19991004
AU 9960019	A1	20000426	AU 1999-60019	19991004
EP 1120100	A1	20010801	EP 1999-970024	19991004
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-282143	A 19981005
			WO 1999-JP5448	W 19991004
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	132:265440		
GI				



AB Antibacterial agents showing a high affinity for Helicobacter pylori and having a chem. structure, wherein an antibacterial substance is bonded to a sulfated polysaccharide or an oligosaccharide prepd. by partly degrading a sulfated polysaccharide having an antibacterial effect specific to H. pylori, are prepd. Preferable embodiments are those having the following chem. structures: Y-OCH(AH<sub>2</sub>NHR)<sub>n</sub> or Y-BH<sub>2</sub>NHR (wherein Y represents a sulfated polysaccharide or an oligosaccharide prepd. by partly degrading a sulfated polysaccharide; A represents a carbon atom originating in an aldehyde group formed by reducing the terminal reducing sugar of Y and then oxidizing with an oxidizing agent; B represents a carbon atom

originating in an aldehyde group of the terminal reducing sugar of Y; R represents an **antibacterial** substance having a primary amino group or an amino group having been introduced thereinto, or an **antibacterial** agent deriv. bonded to the above-described carbon atom A or B via a spacer; and n is 1 or 2). These compds. are useful for the prevention and/or treatment of digestive tract ulcers. Thus, 4'-sulfocarrabiose underwent reductive amination with ampicillin using borane-dimethylamine complex in 1M acetate buffer (pH 4.6) to give carrabiose-ampicillin deriv. (I) which at 1 mg/mL completely inhibited the proliferation of *H. pylori*.

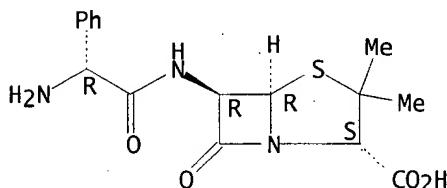
- IT 9072-19-9P, Fucoidan  
 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (isolation from *Cladosiphon okamuranus* Tokida (Okinawa, Japan); prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against *Helicobacter pylori*)  
 RN 9072-19-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Fucoidan (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

- IT 69-52-3DP, Ampicillin sodium salt, reaction products with oligofucose and 12-aminolauric acid 69-53-4DP, Ampicillin, reductive alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan 693-57-2DP, 12-Aminolauric acid, reaction products with oligofucose and ampicillin 63527-52-6DP, Cefotaxime, reductive alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan 263394-03-2P 263394-05-4P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against *Helicobacter pylori*)

- RN 69-52-3 HCPLUS  
 CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[[((2R)-aminophenylacetyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-, monosodium salt, (2S,5R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

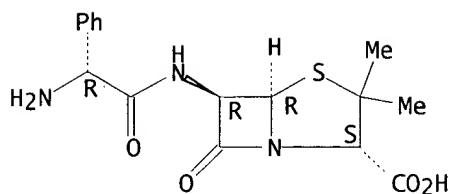
Absolute stereochemistry.



● Na

- RN 69-53-4 HCPLUS  
 CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[[((2R)-aminophenylacetyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-, (2S,5R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 693-57-2 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanoic acid, 12-amino- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

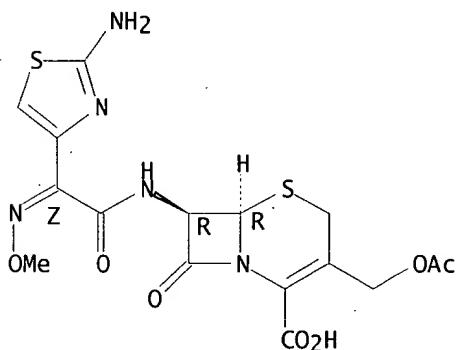
HO2C-(CH2)11-NH2

RN 63527-52-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid,  
3-[(acetyloxy)methyl]-7-[[[(2Z)-(2-amino-4-thiazolyl)(methoxyimino)acetyl]a  
mino]-8-oxo-, (6R,7R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

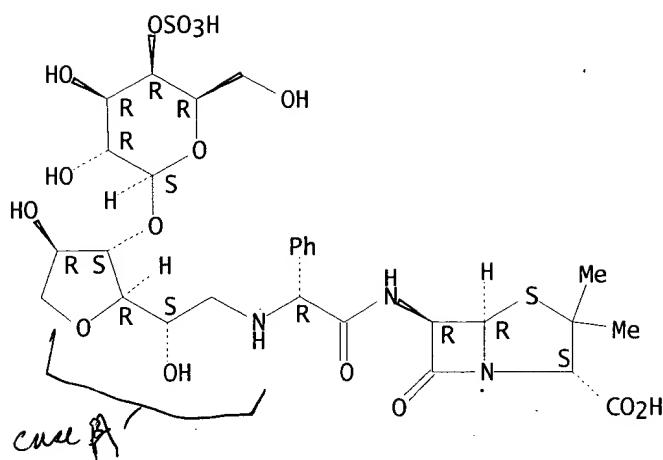
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 263394-03-2 HCAPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 3,6-anhydro-1-[[[(1R)-2-[[[(2S,5R,6R)-2-carboxy-3,3-dimethyl-7-  
oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]hept-6-yl]amino]-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl]amino]-  
1-deoxy-4-O-(4-O-sulfo-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

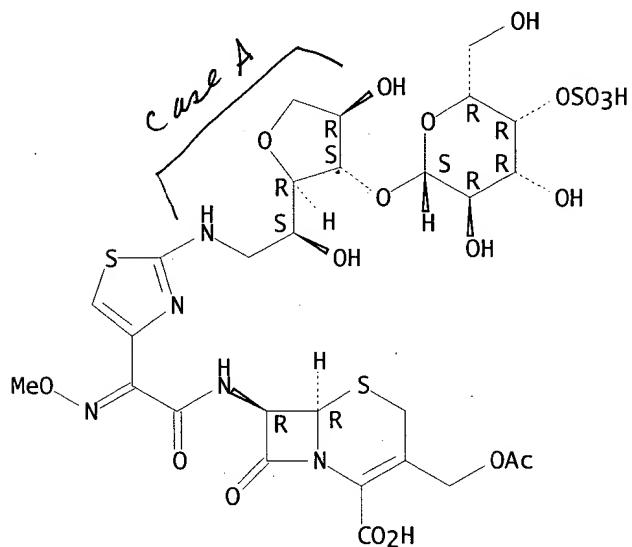


RN 263394-05-4 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1-[[4-[2-[(6R,7R)-3-[(acetyloxy)methyl]-2-carboxy-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-en-7-yl]amino]-1-(methoxyimino)-2-oxoethyl]-2-thiazolyl]amino]-3,6-anhydro-1-deoxy-4-O-(4-O-sulfo-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.



IT 69-52-3, Ampicillin sodium salt 69-53-4, Ampicillin

693-57-2, 12-Aminolauric acid 63527-52-6, Cefotaxime

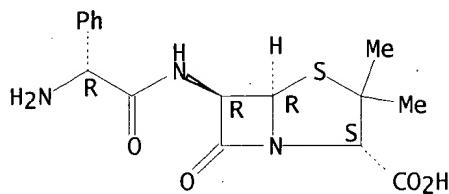
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked  
 .beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)

RN 69-52-3 HCPLUS

CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[[(2R)-  
 aminophenylacetyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-, monosodium salt, (2S,5R,6R)-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

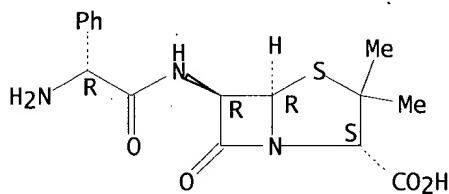


O Na

RN 69-53-4 HCPLUS

CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[(2R)-aminophenylacetyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-, (2S,5R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

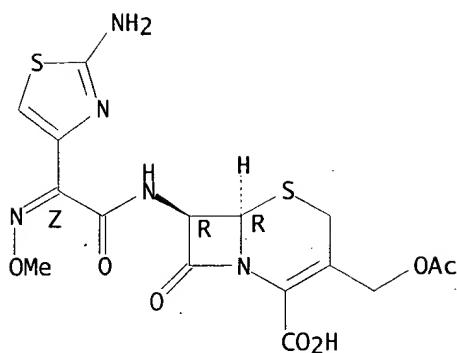
HO<sub>2</sub>C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>11</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>

RN 63527-52-6 HCPLUS

CN 5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 3-[(acetoxy)methyl]-7-[[((2Z)-(2-amino-4-thiazolyl)(methoxyimino)acetyl)amino]-8-oxo-, (6R,7R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



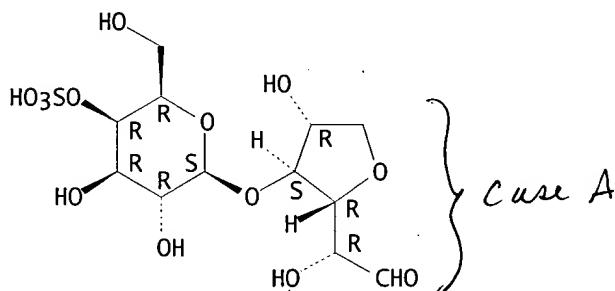
IT 143537-91-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked  
 .beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)

RN 143537-91-1 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactose, 3,6-anhydro-4-O-(4-O-sulfo-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 9000-07-1, Carrageenin

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (.kappa.-; prepn. of sulfated poly- or **oligosaccharide**-linked  
 .beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)

RN 9000-07-1 HCPLUS

CN Carrageenan (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IC ICM A61K031-725

CC 33-4 (Carbohydrates)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 26

ST sulfated **polysaccharide** linked beta lactam prepn  
**antibacterial**; beta lactam linked sulfated **oligosaccharide**  
 prepn **antibacterial**; digestive tract ulcer treatment carrabiose  
 ampicillin

IT Oligosaccharides, preparation

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (fucose-contg., periodate oxidn. products (aldehydes) of fucoidan;

- prep. of sulfated poly- or **olig** saccharide-linked  
.beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)
- IT **Antibacterial** agents  
Antiulcer agents  
*Helicobacter pylori*  
(prep. of sulfated poly- or **oligosaccharide**-linked  
.beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)
- IT **Oligosaccharides**, preparation  
**Polysaccharides**, preparation  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prep. of sulfated poly- or **oligosaccharide**-linked  
.beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)
- IT Lactams  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(.beta.-; prep. of sulfated poly- or **oligosaccharide**-linked  
.beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)
- IT **9072-19-9P**, Fucoidan  
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(isolation from Cladosiphon okamuranus Tokida (Okinawa, Japan); prep.  
of sulfated poly- or **oligosaccharide**-linked .beta.-lactam  
derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against *Helicobacter pylori*)
- IT **69-52-3DP**, Ampicillin sodium salt, reaction products with  
oligofucose and 12-aminolauric acid **69-53-4DP**, Ampicillin,  
reductive alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan  
**693-57-2DP**, 12-Aminolauric acid, reaction products with  
oligofucose and ampicillin **63527-52-6DP**, Cefotaxime, reductive  
alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan  
**263394-03-2P** **263394-05-4P**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prep. of sulfated poly- or **oligosaccharide**-linked  
.beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)
- IT **69-52-3**, Ampicillin sodium salt **69-53-4**, Ampicillin  
**693-57-2**, 12-Aminolauric acid **63527-52-6**, Cefotaxime  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prep. of sulfated poly- or **oligosaccharide**-linked  
.beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)
- IT **143537-91-1P**  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prep. of sulfated poly- or **oligosaccharide**-linked  
.beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against  
*Helicobacter pylori*)
- IT **9000-07-1**, Carrageenin  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(.kappa.-; prep. of sulfated poly- or **oligosaccharide**-linked  
.beta.-lactam derivs. as **antibacterial** agents against

MAIER 09/806,650

*Helicobacter pylori)*  
REFERENCE COUNT: 22

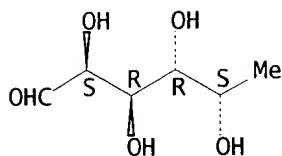
THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L9 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:142387 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:209922  
 TITLE: Preparation of oligofucose derivatives or  
 oligorhamnose derivatives, and their use as antiulcer  
 agents and inhibitors of Helicobacter pylori  
 INVENTOR(S): Nagaoka, Masato; Shibata, Hideyuki  
 ; Kimura, Itsuko; Hashimoto, Shusuke  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yakult Honsha Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11060590	A2	19990302	JP 1997-240298	19970822
CA 2301893	AA	19990304	CA 1998-2301893	19980821
WO 9910360	A1	19990304	WO 1998-JP3703	19980821
			W: AU, CA, CN, KR, US	
			RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE	
AU 9887482	A1	19990316	AU 1998-87482	19980821
AU 728628	B2	20010111		
EP 1020474	A1	20000719	EP 1998-938923	19980821
			R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI	
US 6518249	B1	20030211	US 2000-485978	20000218
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-240298	A 19970822
			WO 1998-JP3703	W 19980821
AB	YOCH(CH <sub>2</sub> NHR) <sub>2</sub> [Y = (partially sulfated) oligofucose or oligorhamnose residue with d.p. 2-20; R = Ph, higher alkylphenyl, higher alkyl, (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>n</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> ; n = 1-10; X = higher alkanoyl, (un)substituted alkylamino] are prepd. by oxidative decompn. of reducing terminal of oligofucose or oligorhamnose, condensation of the resulting aldehydes with amines, and redn. of the obtained Schiff bases. Oligofucose was treated with NaIO <sub>4</sub> , dodecylaniline, and borane-dimethylamine complex to give dodecylaniline-modified oligofucose, which inhibited growth of H. pylori and its adhesion to Leb-type sugar chain.			
IT	2438-80-4DP, Fucose, amine-modified 37271-08-2DP, Rhamnan, acid hydrolysis, redn., periodate oxidn., and reaction products with amines			
	RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)			
	(prepn. of amine-modified oligosaccharides as antiulcer agents)			
RN	2438-80-4 HCAPLUS			
CN	L-Galactose, 6-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)			

Absolute stereochemistry.



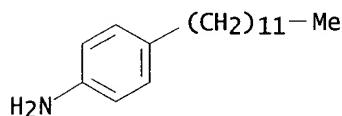
RN 37271-08-2 HCPLUS  
 CN .alpha.-L-Mannan, 6-deoxy (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 104-42-7D, 4-Dodecylaniline, reaction product with modified oligofucose 124-22-1D, Laurylamine, reaction product with modified oligofucose 33228-45-4D, 4-Hexylaniline, reaction product with modified oligofucose  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)

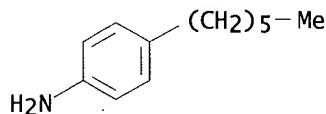
RN 104-42-7 HCPLUS  
 CN Benzenamine, 4-dodecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 124-22-1 HCPLUS  
 CN 1-Dodecanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

H2N-(CH2)11-Me

RN 33228-45-4 HCPLUS  
 CN Benzenamine, 4-hexyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 9072-19-9P, Fucoidan 37271-08-2DP, Rhamnan, hydrogen sulfate deriv.  
 RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)  
 RN 9072-19-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Fucoidan (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
 RN 37271-08-2 HCPLUS

CN .alpha.-L-Mannan, 6-deoxy (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 62-53-3, Aniline, reactions 104-42-7, 4-Dodecylaniline

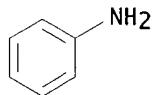
124-22-1, Laurylamine 33228-45-4, 4-Hexylaniline

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)

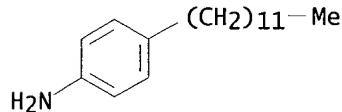
RN 62-53-3 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 104-42-7 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4-dodecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



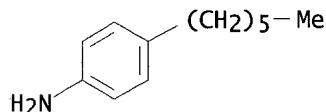
RN 124-22-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Dodecanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{(CH}_2\text{)}_{11}\text{-Me}$ 

RN 33228-45-4 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4-hexyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 2438-80-4P, Fucose 37271-08-2P, Rhamnan

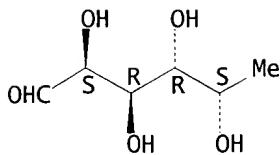
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)

RN 2438-80-4 HCPLUS

CN L-Galactose, 6-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 37271-08-2 HCPLUS  
 CN .alpha.-L-Mannan, 6-deoxy (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

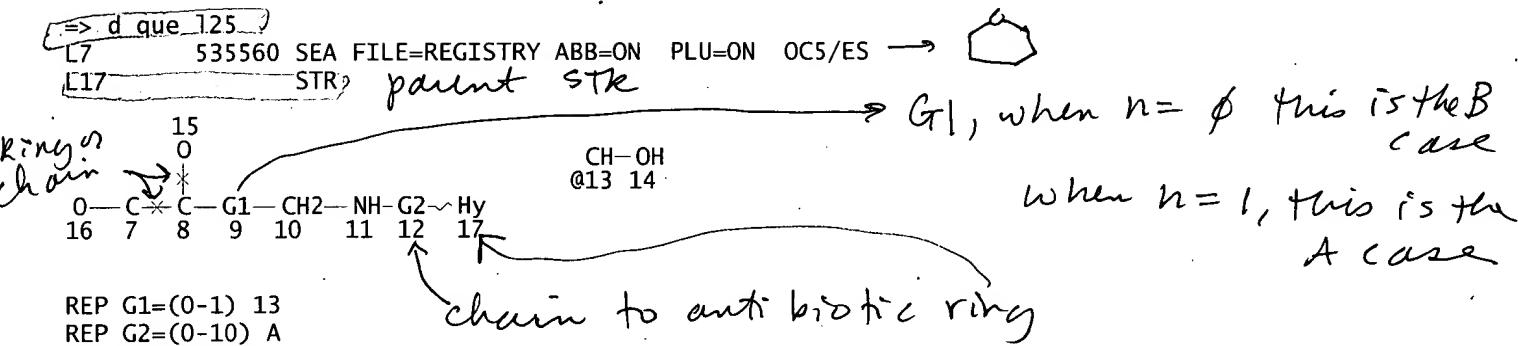
\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

- IC ICM C07H015-04  
 ICS A61K031-70; A61K031-725; C08B037-00  
 CC 33-4 (Carbohydrates)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1  
 ST amine modified oligofucose oligorhamnose prepn antiulcer; oligofucose oligorhamnose prepn antiulcer **antibacterial** Helicobacter  
 IT **Antibacterial** agents  
     (against Helicobacter pylori; prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)  
 IT **Oligosaccharides**, preparation  
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
     (fucose or rhamnose-contg., redn., periodate oxidn., and reaction products with amines; prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)  
 IT **Helicobacter pylori**  
     (inhibitors; prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)  
 IT **Antiulcer agents**  
     (prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)  
 IT 2438-80-4DP, Fucose, amine-modified 37271-08-2DP,  
     Rhamnan, acid hydrolysis, redn., periodate oxidn., and reaction products with amines  
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
     (prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)  
 IT 104-42-7D, 4-Dodecylaniline, reaction product with modified oligofucose 124-22-1D, Laurylamine, reaction product with modified oligofucose 33228-45-4D, 4-Hexylaniline, reaction product with modified oligofucose  
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
     (prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)  
 IT 9072-19-9P, Fucoidan 37271-08-2DP, Rhamnan, hydrogen sulfate deriv.  
     RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
     (prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer agents)

- IT 62-53-3, Aniline, reactions 104-42-7, 4-Dodecylaniline  
124-22-1, Laurylamine 33228-45-4, 4-Hexylaniline  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer  
agents)
- IT 2438-80-4P, Fucose 37271-08-2P, Rhamnan  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
(Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. of amine-modified **oligosaccharides** as antiulcer  
agents)

STR Search I - sulfated cpds

MAIER 09/806,650



REP G1=(0-1) 13  
 REP G2=(0-10) A

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 8

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

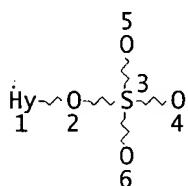
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 11

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L19 456 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L7 SSS FUL L17 456 cpds

L22 STR subset search - looking for cpds from parent set w/  8503



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 5

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 6

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

GGCAT IS MCY SAT AT 1

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

ECOUNT IS E5 C E1 O AT 1

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 6

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L24 13 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L19 SSS FUL L22, 13 cpds

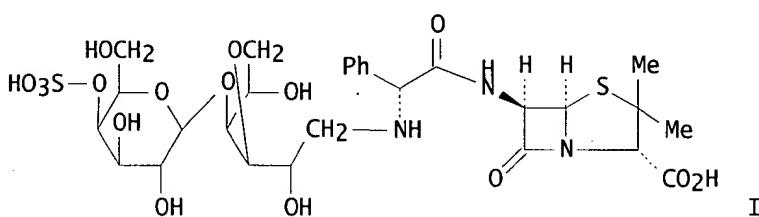
L25 4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24, 4 citations

\* only the 1st cite has to do w/ antibiotics (it's applicant),

=> d\_ibib\_abs hitstr ind 1-4 125

L25 ANSWER 1 OF 4 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:240962 HCPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:265440  
TITLE: Preparation of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivatives as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori  
INVENTOR(S): Shibata, Hideyuki; Nagaoka, Masato; Takagi, Itsuko; Hashimoto, Shusuke  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kabushiki Kaisha Yakult Honsha, Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000020009	A1	20000413	WO 1999-JP5448	19991004
W: AU, CA, CN, JP, KR, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,				
PT, SE				
CA 2346132	AA	20000413	CA 1999-2346132	19991004
AU 9960019	A1	20000426	AU 1999-60019	19991004
EP 1120100	A1	20010801	EP 1999-970024	19991004
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				
IE, FI				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-282143	A 19981005
			WO 1999-JP5448	W 19991004
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 132:265440			
GT				



AB Antibacterial agents showing a high affinity for Helicobacter pylori and having a chem. structure, wherein an antibacterial substance is bonded to a sulfated polysaccharide or an oligosaccharide prepd. by partly degrading a sulfated polysaccharide having an antibacterial effect specific to H. pylori, are prepd. Preferable embodiments are those having the following chem. structures: Y-OCH(AH<sub>2</sub>NHR)<sub>n</sub> or Y-BH<sub>2</sub>NHR (wherein Y represents a sulfated polysaccharide or an oligosaccharide prepd. by partly degrading a sulfated polysaccharide; A represents a carbon atom originating in an aldehyde group formed by reducing the terminal reducing sugar of Y and then oxidizing with an oxidizing agent; B represents a carbon atom originating in an aldehyde group of the terminal reducing sugar of Y; R represents an antibacterial substance having a primary amino group or an amino group having been introduced thereinto, or an antibacterial agent

deriv. bonded to the above-described carbon atom A or B via a spacer; and n is 1 or 2). These compds. are useful for the prevention and/or treatment of digestive tract ulcers. Thus, 4'-sulfocarrabiose underwent reductive amination with ampicillin using borane-dimethylamine complex in 1M acetate buffer (pH 4.6) to give carrabiose-ampicillin deriv. (I) which at 1 mg/mL completely inhibited the proliferation of *H. pylori*.

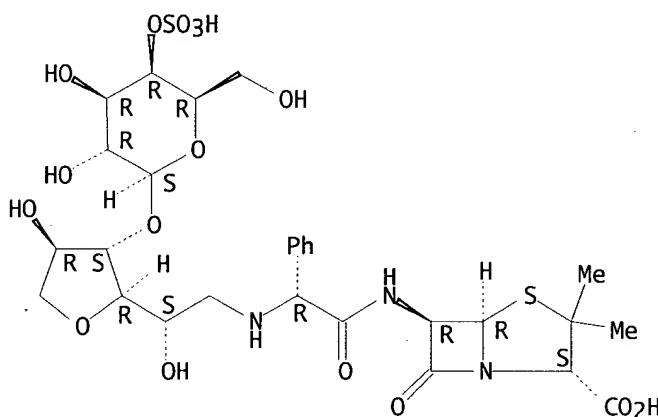
IT 263394-03-2P 263394-05-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam  
derivs. as antibacterial agents against *Helicobacter pylori*)

RN 263394-03-2 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 3,6-anhydro-1-[(1R)-2-[[[2S,5R,6R)-2-carboxy-3,3-dimethyl]-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]hept-6-yl]amino]-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl]amino]-1-deoxy-4-O-(4-O-sulfo-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

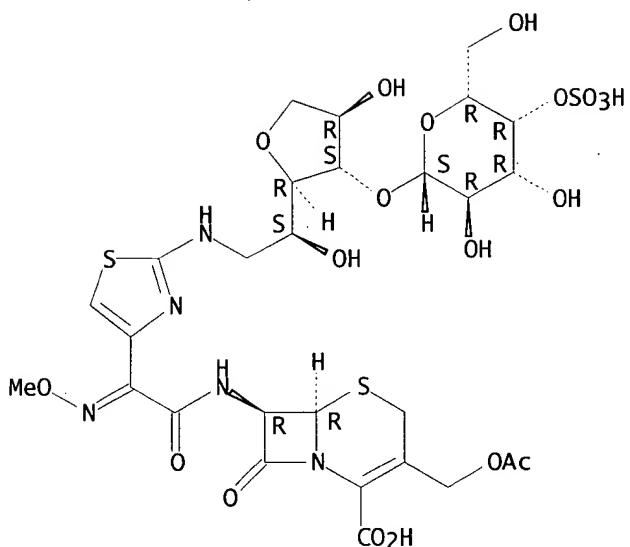


RN 263394-05-4 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1-[[4-[2-[[6R,7R)-3-[(acetyloxy)methyl]-2-carboxy-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-en-7-yl]amino]-1-(methoxyimino)-2-oxoethyl]-2-thiazolyl]amino]-3,6-anhydro-1-deoxy-4-O-(4-O-sulfo-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.



- IC ICM A61K031-725  
 CC 33-4 (Carbohydrates)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 26  
 ST sulfated polysaccharide linked beta lactam prepn antibacterial; beta lactam linked sulfated oligosaccharide prepн antibacterial; digestive tract ulcer treatment carrabiose ampicillin  
 IT Oligosaccharides, preparation  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (fucose-contg., periodate oxidn. products (aldehydes) of fucoidan;  
 prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam  
 derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)  
 IT Antibacterial agents  
 Antiulcer agents  
 Helicobacter pylori  
 (prepн. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam  
 derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)  
 IT Oligosaccharides, preparation  
 Polysaccharides, preparation  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepн. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam  
 derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)  
 IT Lactams  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (.beta.-; prepн. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked  
 .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter  
 pylori)  
 IT 9072-19-9P, Fucoidan  
 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (isolation from Cladosiphon okamurae Tokida (Okinawa, Japan); prepн.  
 of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as

- IT antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)  
 IT 69-52-3DP, Ampicillin sodium salt, reaction products with oligofucose and 12-aminolauric acid 69-53-4DP, Ampicillin, reductive alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan 693-57-2DP, 12-Aminolauric acid, reaction products with oligofucose and ampicillin 63527-52-6DP, Cefotaxime, reductive alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan 263394-03-2P 263394-05-4P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)  
 IT 69-52-3, Ampicillin sodium salt 69-53-4, Ampicillin 693-57-2, 12-Aminolauric acid 63527-52-6, Cefotaxime  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)  
 IT 143537-91-1P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)  
 IT 9000-07-1, Carrageenin  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (.kappa.-; prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L25 ANSWER 2 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:484068 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:298440  
 TITLE: Influence of oligosaccharide presentation on the interactions of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and the selectins. Observations with biotinylated oligosaccharides  
 AUTHOR(S): Leteux, Christine; Stoll, Mark S.; Childs, Robert A.; Chai, Wengang; Feizi, Ten  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Imperial College School of Medicine, The Glycosciences Laboratory, Northwick Park Hospital, Middlesex, HA1 3UJ, UK  
 SOURCE: Journal of Immunological Methods (1999), 227(1-2), 109-119  
 CODEN: JIMMBG; ISSN: 0022-1759  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB This study was aimed at investigating the efficacy of presentation of biotinylated oligosaccharides on streptavidin-coated microwells for interactions with (a) three monoclonal antibodies directed at sialyl-Lewis $\alpha$  (Lea) or sulfo-Lea-related sequences, and (b) the endothelium-leukocyte adhesion mols., the E-, L- and P-selectins which recognize both the sulfo- and sialyl-Lea series. With the antibodies it was obsd. that if the biotinylated oligosaccharide incorporated the entire antigenic determinant, and addnl. saccharide length was not included, the biotinyl tag spacer length was a crit. factor in the strength of the binding signal. If oligosaccharide chain beyond the determinant was included, the biotinyl tag spacer length was less important. The E-selectin binding data with the biotinylated sialyl- and

sulfo-oligosaccharides were in overall accord with previous knowledge. With the L- and P-selectins, however, unexpectedly low binding signals were elicited by biotinyl sulfo-Lea sequences relative to those with the sialyl-analogs. This suppression was more pronounced with the rodent than the human L-selectin. Such differential availabilities of oligosaccharides displayed on streptavidin may relate to biol. situations, such as the differential reactivities of the three selectins with a given oligosaccharide ligand presented on different carrier proteins, or on different O-glycan cores on mucin-type glycoproteins.

IT 247060-88-4

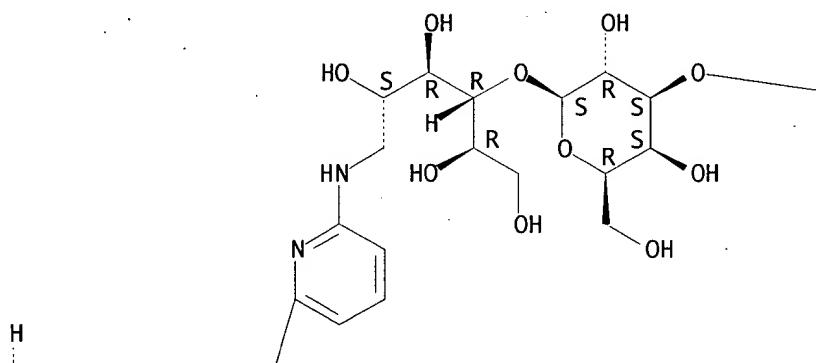
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

RN 247060-88-4 HCPLUS

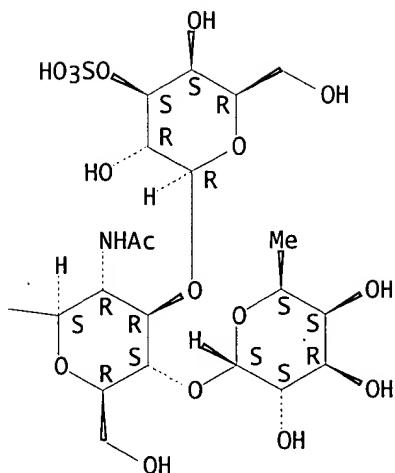
CN D-Glucitol, 0-6-deoxy-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.4)-O-[3-O-sulfo-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.3)]-O-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.3)-O-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.4)-1-deoxy-1-[[6-[[5-[(3aS,4S,6aR)-hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-4-yl]-1-oxopentyl]amino]-2-pyridinyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

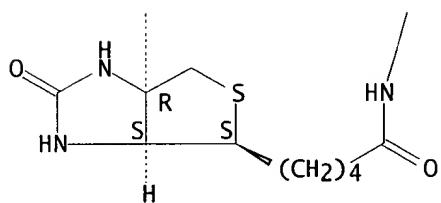
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



CC 15-3 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 6, 13

ST biotinylated oligosaccharide ligand antibody selectin

IT Selectins

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(E-; oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

IT Selectins

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(L-; oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

IT Selectins

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(P-; oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

IT Oligosaccharides, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(biotinylated; oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

IT Selectins

Selectins

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(ligands; oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

## IT Antibodies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (monoclonal; oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

## IT Epitopes

(oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

## IT Ligands

Ligands  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (selectin; oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

## IT 9013-20-1, Streptavidin

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (for capture of biotinylated oligosaccharide ligands in anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

IT 56570-03-7D, Lewis A, oligosaccharides-contg. 71208-06-5D, Lewis X,  
 oligosaccharides-contg. 92448-22-1D, Sialyl Lewis A,  
 oligosaccharides-contg. 98603-84-0D, Sialyl Lewis X,  
 oligosaccharides-contg. 153088-71-2D, oligosaccharides-contg.  
 153153-62-9D, 3' Sulfatyl Lewis x, oligosaccharides-contg. 247060-87-3  
**247060-88-4** 247060-89-5 247060-90-8 247060-91-9  
 247060-92-0 247060-93-1 247060-94-2 247060-95-3 247060-96-4  
 247060-97-5 247060-98-6 247060-99-7 247061-00-3 247061-01-4  
 247061-02-5 247061-03-6 247061-04-7  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

## IT 58-85-5D, Biotin, oligosaccharide conjugates

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (oligosaccharide ligand anal. of binding of carbohydrate sequence-specific antibodies and sol. selectins)

REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L25 ANSWER 3 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:340235 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:5079

TITLE: Preparation of pyridyl-2-amino derivatives of fucoidan for fucoidanase analysis

INVENTOR(S): Sakai, Takeshi; Nakayama, Shinji; Kojima, Kaoru;  
 Nakanishi, Yoshikuni; Kato, Ikunoshin; Igai, Katsuhige

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tosa Kogaku Kenkyusho Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 48 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

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 JP 08073433 A2 19960319 JP 1995-191094 19950703  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: MARPAT 125:5079 JP 1994-179486 19940706

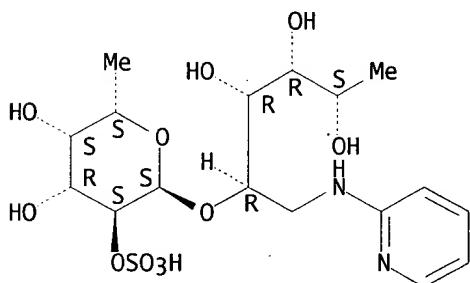
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 125:5079  
 AB Seventeen pyridiyl-2-amino- derivs. of fucoidan mono- and  
 oligo-saccharides are prep'd. and used for analyzing structure and function  
 of fucoidan, substrate specificity, and fucoidanase. Fucoidans have many  
 medical uses, e.g. anticoagulation, antitumor, anti-AIDS virus, etc.  
 IT 175842-03-2P 177343-99-6P 177344-01-3P  
 177344-02-4P 177344-04-6P 177344-06-8P  
 177344-07-9P 177344-08-0P 177344-09-1P  
 177344-10-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prep'n. of pyridiyl-2-amino- derivs. of fucoidan mono- and  
 oligo-saccharides for analyzing structure and function of fucoidan,  
 substrate specificity, and fucoidanase)

RN 175842-03-2 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-5-O-(6-deoxy-2-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

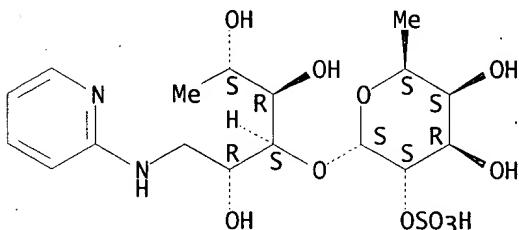
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177343-99-6 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-4-O-(6-deoxy-2-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

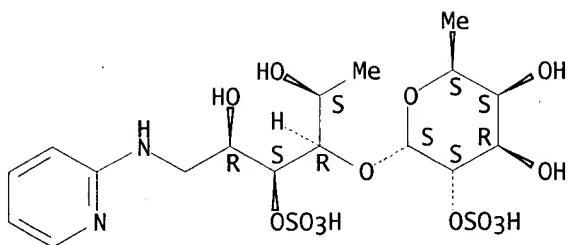
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177344-01-3 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-3-O-(6-deoxy-2-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)-, 4-(hydrogen sulfate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

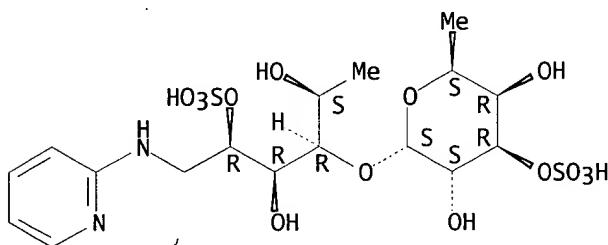
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177344-02-4 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-3-O-(6-deoxy-3-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)-, 5-(hydrogen sulfate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

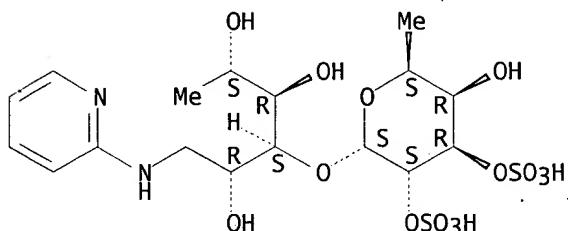
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177344-04-6 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-4-O-(6-deoxy-2,3-di-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

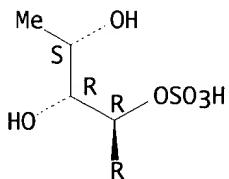
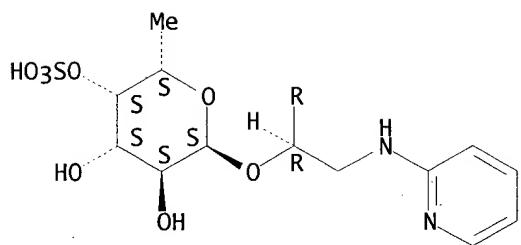
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177344-06-8 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-5-O-(6-deoxy-4-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)-, 4-(hydrogen sulfate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

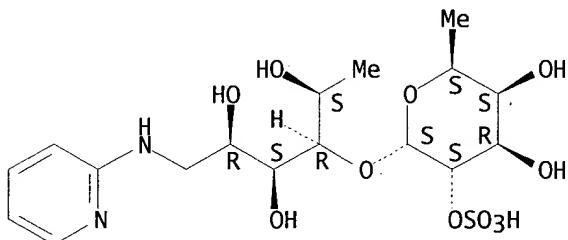
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177344-07-9 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-3-O-(6-deoxy-2-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

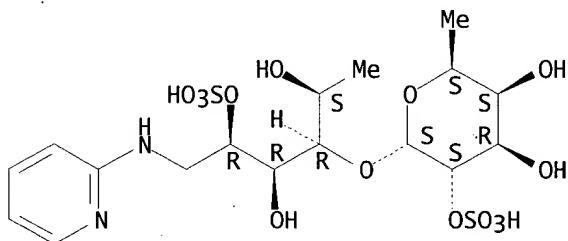
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177344-08-0 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-3-O-(6-deoxy-2-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)-, 5-(hydrogen sulfate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

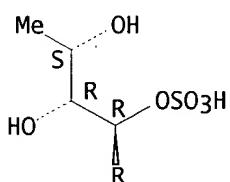
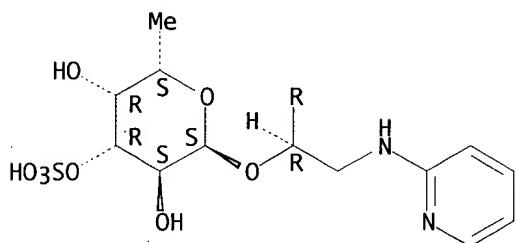
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177344-09-1 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-5-O-(6-deoxy-3-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)-, 4-(hydrogen sulfate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

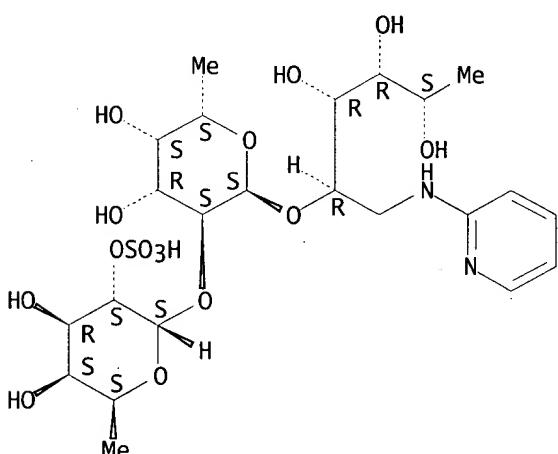
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 177344-10-4 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 0-6-deoxy-2-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.2)-0-6-deoxy-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.5)-1,6-dideoxy-6-(2-pyridylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IC ICM C07D213-74

ICS C07H015-04

CC 9-15 (Biochemical Methods)

Section cross-reference(s): 7

ST fucoidan pyridylamino deriv fucoidanase substrate analysis

IT Molecular structure-biological activity relationship  
(prepns. of pyridyl-2-amino- derivs. of fucoidan mono- and oligo-saccharides for analyzing structure and function of fucoidan, substrate specificity, and fucoidanase)

IT 37288-38-3, Fucoidanase

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)  
(prepns. of pyridyl-2-amino- derivs. of fucoidan mono- and

oligo-saccharides for analyzing structure and function of fucoidan,  
substrate specificity, and fucoidanase)

IT 9072-19-9DP, Fucoidan, 2-aminopyridyl derivs. 175842-02-1P  
 175842-03-2P 177343-96-3P 177343-97-4P 177343-98-5P  
 177343-99-6P 177344-00-2P 177344-01-3P  
 177344-02-4P 177344-03-5P 177344-04-6P 177344-05-7P  
 177344-06-8P 177344-07-9P 177344-08-0P  
 177344-09-1P 177344-10-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of pyridyl-2-amino- derivs. of fucoidan mono- and  
oligo-saccharides for analyzing structure and function of fucoidan,  
substrate specificity, and fucoidanase)

L25 ANSWER 4 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:231651 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:283155

TITLE: Fucose sulfate-releasing enzyme for structural  
analysis of fucoidan and preparation of the enzyme

INVENTOR(S): Sasaki, Takeshi; Sakai, Takeshi; Nakanishi, Yoshikuni;  
Kato, Ikunoshin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tosa Kogaku Kenkyusho Kk, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08000266	A2	19960109	JP 1994-155455	19940615

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1994-155455 19940615

AB An enzyme, which releases L-fucose 2-sulfate from .alpha.-L-fucosyl-2-pyridylamino-L-fucose 2-sulfate and has optimal pH .apprx.3.0, optimal temp. .apprx.45.degree., and mol. wt. .apprx.130,000 (by gel filtration method by using Sephadryl S 200), is prepd. by extn. from Echinoidea, followed by purifn. Digestive tract of Strongylocentrotus nudus and its content were suspended in acetate buffer, centrifuged, the supernatant treated with (NH4)2SO4, and the ppt. was purified to give fucose sulfate-releasing enzyme.

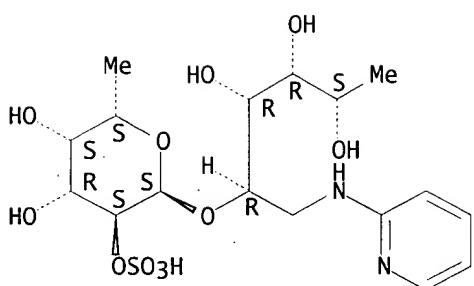
IT 175842-03-2P

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (substrate; purifn. and characterization of fucose sulfate-releasing enzyme from Strongylocentrotus for structural anal. of fucoidan)

RN 175842-03-2 HCAPLUS

CN D-Galactitol, 1,6-dideoxy-5-O-(6-deoxy-2-O-sulfo-.alpha.-L-galactopyranosyl)-6-(2-pyridinylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



- IC ICM C12N009-24  
 CC 7-2 (Enzymes)  
 ST fucose sulfate releasing enzyme Strongylocentrotus; fucoidan structure analysis enzyme Echinoidea  
 IT Enzymes  
   RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation)  
     (fucose sulfate-releasing; purifn. and characterization of fucose sulfate-releasing enzyme from Strongylocentrotus for structural anal. of fucoidan)  
 IT Sea urchin  
   Strongylocentrotus nudus  
     (purifn. and characterization of fucose sulfate-releasing enzyme from Strongylocentrotus for structural anal. of fucoidan)  
 IT 175842-02-1P  
   RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
     (purifn. and characterization of fucose sulfate-releasing enzyme from Strongylocentrotus for structural anal. of fucoidan)  
 IT 9072-19-9, Fucoidan  
   RL: MSC (Miscellaneous); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
     (purifn. and characterization of fucose sulfate-releasing enzyme from Strongylocentrotus for structural anal. of fucoidan)  
 IT 504-29-0, 2-Aminopyridine  
   RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
     (reaction of fucoidan hydrolyzates with aminopyridine in prepn. of substrate for fucose sulfate-releasing enzyme)  
 IT 175842-03-2P  
   RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
     (substrate; purifn. and characterization of fucose sulfate-releasing enzyme from Strongylocentrotus for structural anal. of fucoidan)

# Text Search

MAIER 09/806,650

=> file medline

~~FILE MEDLINE~~ ENTERED AT 14:09:36 ON 28 APR 2003

FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 APR 2003 (20030426/UP). FILE COVERS 1958 TO DATE.

On April 13, 2003, MEDLINE was reloaded. See HELP RLOAD for details.

MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2003 vocabulary. See <http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/changes2003.html> for a description on changes.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

CT = controlled terminology  
NT = narrower term

=> d que 1175

L100 364804 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON ANTIBIOTICS+NT/CT  
L101 262996 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON POLYSACCHARIDES+NT/CT  
L105 4 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON L100 AND L101 AND REDUCTIVE  
AMINAT?  
L106 2 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON L105 AND STAPH?  
~~L1075~~ 1 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON L106 AND PSEUDO? 1 cite

=> file hcplus

~~FILE HCPLUS~~ ENTERED AT 14:09:38 ON 28 APR 2003  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 28 Apr 2003 VOL 138 ISS 18  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 27 Apr 2003 (20030427/ED)

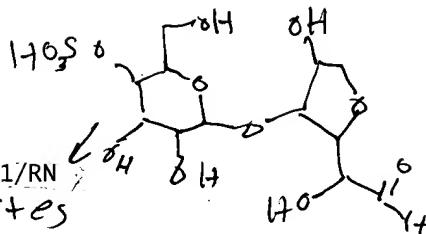
This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

PFT = old, new & used for terms

=> d que 148

OBI = all fields except the abstract

L10 407323 SEA FILE=HCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON POLYSACCHARIDES+PFT,NT/CT  
L11 145637 SEA FILE=HCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON OLIGOSACCHARIDES+PFT,NT/CT  
L23 19421 SEA FILE=HCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON SCHIFF/?OBI  
L34 20297 SEA FILE=HCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L10 OR L11)(L)(?SULFAT?)  
L44 8 SEA FILE=HCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L34 AND L23  
~~L48~~ 2 SEA FILE=HCPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L44 AND C MULTICOMPONENT OR  
POLYANIONIC)/TI 2 cites



=> d que 159

L59 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON 143537-91-1/RN  
2 cites

=> d que 186

L10 407323 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON POLYSACCHARIDES+PFT, NT/CT  
 L11 145637 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON OLIGOSACCHARIDES+PFT, NT/CT  
 L12 43515 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("1,2-BENZISOThIAZOLIN-3-ONE"/  
     CT OR 2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE/CT OR "4-CHLORO-3,5-DIMETHY  
     LPHENOL"/CT OR 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE/CT OR  
     AMOXICILLIN/CT OR BACITRACIN/CT OR "BENZETHONIUM CHLORIDE"/CT  
     OR CEFAZOLIN/CT OR CEFOPERAZONE/CT OR CEPHALOSPORIN/CT OR  
     CHLORHEXIDINE/CT OR "CHLORHEXIDINE ACETATE"/CT OR "CHLORHEXIDIN  
     E GLUCONATE"/CT OR CIPROFLOXACIN/CT OR CLARITHROMYCIN/CT OR  
     "DIDEICYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE"/CT OR ENOXACIN/CT OR  
     ETHAMBUTOL/CT OR FLEROXACIN/CT OR FURAZOLIDONE/CT OR LEVOFLOXAC  
     IN/CT OR LINEZOLID/CT OR LOFLOXACIN/CT OR METHICILLIN/CT OR  
     MONOLAURIN/CT OR "OXOLINIC ACID"/CT OR PEFLOXACIN/CT OR  
     POVIDONE-IODINE/CT OR SPARFLOXACIN/CT OR SULBACTAM/CT OR  
     TICARCILLIN/CT OR TINIDAZOLE/CT OR TRICLOSAN/CT OR TROVAFLOXACI  
     N/CT OR VIDARABINE/CT OR "ZINC PYRITHIONE"/CT OR "ZIRCONIUM  
     PHOSPHATE"/CT)  
 L13 94585 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ANTIBACTERIAL AGENTS+PFT, NT/CT

L14 136141 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON LACTAMS+PFT, NT/CT  
 L15 145901 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ANTIBIOTICS+PFT, NT/CT  
 L37 42446 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON POLYSACCHARIDES/CT  
 L38 25409 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON OLIGOSACCHARIDES/CT  
 L60 4190 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON 9000-07-1/RN ← carageenin ←  
 L61 23 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON 9000-07-1DP/RN ← derivatives of →  
 L69 2144 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L37 OR L38)(L)?SULFAT?  
 L70 2144 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L10 OR L11) AND L69  
 L75 4929 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON REDUCTIV?(5A)AMINAT?  
 L76 454 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L10 OR L11) AND L75  
 L77 16 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L12 OR L13 OR L14 OR L15)  
     AND L76  
 L83 1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L70 AND L77  
 L85 1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L60 OR L61) AND L77  
 L86 1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L85 OR L83 → 1 cite

SC - section codes  
 SX - cross refs

=> d que 196

L10 407323 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON POLYSACCHARIDES+PFT, NT/CT  
 L11 145637 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON OLIGOSACCHARIDES+PFT, NT/CT  
 L34 20297 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L10 OR L11)(L)?SULFAT?  
 L93 434 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L34 AND CONJUGAT?  
 L94 24 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L93 AND (ANTIBIOTIC OR  
     ANTIBACTER? OR LACTAM OR CEPHALO? OR PENICIL?)  
 L95 5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L94 AND 63-6/SC, SX  
 L96 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L95 AND (COMPLEX? OR ORAL)/TI → 2 cites

63-6 - pharmaceuticals

=> d que 199

L10 407323 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON POLYSACCHARIDES+PFT, NT/CT  
 L11 145637 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON OLIGOSACCHARIDES+PFT, NT/CT

L34 20297 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L10 OR L11)(L)(?SULFAT?)  
 L97 789 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L34(L)(LINK? OR JOIN? OR  
 BOND? OR COVALENT?)  
 L98 10 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L97(L)(ANTIBIOTIC OR ANTIBACTERIAL? OR LACTAM OR CEPHALO? OR PENICIL?)  
 L99 1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L98 AND SUTURE(TI) 1 cite

=> d que l171

L10 407323 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON POLYSACCHARIDES+PFT, NT/CT  
 L11 145637 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON OLIGOSACCHARIDES+PFT, NT/CT  
 L12 43515 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("1,2-BENZISOThIAZOLIN-3-ONE"/  
 CT OR 2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE/CT OR "4-CHLORO-3,5-DIMETHYLPHENOL"/CT OR 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE/CT OR  
 AMOXICILLIN/CT OR BACITRACIN/CT OR "BENZETHONIUM CHLORIDE"/CT  
 OR CEFAZOLIN/CT OR CEFOPERAZONE/CT OR CEPHALOSPORIN/CT OR  
 CHLORHEXIDINE/CT OR "CHLORHEXIDINE ACETATE"/CT OR "CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE"/CT OR CIPROFLOXACIN/CT OR CLARITHROMYCIN/CT OR  
 "DIDECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM CHLORIDE"/CT OR ENOXACIN/CT OR  
 ETHAMBUTOL/CT OR FLEROXACIN/CT OR FURAZOLIDONE/CT OR LEVOFLOXACIN/CT OR LINEZOLID/CT OR LOMEFLOXACIN/CT OR METHICILLIN/CT OR  
 MONOLAURIN/CT OR "OXOLINIC ACID"/CT OR PEFOXACIN/CT OR  
 POVIDONE-IODINE/CT OR SPARFLOXACIN/CT OR SULBACTAM/CT OR  
 TICARCILLIN/CT OR TINIDAZOLE/CT OR TRICLOSAN/CT OR TROVAFLOXACIN/CT OR VIDARABINE/CT OR "ZINC PYRITHIONE"/CT OR "ZIRCONIUM PHOSPHATE"/CT)  
 L13 94585 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ANTIBACTERIAL AGENTS+PFT, NT/CT  
 L14 136141 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON LACTAMS+PFT, NT/CT  
 L15 145901 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ANTIBIOTICS+PFT, NT/CT  
 L166 2027 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L10 OR L11) AND (SCHIFF? OR  
 IMINE OR HEMIAMIN? OR REDUCTIVE ALKYL?)  
 L167 342 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L166 AND (LINK? OR JOIN? OR  
 COVALENT? OR BOND? OR CONJUGAT?)  
 L168 119 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L167 AND ?ALDEHYD?  
 L169 14 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L168 AND (L12 OR L13 OR L14  
 OR L15)  
 L171 4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L169 AND (NYSTATIN OR CHITIN  
 OR (POLYENE-OR-ORIGIN)/TI) 4 cites

=> s 148 or 159 or 186 or 196 or 199 or 171

L176 11 L48 OR L59 OR L86 OR L96 OR L99 OR L171 11 cites for HCAPLUS total

=> file wpix

FILE "WPIX" ENTERED AT 14:09:43 ON 28 APR 2003  
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FILE LAST UPDATED: 16 APR 2003 <20030416/UP>  
 MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE: 200325 <200325/DW>  
 DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

Due to data production problems in updates 24 and 25  
 the WPI file had to be reset to update 200323 on April 24  
 and the corrected updates were reloaded.  
 SDIs for update 24 were rerun. The previous SDI run for 24 has  
 been credited.

We also recommend to recreate answer sets dated between April 10 and 24. Charges incurred to accomplish this will be credited of course.

- >>> NEW WEEKLY SDI FREQUENCY AVAILABLE --> see NEWS <<<
- >>> SLART (Simultaneous Left and Right Truncation) is now available in the /ABEX field. An additional search field /BIX is also provided which comprises both /BI and /ABEX <<<
- >>> PATENT IMAGES AVAILABLE FOR PRINT AND DISPLAY <<<
- >>> FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES, SEE [<<<](http://www.derwent.com/dwpi/updates/dwpicov/index.html)
- >>> FOR A COPY OF THE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX STN USER GUIDE, PLEASE VISIT:  
[<<<](http://www.stn-international.de/training_center/patents/stn_guide.pdf)
- >>> FOR INFORMATION ON ALL DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX USER GUIDES, PLEASE VISIT:  
[<<<](http://www.derwent.com/userguides/dwpi_guide.html)

=> d que l122

- L113 32304 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON ?CARRAGEENAN? OR ?FUCOIC? OR ?CARRABAS? OR ?FUCOS? OR ?SACCHARID?
- L119 2097 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L113 AND (ANTIBIOTIC OR ANTIBACTER? OR LACTAM OR CEPHALO? OR PENICIL?)
- L120 641 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L119 AND (LINK? OR JOIN? OR BOND? OR REDUCTION OR SCHIFF)
- L121 28 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L120 AND PYLORI
- L122 1-SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L121 AND ?ALDEHYD? | cite

=> d que l127

- L113 32304 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON ?CARRAGEENAN? OR ?FUCOIC? OR ?CARRABAS? OR ?FUCOS? OR ?SACCHARID?
- L119 2097 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L113 AND (ANTIBIOTIC OR ANTIBACTER? OR LACTAM OR CEPHALO? OR PENICIL?)
- L120 641 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L119 AND (LINK? OR JOIN? OR BOND? OR REDUCTION OR SCHIFF)
- L121 28 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L120 AND PYLORI
- L123 613 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L120 NOT L121
- L124 63 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L123 AND ?ALDEHYD?
- L125 43 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L124 AND (AMINE OR AMINO)
- L127 5 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON (ALKYLATION OR POLYENE OR CATHETERS OR BIOSTATIC)/TI AND L125 | 5 cites

=> s l122 or l127

- L177 6 L122 OR L127 6 cites for WPIX, total
  - => dup rem l175 l176 l177 removing duplicate citations
- FILE "MEDLINE" ENTERED AT 14:10:13 ON 28 APR 2003

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:10:13 ON 28 APR 2003  
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 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L175  
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L176  
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L177

L178 16 DUP REM L175 L176 L177 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED) 16 citations total  
 ANSWER '1' FROM FILE MEDLINE  
 ANSWERS '2-12' FROM FILE HCAPLUS  
 ANSWERS '13-16' FROM FILE WPIX

=> d ibib abs 1

L178 ANSWER 1 OF 16 MEDLINE >

ACCESSION NUMBER: 84161642 MEDLINE  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84161642 PubMed ID: 6546750  
 TITLE: Synthesis of sisamine and of pseudodisaccharide analogues.  
 AUTHOR: Girodeau J M; Pineau R; Masson M; Le Goffic F  
 SOURCE: JOURNAL OF ANTIOTICS, (1984 Feb) 37 (2) 143-9.  
 Journal code: 0151115. ISSN: 0021-8820.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: Japan  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
 ENTRY MONTH: 198405  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900319  
 Last Updated on STN: 19900319  
 Entered Medline: 19840510

AB Lividamine and paromamine were converted into two key intermediate ethylenic aldehydes 10a and 10b. **Reductive amination** of the two aldehydes yielded the protected sisamine 11a and the three analogs 11b, 12a and 12b. These four derivatives were deprotected to yield the four **pseudodisaccharides** 1a, 1b, 2a and 2b which were less active *in vitro* than neamine against *Escherichia coli* ATCC 9637 and *Staphylococcus aureus* 209P.

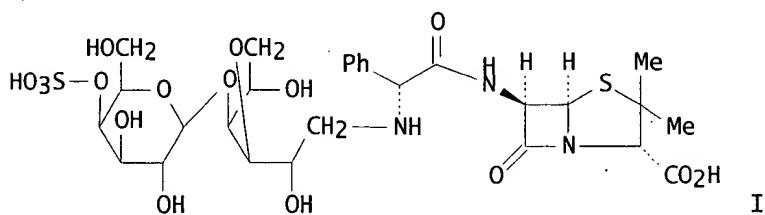
=> d ibib abs hitstr ind 2-12

L178 ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:240962 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:265440  
 TITLE: Preparation of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivatives as antibacterial agents against *Helicobacter pylori*  
 INVENTOR(S): Shibata, Hideyuki; Nagaoka, Masato; Takagi, Itsuko; Hashimoto, Shusuke  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kabushiki Kaisha Yakult Honsha, Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 2000020009 A1 20000413 WO 1999-JP5448 19991004  
 W: AU, CA, CN, JP, KR, US  
 RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,  
 PT, SE  
 CA 2346132 AA 20000413 CA 1999-2346132 19991004  
 AU 9960019 A1 20000426 AU 1999-60019 19991004  
 EP 1120100 A1 20010801 EP 1999-970024 19991004  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, FI  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1998-282143 A 19981005  
 WO 1999-JP5448 W 19991004  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:265440  
 GI



AB Antibacterial agents showing a high affinity for Helicobacter pylori and having a chem. structure, wherein an antibacterial substance is bonded to a sulfated polysaccharide or an oligosaccharide prepd. by partly degrading a sulfated polysaccharide having an antibacterial effect specific to H. pylori, are prepd. Preferable embodiments are those having the following chem. structures: Y-OCH(AH<sub>2</sub>NHR)<sub>n</sub> or Y-BH<sub>2</sub>NHR (wherein Y represents a sulfated polysaccharide or an oligosaccharide prepd. by partly degrading a sulfated polysaccharide; A represents a carbon atom originating in an aldehyde group formed by reducing the terminal reducing sugar of Y and then oxidizing with an oxidizing agent; B represents a carbon atom originating in an aldehyde group of the terminal reducing sugar of Y; R represents an antibacterial substance having a primary amino group or an amino group having been introduced thereinto, or an antibacterial agent deriv. bonded to the above-described carbon atom A or B via a spacer; and n is 1 or 2). These compds. are useful for the prevention and/or treatment of digestive tract ulcers. Thus, 4'-sulfocarrabiose underwent **reductive amination** with ampicillin using borane-dimethylamine complex in 1M acetate buffer (pH 4.6) to give carrabiose-ampicillin deriv. (I) which at 1 mg/mL completely inhibited the proliferation of H. pylori.

IT 9072-19-9P, Fucoidan  
 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (isolation from Cladosiphon okamurae Tokida (Okinawa, Japan); prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked beta-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

RN 9072-19-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Fucoidan (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 69-52-3DP, Ampicillin sodium salt, reaction products with oligofucose and 12-aminolauric acid 69-53-4DP, Ampicillin, reductive alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan

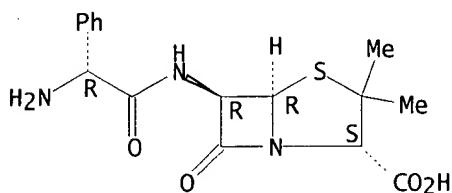
63527-52-6DP, Cefotaxime, reductive alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

RN 69-52-3 HCPLUS

CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[(2R)-aminophenylacetyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-, monosodium salt, (2S,5R,6R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

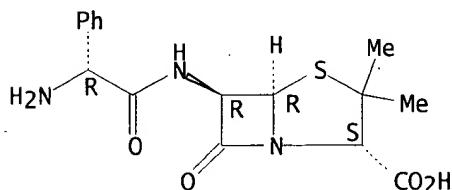


O Na

RN 69-53-4 HCPLUS

CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[(2R)-aminophenylacetyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-, (2S,5R,6R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

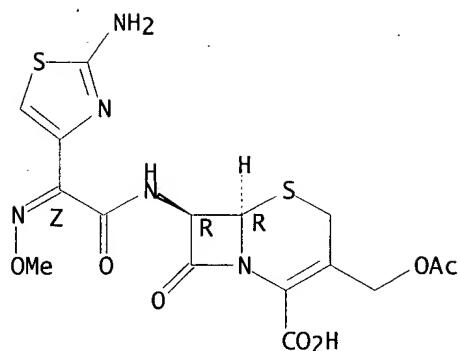


RN 63527-52-6 HCPLUS

CN 5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 3-[(acetyloxy)methyl]-7-[(2Z)-(2-amino-4-thiazolyl)(methoxyimino)acetyl]amino]-8-oxo-, (6R,7R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



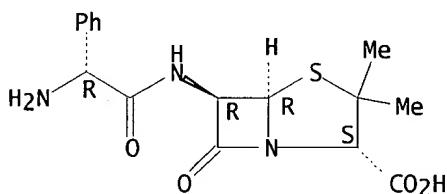
IT 69-52-3, Ampicillin sodium salt 69-53-4, Ampicillin  
63527-52-6, Cefotaxime

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam  
derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

RN 69-52-3 HCPLUS

CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[[(2R)-  
aminophenylacetyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-, monosodium salt, (2S,5R,6R)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

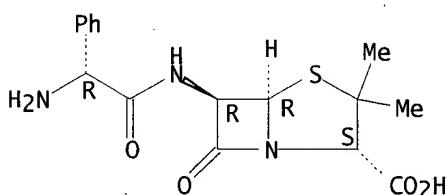


O Na

RN 69-53-4 HCPLUS

CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[[(2R)-  
aminophenylacetyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-, (2S,5R,6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

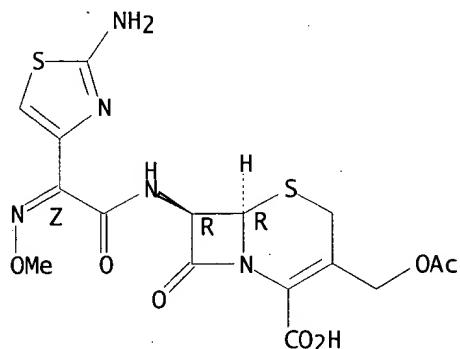


RN 63527-52-6 HCPLUS

CN 5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid,  
3-[(acetoxy)methyl]-7-[[2Z)-(2-amino-4-thiazolyl)(methoxyimino)acetyl]a

mino]-8-oxo-, (6R,7R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.



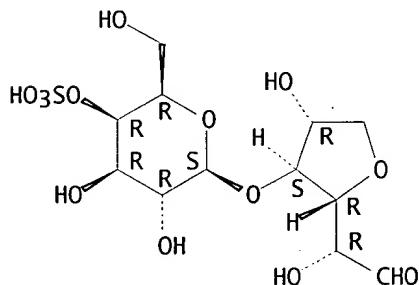
IT 143537-91-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

RN 143537-91-1 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactose, 3,6-anhydro-4-O-(4-O-sulfo-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 9000-07-1, Carrageenin

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (.kappa.-; prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

RN 9000-07-1 HCPLUS

CN Carrageenan (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IC ICM A61K031-725

CC 33-4 (Carbohydrates)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 26

ST sulfated polysaccharide linked beta lactam prepn antibacterial; beta lactam linked sulfated oligosaccharide prepn antibacterial; digestive tract ulcer treatment carrabiose ampicillin

IT Oligosaccharides, preparation

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

## (Reactant or reagent)

(fucose-contg., periodate oxidn. products (aldehydes) of fucoidan; prepn. of **sulfated** poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

## IT Antibacterial agents

- Antiulcer agents

Helicobacter pylori

(prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

## IT Oligosaccharides, preparation

## Polysaccharides, preparation

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of **sulfated** poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

## IT Lactams

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(.beta.-; prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

## IT 9072-19-9P, Fucoidan

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(isolation from Cladosiphon okamurae Tokida (Okinawa, Japan); prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

IT 69-52-3DP, Ampicillin sodium salt, reaction products with oligofucose and 12-aminolauric acid 69-53-4DP, Ampicillin, reductive alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan 693-57-2DP, 12-Aminolauric acid, reaction products with oligofucose and ampicillin 63527-52-6DP, Cefotaxime, reductive alkylation products with periodate oxidn. products of fucoidan 263394-03-2P  
263394-05-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

## IT 69-52-3, Ampicillin sodium salt 69-53-4, Ampicillin

693-57-2, 12-Aminolauric acid 63527-52-6, Cefotaxime

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

## IT 143537-91-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

## IT 9000-07-1, Carrageenin

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(.kappa.-; prepn. of sulfated poly- or oligosaccharide-linked .beta.-lactam derivs. as antibacterial agents against Helicobacter pylori)

REFERENCE COUNT:

22

THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L178 ANSWER 3 OF 16 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS DUPLICATE 2  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:10613 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:69331  
 TITLE: Drug conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran  
 INVENTOR(S): Domb, Abraham J.; Benita, Shimon; Polacheck, Itzhack;  
 Linden, Galina  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yissum Research Developement Company of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Israel  
 SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp., Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 780,677, abandoned.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6011008	A	20000104	US 1998-90587	19980604

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-780677 19970108

AB A method for producing a water-sol. polysaccharide conjugate of an oxidn.-sensitive substance is described. The method comprises the following steps: (a) activating the polysaccharide to a dialdehyde by periodate oxidn.; (b) purifying the dialdehyde from interfering anions and byproducts; and (c) coupling the substance to the purified dialdehyde by Schiff base formation to form the conjugate. Optionally, the conjugate of step (c) is reduced to an amine conjugate by a reducing substance. The product conjugate may then be further purified from various reaction byproducts. The disclosed method results in the substance substantially retaining its biol. activity. Also described are imine and amine polysaccharide conjugates of various drugs and polypeptides. E.g., doxorubicin was conjugated with oxidized dextran and oxidized arabinogalactan.

IT 1404-26-8DP, Polymyxin b, conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (drug conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran)

RN 1404-26-8 HCPLUS  
 CN Polymyxin B (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 9004-54-0DP, Dextran, oxidized, conjugates with drugs, biological studies 9036-66-2DP, Arabinogalactan, oxidized, conjugates with drugs  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (drug conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran)

RN 9004-54-0 HCPLUS  
 CN Dextran (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 9036-66-2 HCPLUS

CN D-Galacto-L-arabinan (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 1400-61-9DP, Nystatin, conjugates with dextran  
 1403-66-3DP, Gentamicin, conjugates with oxidized  
 arabinogalactan  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological  
 study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (drug conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran)

RN 1400-61-9 HCPLUS

CN Nystatin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 1403-66-3 HCPLUS

CN Gentamicin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

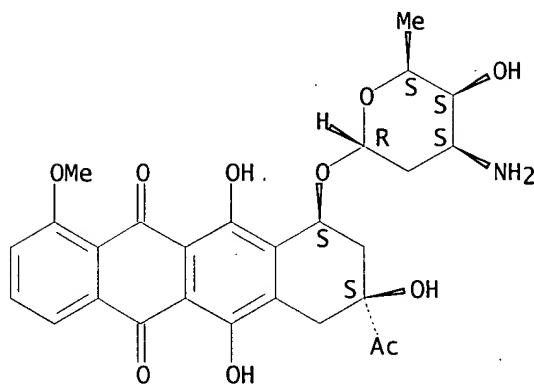
IT 20830-81-3, Daunorubicin

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (drug conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran)

RN 20830-81-3 HCPLUS

CN 5,12-Naphthacenedione, 8-acetyl-10-[(3-amino-2,3,6-trideoxy-.alpha.-L-lyxo-  
 hexopyranosyl)oxy]-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,8,11-trihydroxy-1-methoxy-,  
 (8S,10S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IC ICM A61K037-02

ICS A61K037-36; C07K013-00

NCL 514008000

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 33, 34

ST drug conjugate oxidized dextran arabinogalactan

IT Peptides, biological studies

Polysaccharides, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(conjugates; drug conjugates with oxidized  
 arabinogalactan or dextran)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents

Antimicrobial agents

Antitumor agents

(drug conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran)

IT 50-07-7DP, Mitomycin c, conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan

1404-26-8DP, Polymyxin b, conjugates with oxidized

- arabinogalactan 23214-92-8DP, Doxorubicin, **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran**  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
- (drug **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran**)
- IT 9004-54-0DP, Dextran, oxidized, **conjugates with drugs, biological studies** 9036-66-2DP, Arabinogalactan, oxidized, **conjugates with drugs** 37317-99-0DP, Dextran **dialdehyde, conjugates with drugs**  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
- (drug **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran**)
- IT 56-40-6, Glycine, reactions 33069-62-4, Taxol  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
- (drug **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran**)
- IT 117527-59-0P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
- (drug **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran**)
- IT 50-02-2DP, Dexamethasone, **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan** 89-57-6DP, 5-Aminosalicylic acid, **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan** 1400-61-9DP, Nystatin, **conjugates with dextran** 1403-66-3DP, Gentamicin, **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan** 9004-10-8DP, Insulin, **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan, biological studies** 32986-56-4DP, Tobramycin, **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan** 51110-01-1DP, Somatostatin, **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan** 117527-59-0DP, **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan**  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
- (drug **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran**)
- IT 50-56-6, Oxytocin, biological studies 58-14-0, Pyrimethamine 58-82-2, Bradykinin 59-05-2, Methotrexate 68-35-9, Sulfadiazine 80-08-0, Dapsone 738-70-5, Trimethoprim 2022-85-7, Flucytosine 9007-12-9, Calcitonin 9034-40-6, LHRH 11000-17-2, Vasopressin 20830-81-3, Daunorubicin 24305-27-9, Trf  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
- (drug **conjugates with oxidized arabinogalactan or dextran**)
- REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L178 ANSWER 4 OF 16 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:964223 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:44756  
 TITLE: **Conjugates of polysaccharide polymers of natural origin**  
 INVENTOR(S): Volpato, Ivo; Bizzini, Bernard Emile; Abreu, Roberto Carlos; Lippmann, Marco  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bartholdy-Consultadaria e Servicos Ltd., Port.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002100440	A1	20021219	WO 2002-EP6371	20020611
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IT 2001-MI1238 A 20010612				
AB The present invention relates to the use of fibers of polysaccharide polymers of natural origin, preferably of vegetal origin, such as, for instance, cellulose or cotton, or the use of yarns, non-woven fabrics (or felts), or fabrics obtained from those fibers in order to obtain pharmaceutical, cosmetic or hygienic products, or products to be used in the household or in the food industry. In particular, the polysaccharide polymers according to the invention can be used to obtain plasters, gauzes, sanitary cotton wool, vaginal and surgical tampons, bandages, gloves, stockings, masks, curtains, carpets and the like, or to obtain filters or wrappings for food. For example, procaine hydrochloride was directly <b>conjugated</b> to cotton fibers through Schiff base; 76.3% procaine was released after 18 h by hydrolysis of the <b>conjugates</b> .				
IT 1405-87-4DP, Bacitracin, <b>conjugates</b> with oxidized cotton fibers and polylysine 1405-97-6DP, Gramicidin, <b>conjugates</b> with oxidized cotton fibers and polylysine 9004-61-9DP, Hyaluronic acid, <b>conjugates</b> with cotton fibers 9005-49-6DP, Heparin, <b>conjugates</b> with cotton fibers RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) ( <b>conjugates</b> of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)				
RN 1405-87-4 HCPLUS CN Bacitracin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***				
RN 1405-97-6 HCPLUS CN Gramicidin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***				
RN 9004-61-9 HCPLUS CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***				
RN 9005-49-6 HCPLUS CN Heparin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***				
IC ICM A61K047-48 CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 1, 17, 40, 62				
ST polysaccharide fiber biol active compd <b>conjugate</b>				
IT Immunoglobulins RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)				

- (G, conjugates with cotton fibers; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Cosmetics  
 (antiaging; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Fibers  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (cellulosic; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Wound healing promoters  
 (cicatrizers, conjugates with cotton fibers; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Food packaging materials  
 (conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for food industry)
- IT Anti-inflammatory agents  
 Antibacterial agents  
 Cotton fibers  
 Fungicides  
 Medical goods  
 Nonwoven fabrics  
 Textiles  
 Yarns  
 (conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Schiff bases  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Disinfectants  
 Immunostimulants  
 (conjugates with cotton fibers; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Corticosteroids, biological studies  
 Elastins  
 Fibrinogens  
 Glycoproteins  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (conjugates with cotton fibers; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Fibronectins  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (conjugates with cotton fibers; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Acaricides  
 (cotton fabric-conjugated; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Medical goods  
 (dressings; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)

- IT Food  
 (filters or wrappings; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for food industry)
- IT Medical goods  
 (gauzes; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Medical goods  
 (gloves, antiallergic; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Anesthetics  
 (local, **conjugates** with cotton fibers; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Gloves  
 (medical, antiallergic; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Synthetic polymeric fibers, biological studies  
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);  
 USES (Uses)  
 (polysaccharides; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Medical goods  
 (sanitary napkins; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Amines, biological studies  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (secondary; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Medical goods  
 (tampons; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT Cosmetics  
 (wrinkle-preventing; **conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT 98-59-9, Tosyl chloride 111-30-8, Glutaraldehyde 1892-57-5,  
 EDAC 10387-40-3, Potassium thioacetate  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (**conjugates** of polysaccharides with biol. active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)
- IT 51-05-8DP, Procaine hydrochloride, **conjugates** with oxidized cotton fibers 52-90-4DP, L-Cysteine, **conjugates** with cotton fibers and biol. active compds. 56-87-1DP, L-Lysine, **conjugates** with cotton fibers and biol. active compds. 120-51-4DP, Benzyl benzoate, azo derivs., **conjugates** with cotton fibers and lysine or polylysine 122-11-2DP, Sulfadimethoxine, **conjugates** with cotton fibers and polylysine 123-08-0DP, 4-Hydroxybenzaldehyde, **conjugates** with derivatized cotton fibers 488-69-7DP, FDP, **conjugates** with cotton fibers and lysine or polylysine 547-32-0DP, Sulfadiazine sodium, **conjugates** with oxidized cotton fibers 1071-93-8DP, Adipic acid dihydrazide, reaction products with Factor VIII, **conjugates** with cotton fibers 1405-87-4DP, Bacitracin, **conjugates** with oxidized cotton fibers and polylysine 1405-97-6DP, Gramicidin, **conjugates** with oxidized cotton fibers and polylysine 9001-12-1DP, Collagenase, **conjugates** with cotton fibers 9001-26-7DP, Prothrombin, **conjugates** with cotton fibers and lysine or polylysine 9001-62-1DP, Lipase, **conjugates** with cotton fibers 9004-61-9DP, Hyaluronic acid, **conjugates** with cotton

fibers 9005-49-6DP, Heparin, conjugates with cotton  
 fibers 22204-53-1DP, Naproxen, conjugates with cotton fibers  
 25104-18-1DP, Poly(L-lysine), conjugates with cotton fibers and  
 biol. active compds. 38000-06-5DP, Poly(L-lysine), conjugates  
 with cotton fibers and biol. active compds. 113189-02-9DP, Blood  
 coagulation factor VIII, reaction products with adipic acid dihydrazide,  
 conjugates with cotton fibers and cysteine 478256-48-3DP,  
 conjugates with cysteine and cotton fibers  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological  
 study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(conjugates of polysaccharides with biol. active substances  
 for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)

IT 52-90-4, L-Cysteine, reactions 56-84-8, L-Aspartic acid, reactions  
 56-86-0, L-Glutamic acid, reactions 56-87-1, L-Lysine, reactions  
 302-01-2, Hydrazine, reactions 7783-06-4, Hydrogen sulfide, reactions  
 29768-80-7  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (linker; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol.  
 active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)

IT 17333-88-9P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)  
 (linker; conjugates of polysaccharides with biol.  
 active substances for medicinal, cosmetic and hygienic uses)

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L178 ANSWER 5 OF 16 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:935443 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:58849

TITLE: Compositions and methods to improve the oral  
 absorption of antimicrobial agents

INVENTOR(S): Choi, Seung-Ho; Lee, Jeoung-Soo; Keith, Dennis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cubist Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA; International  
 Health Management Associates, Inc.; University of Utah  
 Research Foundation

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 70 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001097851	A2	20011227	WO 2001-US19625	20010618
WO 2001097851	A3	20020516		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 6248360	B1	20010619	US 2000-598089	20000621
EP 1294361	A2	20030326	EP 2001-944619	20010618
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			

US 2003039956	A1	20030227	US 2001-888114	20010622
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-598089	A 20000621
			US 2001-829405	A 20010409
			US 2001-283976P	P 20010416
			WO 2001-US19625	W 20010618

AB The present invention provides compns. and methods for increasing absorption of **antibacterial** agents, particularly third generation **cephalosporin antibacterial** agents, in oral dosage solid and/or suspension forms. Specifically, the compn. is comprised of a biopolymer that is preferably swellable and/or mucoadhesive, an antimicrobial agent, and a cationic binding agent contained within the biopolymer such that the binding agent is ionically bound or complexed to at least one member selected from the group consisting of the biopolymer and the antimicrobial agent. A soln. of 44.5 mg calcium chloride in 10 mL water and 1.0 g of ceftriaxone in 10 mL water was added gradually to a soln. of 400 mg carrageenan and the dispersion was centrifuged and the supernatant was lyophilized. The resulting compn. comprised carrageenan 27.7, ceftriaxone 1, and calcium chloride 3.1%. Plasma concn. of different antimicrobial-biopolymer complexes after oral administration to rats was measured.

IT 9007-28-7DP, Chondroitin sulfate, conjugates with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)

RN 9007-28-7 HCPLUS

CN Chondroitin, hydrogen sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

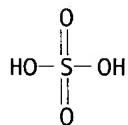
CM 1

CRN 9007-27-6  
 CMF Unspecified  
 CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9  
 CMF H2 O4 S



IC ICM A61K047-00  
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)  
 ST oral absorption antimicrobial biopolymer conjugate pharmaceutical  
 IT Fatty acids, biological studies  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (C12-18; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)  
 IT Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies

- RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (alkylbenzyldimethyl, chlorides, **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Glycosides  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (amino, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Amino acids, biological studies  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (basic, **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Drug delivery systems  
 (capsules; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Polyelectrolytes  
 (cationic, **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Absorption  
 Antimicrobial agents  
 (compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Biopolymers  
 Glycerides, biological studies  
 Lipids, biological studies  
 Monoglycerides  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Cations  
 (**conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers;  
 compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Acrylic polymers, biological studies  
 Clathrates  
 Fatty acids, biological studies  
 Polyoxalkylenes, biological studies  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (**conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent;  
 compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (**conjugates** with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents;  
 compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Glycopeptides  
 Lipopeptides  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

- (conjugates with biopolymers and cationic binding agents; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Polysaccharides, biological studies  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (conjugates, with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Drug delivery systems  
 (liposomes; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Adhesives  
 (muco-; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Drug delivery systems  
 (oral; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Drug delivery systems  
 (tablets; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT Lactams  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (.beta.-, monocyclic, conjugates with biopolymers and cationic binding agents; compns. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)
- IT 56-87-1DP, Lysine, conjugates with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 57-55-6DP, Propylene glycol, conjugates with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 57-92-1DP, Streptomycin, conjugates with biopolymers and cationic binding agents  
 71-00-1DP, Histidine, conjugates with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 74-79-3DP, Arginine, conjugates with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 112-00-5DP, Dodecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride, conjugates with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 112-02-7DP, Cetyl trimethyl ammonium chloride, conjugates with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 123-03-5DP, Cetyl pyridinium chloride, conjugates with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers  
 1119-94-4DP, Dodecyl trimethyl ammonium bromide, conjugates with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 1398-61-4DP, Chitin, conjugates with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent  
 1403-66-3DP, Gentamycin, conjugates with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 1404-26-8DP, Polymyxin B, conjugates with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 1404-90-6DP, Vancomycin, conjugates with biopolymers and cationic binding agents  
 1406-05-9DP, Penicillin, conjugates with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 7429-90-5DP, Aluminum, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents 7439-89-6DP, Iron, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents  
 7439-93-2DP, Lithium, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents 7439-95-4DP, Magnesium, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents 7439-96-5DP, Manganese, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents  
 7440-02-0DP, Nickel, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents 7440-47-3DP, Chromium, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents 7440-48-4DP, Cobalt, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents  
 7440-50-8DP, Copper, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents 7440-66-6DP, Zinc, conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents 7440-70-2DP, Calcium,

**conjugates with biopolymers and antimicrobial agents**  
9000-07-1DP, Carrageenan, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 9002-98-6DP, **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 9004-32-4DP, Carboxymethyl cellulose, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 9005-38-3DP, Sodium alginate, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 9007-28-7DP, Chondroitin sulfate, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 9012-76-4DP, Chitosan, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 9014-63-5DP, Xylan, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 9073-60-3DP, .beta.-Lactamase, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 10043-52-4DP, Calcium chloride, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and biopolymers 11111-12-9DP, Cephalosporin, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 12619-70-4DP, Cyclodextrin, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 24937-47-1DP, Poly L-arginine, **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 25104-18-1DP, Poly L-lysine, **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 25212-18-4DP, Poly L-arginine, **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 25322-68-3DP, Polyethylene glycol, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 25702-75-4DP, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 26023-30-3DP, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)], **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 26100-51-6DP, Polylactic acid, **conjugates** with antimicrobials and cationic binding agent 26787-78-0DP, Amoxicillin, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 26913-06-4DP, Poly[imino(1,2-ethanediyl)], **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 30551-89-4DP, Polyallylamine, **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 32986-56-4DP, Tobramycin, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 37517-28-5DP, Amikacin, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 38000-06-5DP, Poly L-lysine, **conjugates** with antimicrobial agents and biopolymers 51667-26-6DP, Oxazolidinone, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 61477-96-1DP, Piperacillin, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 62893-19-0DP, Cefoperazone, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 63527-52-6DP, Cefotaxime, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 64221-86-9DP, Imipenem, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 65085-01-0DP, Cefmenoxime, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 68401-81-0DP, Ceftizoxime, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 72558-82-8DP, Ceftazidime, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 73384-59-5DP, Ceftriaxone, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 78110-38-0DP, Aztreonam, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 79350-37-1DP, Cefixime, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 80210-62-4DP, Cefpodoxime, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 80370-57-6DP, Ceftiofur, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 83200-96-8DP, Carbapenem, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 84957-29-9DP, Cefpirome, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 87638-04-8DP, Carumonam, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 88040-23-7DP, Cefepime, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 96036-03-2DP, Meropenem, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 103060-53-3DP, Daptomycin, **conjugates** with biopolymers and

cationic binding agents 105239-91-6DP, Cefclidin, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 113359-04-9DP, Cefozopran, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 153773-82-1DP, Mk0826, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 171099-57-3DP, Oritavancin, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 171500-79-1DP, Dalbavancin, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 222400-20-6DP, R 115685, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 228267-11-6DP, J 114870, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents 352305-79-4DP, CP 5068, **conjugates** with biopolymers and cationic binding agents  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(comps. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)

IT 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, biological studies 57-11-4, Stearic acid, biological studies 112-80-1, Oleic acid, biological studies 124-07-2, Caprylic acid, biological studies 334-48-5, Capric acid  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (comps. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)

IT 9000-69-5P, Pectin  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (**conjugates** with antimicrobial and cationic binding agents; comps. and methods to improve oral absorption of antimicrobial agents)

L178 ANSWER 6 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:489214 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:82005

TITLE: Drug delivery system based on **multicomponent** water-soluble polymers exhibiting permeability control

INVENTOR(S): Prokop, Ales

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nanodelivery, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001047501	A1	20010705	WO 2000-US35587	20001229
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EE, EE, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 2002034552	A1	20020321	US 2000-752056	20001229
US 6482439	B2	20021119		
US 2003035838	A1	20030220	US 2002-256508	20020927
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-173503P	P 19991229

US 2000-752056 A3 20001229

AB Microparticles and nanoparticles prepd. from oppositely charged polymers are provided in which a drug is incorporated into the core and is conjugated to one polymer by a Schiff-base crosslink. The particles are suitable for use in injectable formulations in which the rate of release of the drug through the particle shell is slowed as compared to non-crosslinked drugs. Enzymically degradable polymers can be incorporated in otherwise hydrolytically stable particles to provide drug release at particular sites within the body where the enzyme of interest is present. For example, crosslinked protein-loaded nanoparticles were prepd. from (i) a droplet-forming polyanionic soln. composed of high-viscosity sodium alginate, cellulose sulfate, a protein (ovalbumin), and dextran polyaldehyde (PDA), and (ii) a corona-forming polycationic soln. composed of spermine hydrochloride, poly(methylene-co-guanidine) hydrochloride, CaCl<sub>2</sub>, and Pluronic F 68. The Schiff-base product between the anionic groups of ovalbumin and aldehyde group of PDA allowed an adjustment of release via ion exchange as opposed to no release for permanently bound ovalbumin.

IT 1405-41-0, Gentamycin sulfate

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)

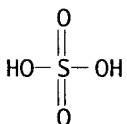
RN 1405-41-0 HCPLUS

CN Gentamicin, sulfate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7664-93-9

CMF H2 04 S



CM 2

CRN 1403-66-3

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IC ICM A61K009-51

ICS A61K009-70; A61K047-48

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 3

ST antigen gene peptide protein permeability polyelectrolyte particle

IT Polymers, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Schiff base-contg.; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)

IT Polyelectrolytes

(anionic; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)

- IT Polyelectrolytes  
(cationic; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Antimicrobial agents  
Crosslinking  
Encapsulation  
Gene therapy  
Particle size  
Permeability  
Plasmid vectors  
(drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Antigens  
DNA  
Gene, animal  
Ovalbumin  
Peptides, biological studies  
Proteins, general, biological studies  
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Polymer degradation  
(enzymic; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Drug delivery systems  
(films; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Drug delivery systems  
(injections; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Drug delivery systems  
(microcapsules; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Drug delivery systems  
(microparticles; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Drug delivery systems  
(nanoparticles; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Polyesters, biological studies  
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(unsatd.; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT Polymers, biological studies  
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(water-sol.; drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT 1405-41-0, Gentamycin sulfate 9056-51-3  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT 9001-63-2, Lysozyme  
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)  
(drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers exhibiting permeability control)
- IT 306-67-2, Spermine hydrochloride 7758-29-4, Pentasodium tripolyphosphate 9004-54-0D, Dextran, polyaldehydes, biological studies 9005-22-5, Sodium cellulose sulfate 9005-38-3, Sodium alginate 11114-20-8,

.kappa.-Carrageenan 24991-23-9 25513-46-6, Polyglutamic acid  
 33069-62-4, Taxol 84563-76-8, Chitosan glutamate 189389-01-3  
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (drug delivery system based on multicomponent water-sol. polymers  
 exhibiting permeability control)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L178 ANSWER 7 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:529503 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:177401

TITLE: **Complexes** of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved pharmacokinetics

INVENTOR(S): Ranney, David F.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Access Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 227 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9619242	A1	19960627	WO 1994-US14776	19941222
W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UZ, VN				
RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2208566	AA	19960627	CA 1994-2208566	19941222
AU 9515537	A1	19960710	AU 1995-15537	19941222
AU 709008	B2	19990819		
EP 794796	A1	19970917	EP 1995-907242	19941222
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 10510831	T2	19981020	JP 1994-519745	19941222

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 1994-US14776 19941222

AB A drug carrier compn. comprising a drug complexed with dermatan sulfate (I), with a sulfur content of up to 9 %, is disclosed. The compns. are administered in a fashion that allows efficient vascular access and induced the following in vivo effects (1) rapid partial or total endothelial envelopment of the drug (diagnostic) carrier; (2) sequestration of the carrier and protection of the entrapped agent or blood vascular clearance at an early time (2 min) when the endothelial pocket which envelopes the carrier still invaginates into the vascular compartment; (3) acceleration of the carrier's transport across and/or through the vascular endothelium or subendothelial structures into the tissue compartment (intestitium); and (4) improvement of the efficiency with which the drug migrates across the endothelium of epi-endothelial or subendothelial barriers, such that a lower total drug dose is required to obtain the desired effect relative to that required for std. agents. Analogous tissue uptake is described for transepithelial migration into the lungs, bladder and bowel. A soln. of 10 mg I/mL was stirred with a soln. of 4 mg doxorubicin (II)/mL and homogenized to obtain I:II complex. The soln. was filtered, followed by addn. of 3 mL of 500 mg/mL saccharose and 1.5 mL of 10 mg/mL PEG, the resulting soln. was then filtered and lyophilized. The MIC50 of the complex against II-resistant human breast carcinoma cell was 0.81-0.89 as compared to 22.28 .mu.M for II alone.

IT 1403-66-3DP, Gentamycin, conjugates with saccharides

**9005-49-6DP**, Heparin, conjugates with  
**antibiotics** **9007-28-7DP**, Chondroitin sulfate,  
 metal ion chelate conjugates **9050-30-0DP**, Heparan  
**sulfate**, metal ion chelate conjugates  
**24967-94-0DP**, Dermatansulfate, metal ion chelate  
**conjugates**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (complexes of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved pharmacokinetics)

RN 1403-66-3 HCPLUS

CN Gentamicin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 9005-49-6 HCPLUS

CN Heparin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 9007-28-7 HCPLUS

CN Chondroitin, hydrogen sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 9007-27-6

CMF Unspecified

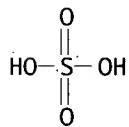
CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9

CMF H2 O4 S



RN 9050-30-0 HCPLUS  
 CN Heparan, sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 70226-44-7

CMF Unspecified

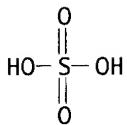
CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9

CMF H2 O4 S



RN 24967-94-0 HCPLUS  
 CN Dermatan, hydrogen sulfate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

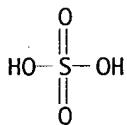
CM 1

CRN 75634-40-1  
 CMF Unspecified  
 CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9  
 CMF H2 O4 S



IT 1403-66-3, Gentamycin  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (complexes of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved  
 pharmacokinetics)  
 RN 1403-66-3 HCPLUS  
 CN Gentamicin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IC ICM A61K047-48  
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 33  
 ST dermatan sulfate drug complex pharmacokinetic; doxorubicin dermatan  
 sulfate drug complex pharmacokinetic  
 IT Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics  
 Peptides, biological studies  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
 study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);  
 BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (complexes of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved  
 pharmacokinetics)  
 IT Neoplasm inhibitors  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
 study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (complexes of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved  
 pharmacokinetics)  
 IT 56-87-1DP, L-Lysine, reaction products with metal ion chelate  
 conjugates 57-22-7DP, Vincristine, conjugates with  
 acidic saccharides 57-22-7DP, Vincristine, reaction products with

glycosaminoglycans 58-82-2DP, Bradykinin, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 59-05-2DP, Methotrexate, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 320-67-2DP, Azacytidine, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 801-52-5DP, Porfiromycin, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 865-21-4DP, Vinblastine, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 1403-66-3DP, Gentamycin, **conjugates**  
 with saccharides 9005-49-6DP, Heparin, **conjugates** with  
 antibiotics 9005-49-6DP, Heparin, metal ion chelate  
**conjugates** 9007-28-7DP, Chondroitin sulfate,  
 metal ion chelate **conjugates** 9050-30-ODP, Heparan  
**sulfate**, metal ion chelate **conjugates** 11056-06-7DP,  
 Bleomycin, reaction products with glycosaminoglycans 13551-87-6DP,  
 Misonidazole, reaction products with glycosaminoglycans 14836-73-8DP,  
**conjugates** with acidic saccharides 15411-54-8DP,  
 Terephthalimidine, reaction products with glycosaminoglycans  
 20074-52-6DP, complex with heparin and triethylenetetraamine, biological  
 studies 20537-88-6DP, Ethiofos, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 20830-81-3DP, Daunorubicin, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 22668-01-5DP, Etanidazole, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 23214-92-8DP, Doxorubicin, **conjugates** with  
 saccharides 24967-94-0DP, **Dermatansulfate**, metal ion  
 chelate **conjugates** 25104-18-1DP, Poly-L-lysine, reaction  
 products with glycosaminoglycans 33069-62-4DP, Taxol, reaction products  
 with glycosaminoglycans 37300-21-3DP, metal ion chelate  
**conjugates** 37517-28-5DP, Amikacin, **conjugates** with  
 saccharides 38000-06-5DP, Poly-L-lysine, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 41575-94-4DP, Carboplatin, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 51264-14-3DP, Amsacrine, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 52128-35-5DP, Trimetrexate, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 56420-45-2DP, Epirubicin, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 58957-92-9DP, Idarubicin, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 62488-57-7DP, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 67247-11-4DP, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 69655-05-6DP, Dideoxyinosine, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 114977-28-5DP, Taxotere, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 123948-87-8DP, Topotecan, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans 180477-09-2DP, reaction products with  
 glycosaminoglycans

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (complexes of dermatan **sulfate** and drugs with improved pharmacokinetics)

- IT 33069-62-4, Taxol 57680-56-5D, **conjugates** with triethylenetetraamine and iron  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (complexes of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved pharmacokinetics)
- IT 56-40-6, Glycine, reactions 56-40-6D, Glycine, **conjugates** with heparin 56-87-1, L-Lysine, reactions 57-22-7, Vincristine 58-82-2, Bradykinin 67-43-6 138-14-7, Deferoxamine mesylate 144-55-8, Sodium hydrogen carbonate, reactions 530-62-1 1309-33-7, Ferric hydroxide 1403-66-3, Gentamycin 1892-57-5 6291-84-5, N-Methyl-1,3-propanediamine 7758-94-3, Ferrous chloride 10138-52-0, Gadolinium chloride 16357-59-8 23214-92-8, Doxorubicin 23911-26-4, Diethylenetriaminepentaacetic dianhydride 25104-18-1, Poly-L-lysine 32986-56-4, Tobramycin 32986-56-4D, Tobramycin, **conjugates** with saccharides 36951-72-1 37517-28-5, Amikacin 38000-06-5,

Poly-L-lysine 38260-01-4 57680-56-5, Sucrose octasulfate 180477-09-2  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (complexes of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved pharmacokinetics)

IT 67-43-6DP, DTPA, gadolinium and polylysine complexes 70-51-9P,  
 Deferoxamine 112-24-3DP, Triethylenetetramine, complex with iron III  
 6291-84-5DP, conjugates with DTPA 7440-54-2DP, Gadolinium,  
 complexes with DTPA and polylysine 180628-47-1P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (complexes of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved pharmacokinetics)

IT 22541-19-1DP, Gadolinium 3+, complexes with acidic saccharides, biological studies  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);  
 BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent);  
 USES (Uses)  
 (complexes of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved pharmacokinetics)

IT 14836-73-8P 71794-64-4DP, complex with heparin  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (complexes of dermatan sulfate and drugs with improved pharmacokinetics)

L178 ANSWER 8 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:391632 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:58986  
 TITLE: Preparation of water-soluble polyene antibiotic-polysaccharide conjugates as antifungals.  
 INVENTOR(S): Linden, Galina; Domb, Abraham J.; Polacheck, Itzhack; Benita, Shimon  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Helfgott and Karas, P. C., USA; Yissum Research Development Company of the Hebrew University  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9605212	A1	19960222	WO 1995-US10522	19950816
W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT				
RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 5567685	A	19961022	US 1994-291292	19940816
IL 114796	A1	20000217	IL 1995-114796	19950801
AU 9533673	A1	19960307	AU 1995-33673	19950816
EP 776329	A1	19970604	EP 1995-930205	19950816
EP 776329	B1	20030102		
R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
JP 10504347	T2	19980428	JP 1995-507622	19950816
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1994-291292 A	19940816
			WO 1995-US10522 W	19950816

- AB A substantially stable H<sub>2</sub>O-sol. conjugate of a polysaccharide and an unoxidized, biol. active polyene antibiotic, conjugated to the polysaccharide by an imine or amine bond, is claimed. Thus, dextran-40 was oxidized with KIO<sub>4</sub> in H<sub>2</sub>O for 2 h to give dialdehyde dextran (DAD), which was purified on Dowex-1. The DAD soln. was stirred with nystatin in borate buffer at pH 8.9 for 16 h to give the H<sub>2</sub>O-sol. (100 mg/mL) imine conjugate in .gtoreq.95% yield. The conjugate had >2 times the activity of nystatin itself against various fungi.
- IT 1400-61-9DP, Nystatin, conjugates with polysaccharides 9004-54-0DP, Dextran, conjugates with antibiotics 9036-66-2DP, Arabinogalactan, conjugates with nystatin and amphotericin B  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of water-sol. polyene antibiotic-polysaccharide conjugates)
- RN 1400-61-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Nystatin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
 RN 9004-54-0 HCPLUS  
 CN Dextran (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
 RN 9036-66-2 HCPLUS  
 CN D-Galacto-L-arabinan (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
 IC ICM C07H017-08  
 ICS C08B037-00; C08B037-02; A61K031-70; A61K031-715; A61K039-395;  
 A61K039-44  
 CC 33-7 (Carbohydrates)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1  
 ST nystatin polysaccharide conjugate prepn antifungal;  
 polyene antibiotic polysaccharide conjugate prepn antifungal  
 IT Fungicides and Fungistats  
 (nystatin and amphotericin B conjugates; prepn. of  
 water-sol. polyene antibiotic-polysaccharide conjugates)  
 IT Antibiotics  
 (polyene; prepn. of water-sol. polyene antibiotic-polysaccharide conjugates)  
 IT Polysaccharides, preparation  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of water-sol. polyene antibiotic-polysaccharide conjugates)  
 IT 1397-89-3DP, Amphotericin B, conjugates with polysaccharides  
 1400-61-9DP, Nystatin, conjugates with polysaccharides 9004-54-0DP, Dextran, conjugates with antibiotics 9036-66-2DP, Arabinogalactan, conjugates with nystatin and amphotericin B 37317-99-0DP, Dextran dialdehyde, conjugate with nystatin  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of water-sol. polyene antibiotic-polysaccharide conjugates)

L178 ANSWER 9 OF 16 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:246191 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:306647  
 TITLE: **Nystatin-dextran conjugates:**  
           synthesis and characterization  
 AUTHOR(S): Domb, Abraham J.; Linden, Galina; Polacheck, Itzhack;  
           Benita, Simon  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Hebrew University  
                   Jerusalem, Jerusalem, 91220, Israel  
 SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry  
           (1996), 34(7), 1229-36  
 CODEN: JPACCEC; ISSN: 0887-624X  
 PUBLISHER: Wiley  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The coupling of **nystatin** (Nys), a water-insol. antifungal agent, to dextran via an **imine** or amine **bond** was systematically investigated. Dextran was first oxidized to **dialdehyde** dextran using potassium periodate, purified from the oxidizing agent, and reacted with Nys to form the **Schiff base**. The **Schiff base** was reduced to the amine using borohydride. All reactions took place in water. The purifn. of the oxidized dextran from the oxidizing agent was essential to prevent oxidative degrdn. of Nys at the coupling step. The effects on the coupling yield of the following factors: dextran mol. wt., degree of oxidn. (**aldehyde** content), Nys to dextran ratio, temp., and reaction pH were studied. A 95% coupling yield was obtained at the optimized coupling conditions: pH 8.9 .+- . 0.1, 50% degree of oxidn., and initial ratio of Nys to **dialdehyde** dextran 1:2.5. In all expts., dextran was decreased in mol. wt. during the oxidn. step. Both **imine** and amine forms of Nys-dextran **conjugates** were sol. in water and exhibited improved stability in aq. solns. as compared to the unbound drug. The **conjugates** showed comparable min. inhibitory concn. (MIC) values against *Candida albicans* and *Cryptococcus neoformans*. The **conjugates** were about 25 times less toxic than free Nys after a single injection in mice.

IT 1400-61-9DP, **Nystatin, conjugates** with dextran  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
       (prepn. and fungicidal activity of **nystatin-dextran conjugate**)

RN 1400-61-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Nystatin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 1400-61-9, **Nystatin 9004-54-0**, Dextran,  
 reactions  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
       (prepn. and fungicidal activity of **nystatin-dextran conjugate**)

RN 1400-61-9 HCPLUS  
 CN Nystatin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 9004-54-0 HCPLUS  
 CN Dextran (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CC 1-5 (Pharmacology)

- ST Section cross-reference(s): 33, 34
- IT **nystatin dextran conjugate** prep fungicide  
Fungicides and Fungistats  
(prepn. and fungicidal activity of **nystatin-dextran conjugate**)
- IT **1400-61-9DP, Nystatin, conjugates with dextran**  
37317-99-ODP, Dextran dialdehyde, conjugates with  
**nystatin**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and fungicidal activity of **nystatin-dextran conjugate**)
- IT **1400-61-9, Nystatin 9004-54-0, Dextran,**  
reactions  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and fungicidal activity of **nystatin-dextran conjugate**)

L178 ANSWER 10 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:69602 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:69602  
 TITLE: Preparation and use of polyanionic polymer-based conjugates targeted to vascular endothelial cells  
 INVENTOR(S): Thorpe, Philip E.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of Texas System, USA; Imperial Cancer Research Technology  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 117 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9318793	A1	19930930	WO 1993-US2619	19930322
W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, KP, KR, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, PT, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR				
US 5474765	A	19951212	US 1992-856018	19920323
AU 9338166	A1	19931021	AU 1993-38166	19930322
EP 632728	A1	19950111	EP 1993-907633	19930322
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT				
US 5762918	A	19980609	US 1994-307745	19941205
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-856018	19920323
			WO 1993-US2619	19930322

AB An anionic polymer (e.g. a heparin deriv.) is linked to an active agent (esp. a steroid), preferably by a selectively hydrolyzable bond, for delivery of the active agent to vascular endothelial cells. The conjugates are useful as angiogenesis inhibitors for treatment of e.g. cancer, arthritis, and diabetic blindness. Thus, heparin was condensed with adipic dihydrazide and then with cortisol; the cortisol:heparin mol ratio in the product was 8-9. This conjugate was markedly acid labile, suppressed DNA synthesis and cell migration in human umbilical vein endothelial cells, retarded or abolished the vascularization of sponges *in vivo*, and retarded lung tumor growth in mice by 65%. No adverse effects of the conjugate were detected, and equiv. treatments with a mixt. of

heparin and cortisol were significantly less effective in all cases.

IT 1398-61-4D, Chitin, **sulfated**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 9005-32-7D, Alginic acid, **sulfated**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 9007-28-7D, Chondroitin **sulfate**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 9012-76-4D, Chitosan, **sulfated**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 9050-30-0D, Heparan **sulfate**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 9056-36-4D, Keratan **sulfate**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 24967-94-0D, Dermatan **sulfate**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
 (for targeting to vascular endothelium)

RN 1398-61-4 HCPLUS  
 CN Chitin (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 9005-32-7 HCPLUS  
 CN Alginic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 9007-28-7 HCPLUS  
 CN Chondroitin, hydrogen sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

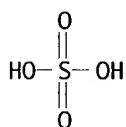
CM 1

CRN 9007-27-6  
 CMF Unspecified  
 CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9  
 CMF H2 O4 S



RN 9012-76-4 HCPLUS  
 CN Chitosan (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 9050-30-0 HCPLUS  
 CN Heparan, sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

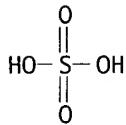
CM 1

CRN 70226-44-7  
 CMF Unspecified  
 CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9  
 CMF H2 O4 S



RN 9056-36-4 HCPLUS  
 CN Keratosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 24967-94-0 HCPLUS  
 CN Dermatan, hydrogen sulfate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

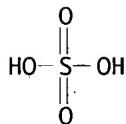
CM 1

CRN 75634-40-1  
 CMF Unspecified  
 CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9  
 CMF H2 O4 S



IC ICM A61K047-48  
 CC 1-8 (Pharmacology)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 33  
 ST anionic polymer targeting vascular endothelium; heparin cortisol conjugate  
 vascular endothelium; steroid heparin conjugate vascular endothelium  
 IT Ricins  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (A chains of, conjugates with anionic polymers, for targeting to  
 vascular endothelium)  
 IT Amino group  
 Disulfide group  
 Amides, biological studies  
 Esters, biological studies  
 Glycosides  
 Peptides, biological studies  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
 (anionic polymer conjugation to pharmaceutical through, for targeting  
 to vascular endothelium)  
 IT Neoplasm inhibitors  
 (anionic polymer-angiogenesis inhibitor conjugates)

- IT Deoxyribonucleic acid formation  
(by blood vessel endothelium cells, modulation of, with anionic polymer-pharmaceutical conjugate)
- IT Alkylating agents, biological  
Antibiotics  
Pharmaceuticals  
Natural products  
Nitrogen mustards  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(conjugates with anionic polymers, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Blood vessel  
(formation of, steroid inhibitors of, conjugates with anionic polymers, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Adrenal cortex  
(function of, suppressants for, conjugates with anionic polymers, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Cell proliferation  
(in blood vessel endothelium, modulation of, with anionic polymer-pharmaceutical conjugate)
- IT Wound healing  
(inhibitors, cortisol-heparin conjugates)
- IT Hydrazides  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(of anionic polymers, conjugates with pharmaceuticals, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Schiff bases  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(of hydrazine and hydrazides of anionic polymers with pharmaceuticals, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Sulfonic acids, compounds  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(alkane, conjugates with anionic polymers, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Polyelectrolytes  
(anionic, conjugates with pharmaceuticals, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Nutrients  
(anti-, conjugates with anionic polymers, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Alkaloids, compounds  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(conjugates, vinca, with anionic polymers, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Enzymes  
Steroids, compounds  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(conjugates, with anionic polymers, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Blood vessel  
(endothelium, pharmaceutical targeting to cells of, by conjugation with anionic polymer)
- IT Functional groups  
(hydrazino, anionic polymer conjugation to pharmaceutical through, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms  
(parenterals, anionic polymer conjugates, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Sulfonic acids, polymers  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

- (polymers, conjugates with pharmaceuticals, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Functional groups  
 (trisulfide, anionic polymer conjugation to pharmaceutical through, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT Interferons  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
 (.alpha., conjugates with anionic polymers, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT 6318-55-4, cis-Aconitic anhydride  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (amidation of, with carminomycin and daunomycin)
- IT 7664-38-2D, Phosphoric acid, diesters 99933-15-0  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
 (anionic polymer conjugation to pharmaceutical through, for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT 302-01-2D, Hydrazine, condensation products with anionic polymers  
 1071-93-8D, condensation products with anionic polymers 4146-43-4D,  
 Succinic dihydrazide, condensation products with anionic polymers  
 7803-57-8D, Hydrazine hydrate, condensation products with anionic polymers  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (conjugation of, with pharmaceuticals for targeting to vascular endothelium)
- IT 50-02-2D, Dexamethasone, conjugates with anionic polymers 50-07-7D,  
 Mitomycin C, conjugates with anionic polymers 50-18-0D,  
 Cyclophosphamide, conjugates with anionic polymers 50-22-6D,  
 Corticosterone, conjugates with anionic polymers 50-23-7D, Cortisol,  
 conjugates with anionic polymers 50-24-8D, Prednisolone, conjugates with anionic polymers 50-44-2D, 6-Mercaptopurine, conjugates with anionic polymers 50-76-0D, Dactinomycin, conjugates with anionic polymers 50-91-9D, Flouxuridine, conjugates with anionic polymers 51-21-8D,  
 Fluorouracil, conjugates with anionic polymers 51-75-2D,  
 Mechlorethamine, conjugates with anionic polymers 52-24-4D, Thiotapec,  
 conjugates with anionic polymers 53-02-1D, Tetrahydrocortisol,  
 conjugates with anionic polymers 53-03-2D, Prednisone, conjugates with anionic polymers 53-05-4D, Tetrahydrocortisone, conjugates with anionic polymers 53-06-5D, Cortisone, conjugates with anionic polymers 53-16-7D, Estrone, conjugates with heparin 53-19-0D, Mitotane,  
 conjugates with anionic polymers 53-33-8D, Paramethasone, conjugates with anionic polymers 54-62-6D, Aminopterin, conjugates with heparin 55-98-1D, Busulfan, conjugates with anionic polymers 57-13-6D, Urea,  
 derivs., conjugates with anionic polymers 57-22-7D, Vincristine,  
 conjugates with anionic polymers 57-83-0D, Progesterone, conjugates with heparin 58-22-0D, Testosterone, conjugates with heparin 58-61-7D,  
 Adenosine, conjugates with anionic polymers 58-63-9D, Inosine,  
 conjugates with anionic polymers 58-85-5D, Biotin, conjugates with anionic polymers 59-05-2D, Methotrexate, conjugates with anionic polymers 59-30-3D, Folic acid, analogs, conjugates with anionic polymers 64-85-7D, Deoxycorticosterone, conjugates with anionic polymers 67-73-2D, conjugates with anionic polymers 68-42-8D,  
 Tetrahydrocorticosterone, conjugates with anionic polymers 68-94-0D,  
 Hypoxanthine, conjugates with anionic polymers 68-96-2D,  
 17.alpha.-Hydroxyprogesterone, conjugates with anionic polymers 83-43-2D, Methylprednisolone, conjugates with anionic polymers 98-92-0D,  
 Nicotinamide, conjugates with anionic polymers 108-78-1D,  
 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, methylated derivs., conjugates with anionic polymers 120-73-0D, Purine, analogs, conjugates with anionic polymers 124-94-7D, Triamcinolone, conjugates with anionic polymers 125-84-8D,  
 Aminoglutethimide, conjugates with anionic polymers 127-07-1D,  
 Hydroxyurea, conjugates with anionic polymers 145-13-1D, Pregnenolone,

conjugates with anionic polymers 145-63-1D, Suramin, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 145-63-1D, Suramin, derivs., conjugates with pharmaceuticals 147-94-4D, Cytarabine, conjugates with anionic polymers 148-82-3D, Melphalan, conjugates with anionic polymers 151-56-4D, Ethylenimine, derivs., conjugates with anionic polymers 152-58-9D, conjugates with anionic polymers 152-97-6D, Fluocortolone, conjugates with anionic polymers 154-42-7D, 6-Thioguanine, conjugates with anionic polymers 154-93-8D, Carmustine, conjugates with anionic polymers 289-95-2D, Pyrimidine, analogs, conjugates with anionic polymers 305-03-3D, Chlorambucil, conjugates with anionic polymers 312-93-6D, Dexamethasone 21-phosphate, conjugates with heparin 356-12-7D, Fluocinonide, conjugates with anionic polymers 363-24-6D, Prostaglandin E2, conjugates with anionic polymers 378-44-9D, Betamethasone, conjugates with anionic polymers 382-67-2D, Desoximetasone, conjugates with anionic polymers 426-13-1D, Fluorometholone, conjugates with anionic polymers 566-35-8D, conjugates with anionic polymers 638-94-8D, Desonide, conjugates with anionic polymers 645-05-6D, Hexamethylmelamine, conjugates with anionic polymers 671-16-9D, Procarbazine, conjugates with anionic polymers 865-21-4D, Vinblastine, conjugates with anionic polymers **1398-61-4D**, Chitin, **sulfated**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 1524-88-5D, Flurandrenolide, conjugates with anionic polymers 2203-97-6D, Cortisol 21-hemisuccinate, conjugates with heparin 2557-49-5D, Diflorasone, conjugates with anionic polymers 2668-66-8D, Medrysone, conjugates with anionic polymers 3093-35-4D, Halcinonide, conjugates with anionic polymers 3385-03-3D, Flunisolide, conjugates with anionic polymers 3778-73-2D, Ifosfamide, conjugates with anionic polymers 3863-59-0D, Cortisol 21-phosphate, conjugates with heparin 4342-03-4D, conjugates with anionic polymers 4375-07-9D, Epipodophyllotoxin, conjugates with anionic polymers 4828-27-7D, Clocortolone, conjugates with anionic polymers 5534-09-8D, Beclomethasone dipropionate, conjugates with anionic polymers 7440-06-4D, Platinum, complexes, conjugates with anionic polymers 7664-93-9D, Sulfuric acid, esters, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 9002-89-5D, Poly(vinyl alcohol), sulfated, conjugates with pharmaceuticals **9005-32-7D**, Alginic acid, **sulfated**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 9005-49-6D, Heparin, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 9005-49-6D, Heparin, derivs., conjugates with pharmaceuticals **9007-28-7D**, Chondroitin **sulfate**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals **9012-76-4D**, Chitosan, **sulfated**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 9015-68-3D, L-Asparaginase, conjugates with anionic polymers 9041-08-1D, Heparin sodium salt, conjugates with pharmaceuticals **9050-30-0D**, Heparan **sulfate**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals **9056-36-4D**, Keratan **sulfate**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 11056-06-7D, Bleomycin, conjugates with anionic polymers 12619-70-4D, Cyclodextrin, sulfated, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 13010-20-3D, Nitrosourea, derivs., conjugates with anionic polymers 13010-47-4D, Lomustine, conjugates with anionic polymers 13909-09-6D, Semustine, conjugates with anionic polymers 15056-34-5D, Triazene, derivs., conjugates with anionic polymers 15663-27-1D, Cisplatin, conjugates with anionic polymers 17673-25-5D, Phorbol, esters, conjugates with anionic polymers 18378-89-7D, Plicamycin, conjugates with anionic polymers 18378-89-7D, Mithramycin, conjugates with heparin 18883-66-4D, Streptozocin, conjugates with anionic polymers 20830-81-3D, Daunorubicin, conjugates with anionic polymers 23214-92-8D, Doxorubicin, conjugates with anionic polymers **24967-94-0D**, Dermatan **sulfate**, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 25122-41-2D, Clobetasol, conjugates with anionic polymers 25191-25-7D, Poly(vinyl sulfate), conjugates with pharmaceuticals 26101-52-0D, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 29767-20-2D, Teniposide, conjugates with anionic polymers 33419-42-0D,

Etoposide, conjugates with anionic polymers 37300-21-3D, conjugates with pharmaceuticals 41575-94-4D, Carboplatin, conjugates with anionic polymers 50851-57-5D, Poly(styrenesulfonic acid), conjugates with pharmaceuticals 50935-04-1D, conjugates with heparin 51022-69-6D, Amcinonide, conjugates with anionic polymers 53910-25-1D, Pentostatin, conjugates with anionic polymers 54063-32-0D, Clobetasone, conjugates with anionic polymers 65271-80-9D, Mitoxantrone, conjugates with anionic polymers 67452-97-5D, Alclometasone, conjugates with anionic polymers 105102-22-5D, Mometasone, conjugates with anionic polymers 108121-76-2D, Anthracenedione, derivs., conjugates with anionic polymers

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(for targeting to vascular endothelium)

IT 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(ionophores, conjugates with anionic polymers, for targeting to vascular endothelium)

IT 68181-17-9P, N-Hydroxysuccinimidyl 3-(2-pyridyldithio)propionate  
80445-77-8P 152406-31-0P 152434-55-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and conjugation with heparin)

IT 152406-33-2DP, reaction products with heparin hydrazide deriv.

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of and angiogenesis inhibition by)

L178 ANSWER 11 OF 16 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:612827 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:212827

TITLE: The carbon-13 NMR spectroscopy of carrageenans:  
calculation of chemical shifts and computer-aided  
structural determination

AUTHOR(S): Stortz, Carlos A.; Cerezo, Alberto S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Cienc. Exactas Nat., Univ. Buenos Aires, Buenos  
Aires, 1428, Argent.

SOURCE: Carbohydrate Polymers (1992), 18(4), 237-42  
CODEN: CAPOD8; ISSN: 0144-8617

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The set of <sup>13</sup>C NMR absorptions produced by all the carbons of the diads potentially present in carrageenans, is reported. They were obtained by calcn. for unreported diads plus the compilation of up-to-date chem. shift data. A computer program CARRAG.EXE was developed in order to aid in the matching of exptl. data to the chem. shift data bank reported here.

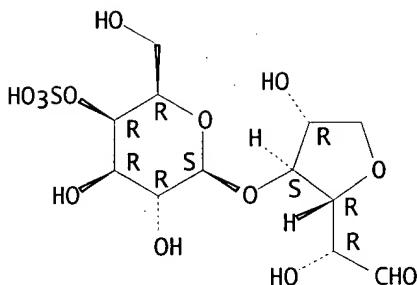
IT 143537-91-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(diad of carrageenan, computer program generated NMR spectra of,  
carbon-13)

RN 143537-91-1 HCPLUS

CN D-Galactose, 3,6-anhydro-4-O-(4-O-sulfo-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



CC 33-5 (Carbohydrates)

Section cross-reference(s): 22  
ST carrageenan diad NMR computer program; polysaccharide diad NMR carbon computer program

IT Computer program

(CARRAG.EXE for NMR spectra of diads of carrageenans)

IT Polysaccharides, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(carrageenans, diads of, computer program calcd. NMR spectra of, carbon-13)

IT Nuclear magnetic resonance

(of diads found in carrageenans by computer program CARRAG.EXE)

IT 6206-28-6 19253-99-7 143537-81-9 143537-82-0 143537-83-1  
143537-84-2 143537-85-3 143537-86-4 143537-87-5 143537-88-6  
143537-89-7 143537-90-0 143537-91-1 143537-92-2  
143537-93-3 143537-94-4 143537-95-5 143537-96-6 143537-97-7  
143537-98-8 143537-99-9 143538-00-5 143538-01-6 143538-02-7  
143538-03-8 143538-04-9 143538-05-0 143538-06-1 143538-07-2  
143538-08-3 143538-09-4 143538-10-7 143538-11-8 143538-12-9  
143538-13-0 143538-14-1 143538-15-2 143538-16-3 143538-17-4  
143538-18-5 143538-19-6 143538-20-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(diad of carrageenan, computer program generated NMR spectra of, carbon-13)

IT 9062-07-1, .iota.-Carrageenan 9064-57-7, .lambda.-Carrageenan  
9064-57-7D, .lambda.-Carrageenan, alk. treated 9064-57-7D,  
.lambda.-Carrageenan, desulfated 11114-20-8, .kappa.-Carrageenan  
51311-95-6, .epsilon.-Carrageenan 51311-96-7, .mu.-Carrageenan  
94555-23-4, .gamma.-Carrageenan 94555-24-5, .beta.-Carrageenan  
104781-83-1, .alpha.-Carrageenan 106716-45-4, .omega.-Carrageenan  
144273-93-8, .delta.-Carrageenan

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(diad of, computer-program generated NMR spectra of, carbon-13)

L178 ANSWER 12 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:8637 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:8637

TITLE: Antimicrobial sutures

INVENTOR(S): Stephenson, Martin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ethicon, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 8 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3987797	A	19761026	US 1974-531643	19741211
JP 52070587	A2	19770611	JP 1975-145992	19751209
DE 2555624	A1	19760616	DE 1975-2555624	19751210
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1974-445404	19740225
			US 1974-531643	19741211

AB Conventional suture material was coated with an ionically bonded block elastomeric copolymer of a polyquaternary polyurethane and a polyanionic polymer such as heparin. The resultant suture is receptive to treatment with antimicrobial compds. or dyes. E.g., 50 g Adiprene L 167 was condensed with 4.6 g 3-methylamino-1,2-propanediol [40137-22-2], 30 g of the condensation product was quaternized by treatment with HCl, 25 g of the quaternized polymer was treated with 5 g of Na heparin [9041-08-1], polyester fiber suture was coated with the heparinized polymer, and the coated suture was treated with streptomycin sulfate [3810-74-0]. The resultant antimicrobial suture gave a zone of inhibition of 0.55 cm against Bacillus subtilis while the same suture lacking the antibiotic and uncoated suture treated with the antibiotic gave no zone of inhibition. Various coated sutures were coated with other antibiotics and dyes. Also, a wound dressing was described.

IC A61L017-00  
 NCL 128335500  
 CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 37  
 ST antimicrobial suture; dyed suture  
 IT Polyamide fibers, biological studies  
   RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
     (as sutures, heparinized polymer-coated, antimicrobial-treated)  
 IT Rubber, urethane, reactions  
   RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
     (condensation of, with methylaminopropanediol)  
 IT Surgical dressings and goods  
   (heparinized polymer)  
 IT Bactericides, Disinfectants and Antiseptics  
   Dyes  
     (heparinized polymer-coated sutures treated with)  
 IT Surgical threads and wires  
   (heparinized polymer-coated, antimicrobial- or dye-treated)  
 IT Silk  
 Polyester fibers, biological studies  
   RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
     (sutures, heparinized polymer-coated, antimicrobial-treated)  
 IT 40137-22-2  
   RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
     (condensation of, with Adiprene L 167)  
 IT 50-59-9 54-87-5 58-71-9 61-73-4 64-75-5 76-59-5 76-60-8  
 76-61-9 79-57-2 81-88-9 113-98-4 121-54-0 145-48-2 531-53-3  
 569-61-9 1405-10-3 1405-20-5 1405-41-0 1787-61-7 3810-74-0  
 4800-94-6 5490-27-7 6998-60-3 7240-38-2  
   RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
     (heparinized polymer-coated sutures treated with)  
 IT 9041-08-1  
   RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
     (polymer coated quaternized sutures coated with)  
 IT 40137-22-2D, condensation product with Adiprene L 167, quaternized,  
   heparinized  
   RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
     (suture, antimicrobial- or dye-treated)

=> d ibib abs 13-16

L178 ANSWER 13 OF 16 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-066518 [09] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 2002-049313 [06]; 2002-121888 [16]; 2002-147791 [19];  
                   2002-195669 [25]; 2002-205901 [26]; 2002-205902 [26]  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2002-019825  
 TITLE: Method for selective reductive alkylation at a  
        saccharide amine of a glycopeptide,  
        useful as an antibiotic.  
 DERWENT CLASS: B02 B04  
 INVENTOR(S): LINSELL, M S  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (ADME-N) ADVANCED MEDICINE INC; (THER-N) THERAVANCE INC;  
                   (LINS-I) LINSELL M S  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 96  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
WO 2001083521 A2		20011108 (200209)*	EN	53	
RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW					
W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW					
US 2002010131 A1		20020124 (200210)			
AU 2001057464 A		20011112 (200222)			
EP 1276759	A2	20030122 (200308)	EN		
R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR					
NO 2002005264 A		20021218 (200312)			

#### APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2001083521 A2		WO 2001-US14017	20010501
US 2002010131 A1	Provisional	US 2000-201178P	20000502
	Provisional	US 2000-213148P	20000622
		US 2001-847060	20010501
AU 2001057464 A		AU 2001-57464	20010501
EP 1276759	A2	EP 2001-930978	20010501
		WO 2001-US14017	20010501
NO 2002005264 A		WO 2001-US14017	20010501
		NO 2002-5264	20021101

#### FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
AU 2001057464 A	Based on	WO 200183521
EP 1276759	A2 Based on	WO 200183521

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-213148P 20000622; US 2000-201178P  
 20000502; US 2001-847060 20010501

AN 2002-066518 [09] WPIX  
 CR 2002-049313 [06]; 2002-121888 [16]; 2002-147791 [19]; 2002-195669 [25];

AB 2002-205901 [26]; 2002-205902 [26]  
 WO 200183521 A UPAB: 20030218  
**NOVELTY** - A method for reductive alkylation at a **saccharide amine** of a glycopeptide comprises contacting the glycopeptide with an **aldehyde** to form an imine and/or hemiaminal; acidifying the mixture; and contacting with a reducing agent.  
**DETAILED DESCRIPTION** - A method for alkylating at a **saccharide-amine** of a glycopeptide comprises:  
 (a) reacting an **aldehyde** or ketone, a base, and the glycopeptide or a salt;  
 (b) acidifying the mixture; and  
 (c) combining the mixture with a reducing agent to give a glycopeptide that is alkylated at the **saccharide-amine**

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a further step comprising adding a carrier to the alkylated glycopeptide to form a pharmaceutical composition.

**ACTIVITY - Antibiotic.**

**MECHANISM OF ACTION** - None given in the source material.

**USE** - For treating bacterial infections.

**ADVANTAGE** - The selectivity for the **saccharide-amino** group for reductive alkylation is significantly improved compared with previous methods.

Dwg.0/0

L178 ANSWER 14 OF 16 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-256158 [22] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2000-078123  
 TITLE: New amide derivatives of hyaluronic useful, e.g. in coating medical devices such as **catheters** or syringes exhibit widely varying water-solubility, viscosity and amide bond stability.  
 DERWENT CLASS: A11 A96 B04 B07  
 INVENTOR(S): BELLINI, D; TOPAI, A  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (FIDI-N) FIDIA ADVANCED BIOPOLYMERS SRL  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 87  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
WO 2000001733	A1	20000113 (200022)*	EN	36	
RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ UG ZW					
W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW					
AU 9946397	A	20000124 (200027)			
EP 1095064	A1	20010502 (200125)	EN		
R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI					
IT 1300287	B	20000503 (200206)			
JP 2002519481	W	20020702 (200246)		51	

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2000001733	A1	WO 1999-IB1254	19990706
AU 9946397	A	AU 1999-46397	19990706

EP 1095064	A1	EP 1999-929619	19990706
IT 1300287	B	WO 1999-IB1254	19990706
JP 2002519481	W	IT 1998-PD169	19980706
		WO 1999-IB1254	19990706
		JP 2000-558133	19990706

## FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
AU 9946397	A Based on	WO 200001733
EP 1095064	A1 Based on	WO 200001733
JP 2002519481	W Based on	WO 200001733

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: IT 1998-PD169 19980706

AN 2000-256158 [22] WPIX

AB WO 200001733 A UPAB: 20000508

NOVELTY - Amide derivatives of hyaluronic acid (HA), which include at least one repetitive unit of formula (I), are new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Amide derivatives of HA (or of derivatives of HA), which comprise at least one repetitive unit of formula (I), are new.

R = NR<sub>6</sub>R<sub>7</sub>, OH, O-, an alcoholic group of the aliphatic, aromatic, heterocyclic, cycloaliphatic or arylaliphatic series, an alcoholic group of HA; or an amino group of deacylated HA;

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> = H, SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, an acyl group derived from a carboxylic acid of the aliphatic, aromatic, arylaliphatic, cycloaliphatic or heterocyclic series, or CO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-COOY;

Y = H or a negative charge;

R<sub>5</sub> = COMe, H, SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, an acyl group derived from a carboxylic acid of the aliphatic, aromatic, arylaliphatic, cycloaliphatic or heterocyclic series, or an acyl group of HA;

R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> = H, or an optionally substituted aliphatic, aromatic, arylaliphatic, cycloaliphatic or heterocyclic group.

Provided that at least one of R and R<sub>5</sub> forms an amide group.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

(A) use of amidic, water-soluble compounds, which are obtained by reaction of the carboxylic groups of HA with an amino group of the aliphatic, aromatic, arylaliphatic, cycloaliphatic or heterocyclic series, in ophthalmology and in ophthalmic surgery;

(B) pharmaceutical compositions containing the amidic compounds described above, and salts of these, alone or in association with one another or with other pharmacologically active substances;

(C) biomaterials constituted by amidic compounds (and salts of these) as described above, alone or in association with one another or with other natural, semisynthetic or synthetic polymers and, optionally, other biologically active substances.

ACTIVITY - None given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - Biomaterials containing the new amide derivatives are useful for preparation of scaffolds for cell cultures, or for preparation of surgical, cosmetic or health care articles (e.g. guide channels, gauzes, threads, gels, hydrogels, tampons, films, membranes, sponges, non-woven fabrics, microspheres or nanospheres) for used in, e.g. surgery, hemodialysis, cardiology, dermatology, ophthalmology, otorhinolaryngology, dentistry, orthopedics, gynecology, urology or extra-corporeal blood circulation. The biomaterials may be used, e.g. for protection of cardiac valves, for prevention of post-surgical adhesions, or for prevention of hypertrophic scarring. The amides, or biomaterials containing them, can be used in coating of medical or other devices, e.g. catheters, artificial tendons, bone prostheses, contact lenses, blood oxygenators, artificial

kidneys, artificial hearts, blood bags, syringes, filtration systems, culture containers, or supports for peptides, proteins and antibodies. The amides may be used, in association with radioactive or non-radioactive substances, in contrast systems for in vivo diagnosis and therapy of tumors or damaged tissues. They may also be used for transport and release of drugs and for transfection of cells.

ADVANTAGE - The amides can be either water-soluble or water-insoluble, according to the acid, the **amine**, the percentage of amide **bonds** or the derivative of HA used to prepare the amide. They can thus be used for a large number of applications according to their on their solubility in water, their viscosity and the stability of the amide **bond**.

Dwg.0/3

L178 ANSWER 15 OF 16 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-469249 [39] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 1999-469248 [39]; 2002-060934 [72]; 2002-225860 [09];  
 2002-303073 [21]  
 DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N1999-350379  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C1999-137718  
 TITLE: Coating of intracorporeal medical devices, particularly useful for providing a therapeutic diagnostic or hydrophilic coating on e.g. **catheters**, stents, guidewires or cardiac pacing leads.  
 DERWENT CLASS: A18 A26 A28 A32 A96 B04 B05 B07 D22 G02 P32 P34  
 INVENTOR(S): BIGUS, S J; BUCHKO, C J; MICHAL, E T  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (ADCA-N) ADVANCED CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 84  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
WO 9938546	A1	19990805 (199939)*	EN	43	
RW:	AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW				
W:	AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW				
AU 9925677	A	19990816 (200002)			
EP 1051208	A1	20001115 (200059)	EN		
R:	AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE				
JP 2002501788 W		20020122 (200211)		52	
AU 745979	B	20020411 (200237)			

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 9938546	A1	WO 1999-US1919	19990129
AU 9925677	A	AU 1999-25677	19990129
EP 1051208	A1	EP 1999-905536	19990129
		WO 1999-US1919	19990129
JP 2002501788 W		WO 1999-US1919	19990129
		JP 2000-529277	19990129
AU 745979	B	AU 1999-25677	19990129

## FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
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AU 9925677	A Based on	WO 9938546
EP 1051208	A1 Based on	WO 9938546
JP 2002501788 W	Based on	WO 9938546
AU 745979	B Previous Publ. Based on	AU 9925677 WO 9938546

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1998-16694 19980130

AN 1999-469249 [39] WPIX

CR 1999-469248 [39]; 2002-060934 [72]; 2002-225860 [09]; 2002-303073 [21]

AB WO 9938546 A UPAB: 20020613

NOVELTY - Coating an intracorporeal medical device comprises e.g. applying to the medical device a grafting component and a binding component.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - (A) Coating an intracorporeal medical device comprises:

(a) applying to the medical device a grafting component and a binding component, where the grafting component is selected from vinyl, acrylate and allyl compounds, and the binding component has at least a first functional group selected from aziridine, carbodiimide, **aldehyde**, isocyanate, succinimide, maleimide, oxirane and carboxyl derivatized with carbodiimide or tresyl or succinimide;

(b) polymerizing the grafting component, so that the grafting component adheres to the device and **bonds** the binding component to it to form a base coat on the device; and

(c) applying to the base coat a top coat having a functional group which binds to the binding component.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

(1) a method of providing a therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic coating or an intracorporeal medical device comprising: (a) steps (a)-(b) as in (A); (b) applying to the basecoat a solution of a therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic agent having a functional groups which covalently **bonds** to the binding component, to form the therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic coating on the medical device;

(2) a method of providing a therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic coating on an intracorporeal medical device comprising: (a) steps (a)-(b) as in (A); (b) applying to the base coat a solution comprising a **linking** agent having a functional group which covalently **bonds** to the binding component, and (c) exposing the **linking** agent to a solution of a therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic agent, so that a complex comprising the **linking** agent and the therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic agent is formed, to form the therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic coating on the medical device;

(3) an intracorporeal medical device having a therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic coating comprising: (a) a polymerized base coat on the device comprising: (i) a binding component having at least a first functional group selected from polyaziridine, polycarbodiimide, **aldehyde**, isocyanate, succinimide, maleimide, oxirane, and carboxyl derivatized with carbodiimide or tresyl or succinimide; and (ii) a grafting component selected from vinyl, acrylate and allyl compounds, adhered to the device and **bonded** to the binding component; and (b) a top coat on the base coat, comprising a therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic agent, or a complex of a therapeutic, diagnostic or hydrophilic agent and a **linking** agent, having a functional group which **bonds** with the binding component, the functional group selected from carboxyl, hydroxy **amine**, and thiol, covalently **bonded** to the binding component;

(4) an intracorporeal medical device having a lubricious hydrophilic coating comprising: (a) a hydrophilic compound; (b) an ionic compound with at least one inorganic ion; and (c) a polymerized grafting component

selected from vinyl and acrylate compounds, grafted to the device and crosslinked to the hydrophilic compound, containing uncrosslinked domains.

USE - The method can be used for coating an intracorporeal device such as stents, guidewires, cardiac pacing leads, catheters or vascular grafts.

ADVANTAGE - The devices are provided with coatings which do not wear off and can provide diagnostic, therapeutic or lubricious coatings.

Dwg.0/12

L178 ANSWER 16 OF 16 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-444010 [37] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C1999-130746  
 TITLE: **Biostatic** composition comprising an antimicrobial agent **bonded** to a polymer, prevents bacterial adhesion to e.g. medical devices.  
 DERWENT CLASS: A18 A28 A60 A96 D22 E13 G02  
 INVENTOR(S): TOMA, J M D R; DALLA RIVA TOMA, J M  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (HYDR-N) HYDROMER INC  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 84  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
WO 9933344	A1	19990708 (199937)*	EN	36	
RW:	AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW				
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AU 9916328	A	19990719 (199951)			
US 6054504	A	20000425 (200027)			
EP 1043931	A1	20001018 (200053)	EN		
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BR 9814570	A	20001010 (200055)			
CN 1282216	A	20010131 (200131)			
KR 2001024621	A	20010326 (200161)			
MX 2000006459	A1	20010201 (200168)			
JP 2001527027	W	20011225 (200204)	36		
AU 743620	B	20020131 (200222)			

#### APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 9933344	A1	WO 1998-US26046	19981208
AU 9916328	A	AU 1999-16328	19981208
US 6054504	A	US 1997-2220	19971231
EP 1043931	A1	EP 1998-960822	19981208
		WO 1998-US26046	19981208
BR 9814570	A	BR 1998-14570	19981208
		WO 1998-US26046	19981208
CN 1282216	A	CN 1998-812257	19981208
KR 2001024621	A	KR 2000-705260	20000515
MX 2000006459	A1	MX 2000-6459	20000629
JP 2001527027	W	WO 1998-US26046	19981208
		JP 2000-526118	19981208
AU 743620	B	AU 1999-16328	19981208

#### FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
AU 9916328	A Based on	WO 9933344
EP 1043931	A1 Based on	WO 9933344
BR 9814570	A Based on	WO 9933344
JP 2001527027	W Based on	WO 9933344
AU 743620	B Previous Publ. Based on	AU 9916328 WO 9933344

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1997-2220 19971231

AN 1999-444010 [37] WPIX

AB WO 9933344 A UPAB: 19990914

NOVELTY - A biostatic composition prevents bacterial adhesion (e.g. to biomaterials or medical devices), without release of an antimicrobial agent, which is covalently linked to a polymer.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A biostatic composition (C) for reducing and preventing bacterial and microbial adhesion which comprises:

(a) a hydrophilic polymer possessing a functional group (FG) which reacts with and covalently bonds to an active group selected from amine, thiol, carboxyl, and hydroxyl, groups, where the functional group (FG) is capable of covalently bonding to an antimicrobial agent without effectively reducing its antimicrobial property below its capability of acting as a biostatic agent, and without releasing the antimicrobial agent into a solution;

(b) an antimicrobial agent covalently bound to the functional group (FG) of the hydrophilic polymer;

(c) a compatible polymer; and

(d) a solvent.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for:

(i) a coating for reducing and preventing bacterial and microbial adhesion which comprises composition (C);

(ii) a method for preparing a biostatic article which comprises:

(a) preparing composition (C);

(b) applying the composition to the surface of an article;

(c) allowing the composition solvent to dry; and

(d) curing the article.

USE - Reducing bacterial adhesion to biomaterials or medical devices.

ADVANTAGE - The method does not require the antimicrobial agent to be released for it to be effective, and binding to the polymer does not reduce the agent's effectiveness.

Dwg.0/3

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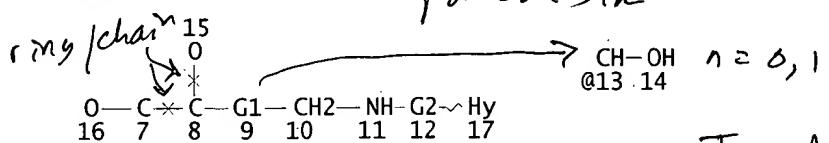
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## STK search II - non-sulfated

MAIER 09/806,650

compounds that are antibiotics

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L17 STR *various sizes*



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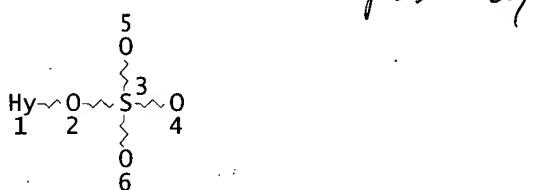
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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~~97~~ 0503

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
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ANTIBIOTIC OR LACTAM OR CEPHALOS? OR PENICILLIN) - 12 cites related

L29 11 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 NOT L25

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subtract  
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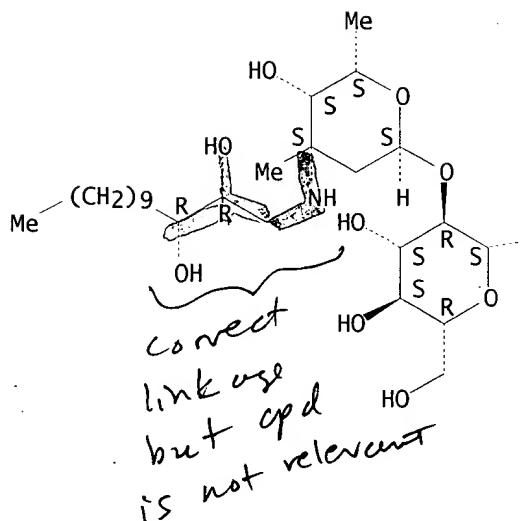
L29 ANSWER 1 OF 11 HCPLUS > COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:935631 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:58854  
 TITLE: Polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivatives useful as  
 antibacterial agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Yang, Guang; Schmidt, Donald E., Jr.; Judice, J. Kevin  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Advanced Medecine, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 70 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001098329	A1	20011227	WO 2001-US40648	20010501
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
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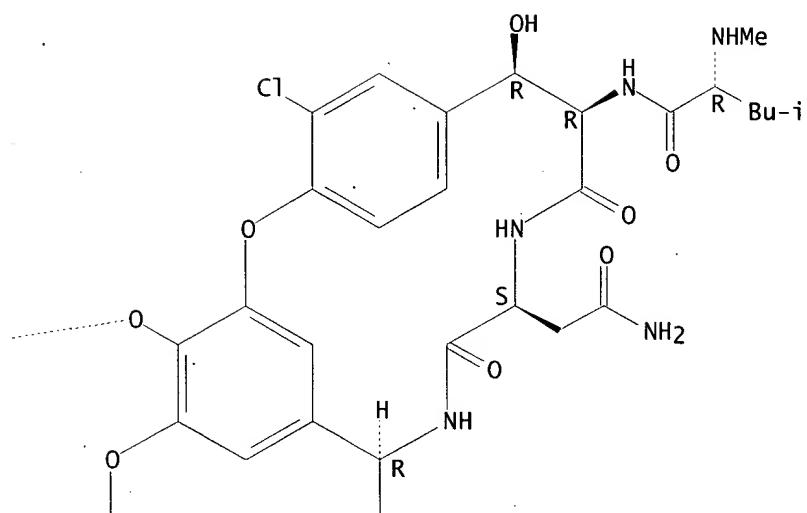
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:58854  
 AB Disclosed are polyhydroxy derivs. of glycopeptides and pharmaceutical  
 compns. contg. such glycopeptide derivs. The disclosed glycopeptide  
 derivs. are useful as antibacterial agents. A dihydroxylate vancomycin  
 deriv. was prep'd. by the reaction of vancomycin hydrochloride with  
 2,3-bis(trimethylsiloxy)tridecanal (prepn. given). Antibacterial activity  
 of the vancomycin derivs. was shown in vitro and in vivo. A suppository  
 contained above vancomycin deriv. 550 mg, and Witepsol H-15 for the  
 balance.  
 IT 383172-93-8P 383172-94-9P 383172-95-0P  
 383172-96-1P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES  
 (Uses)  
 (polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as **antibacterial**  
 agents)  
 RN 383172-93-8 HCPLUS  
 CN Vancomycin, N3'-(2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxytridecyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

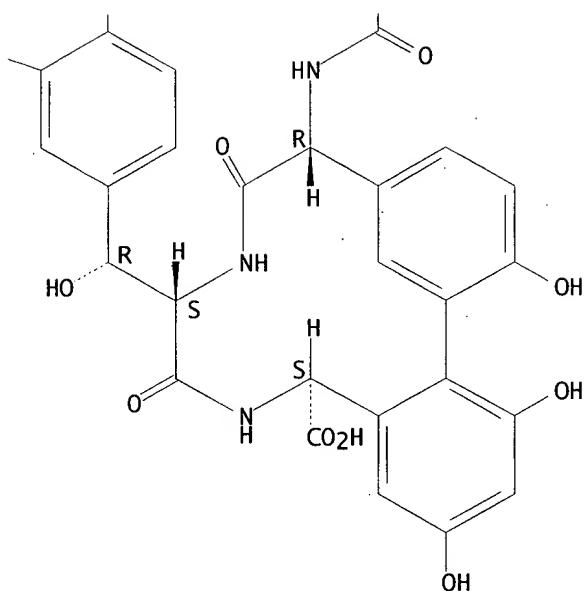


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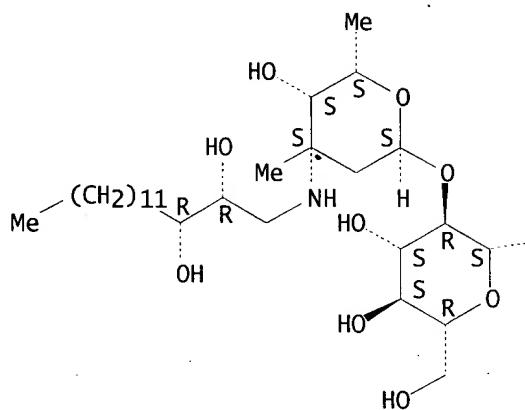
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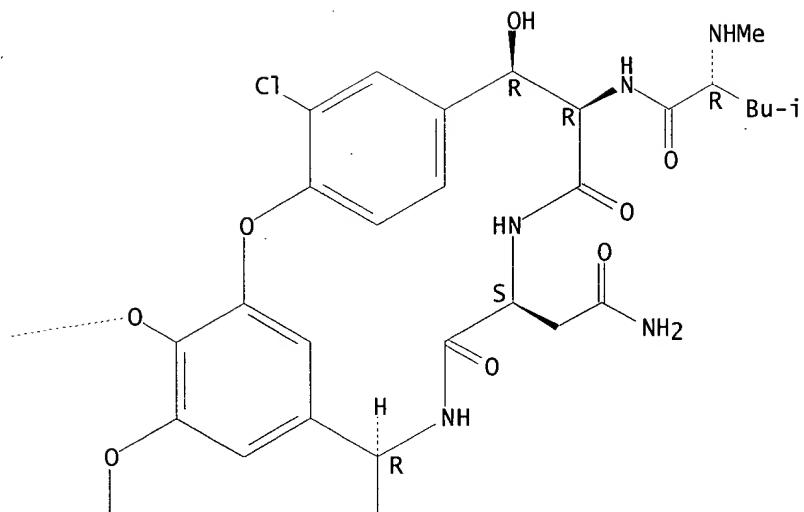
RN 383172-94-9 HCPLUS

CN Vancomycin, N3''-[(2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxypentadecyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

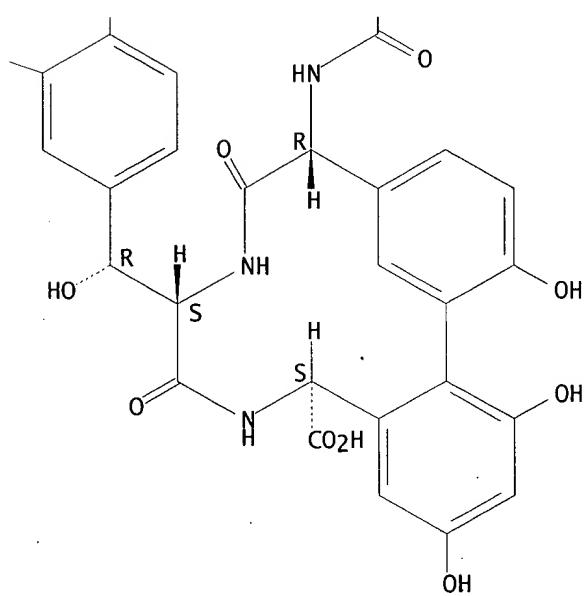


PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A

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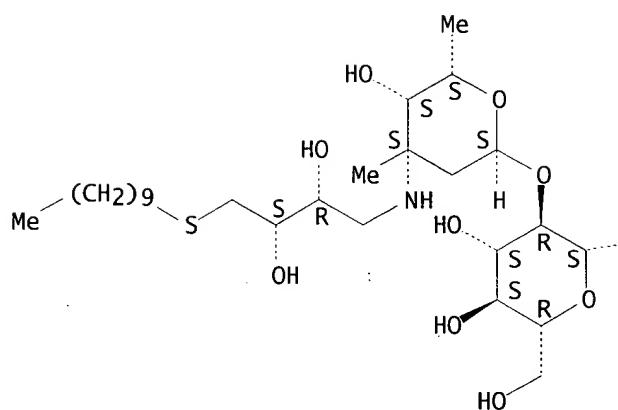
PAGE 2-B

RN 383172-95-0 HCPLUS  
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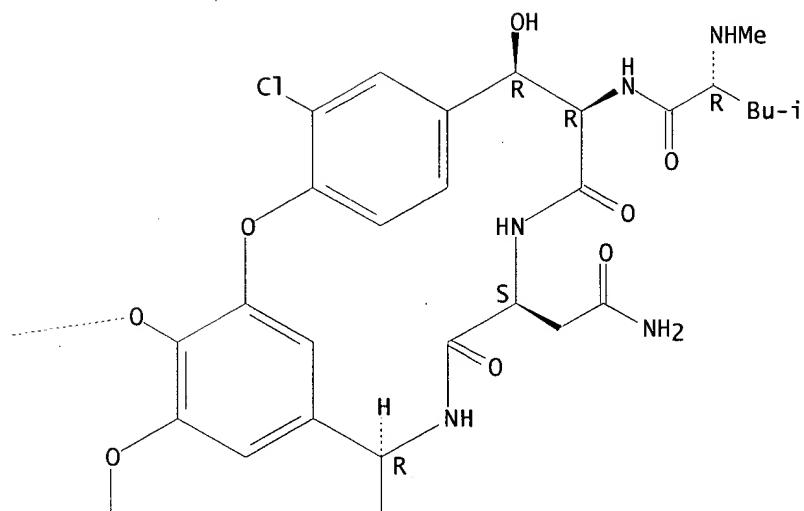
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## Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



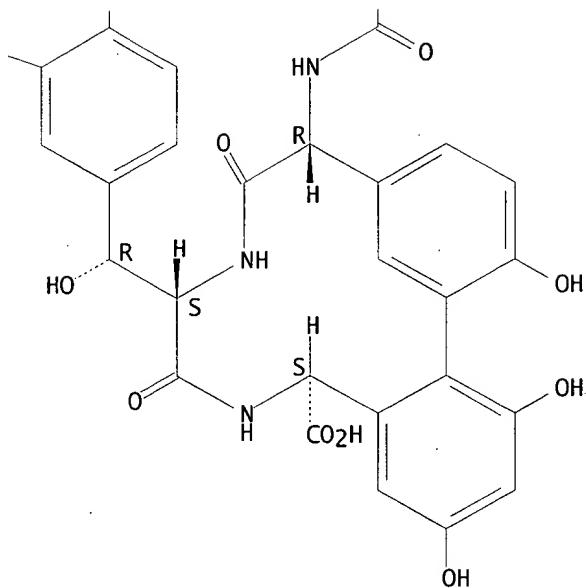
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PAGE 2-A

c1\_

PAGE 2-B

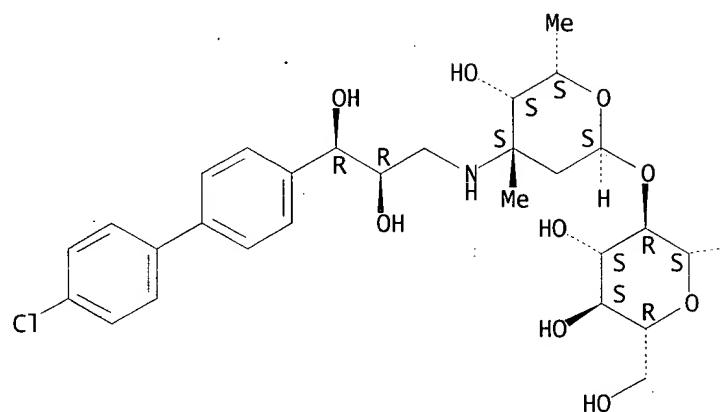


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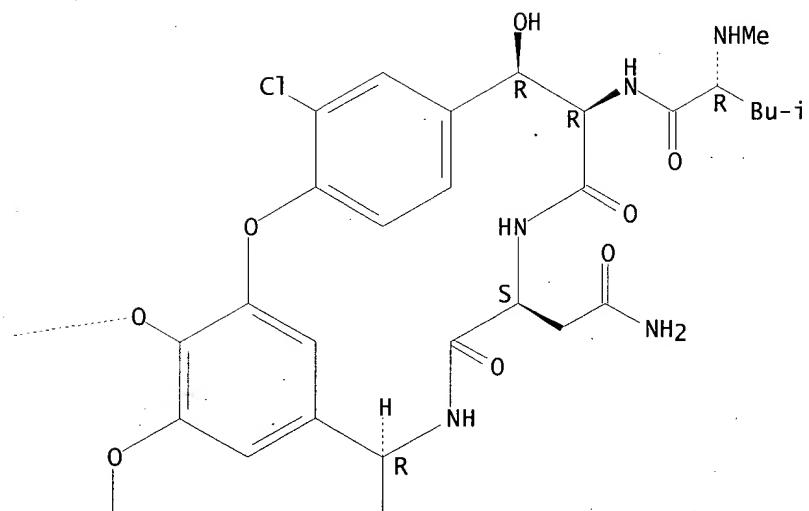
CN Vancomycin, N3''-[(2R,3R)-3-(4'-chloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2,3-dihydroxypropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

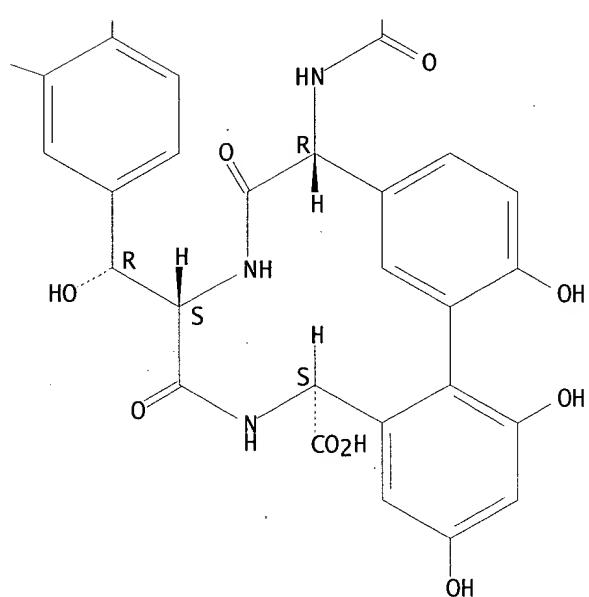


PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A

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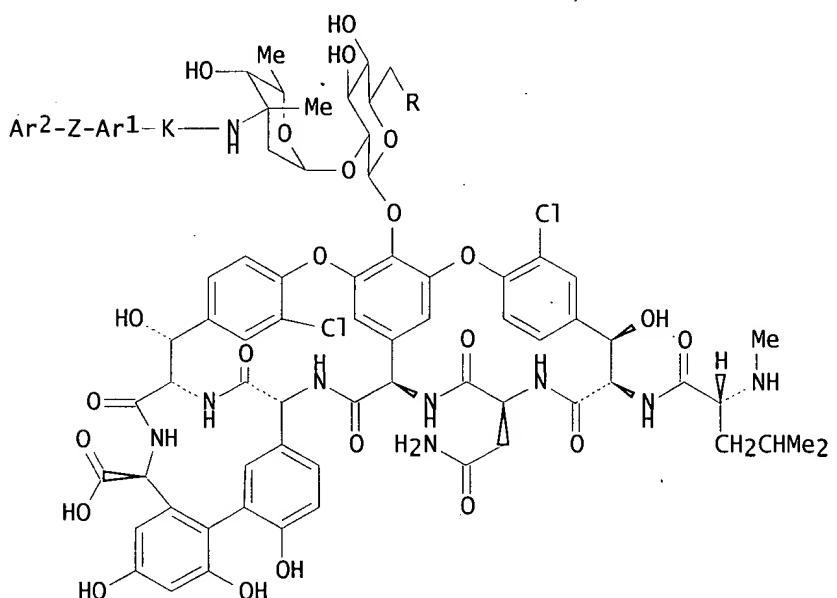
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ICS A61K038-14; A61P031-04

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)  
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 ST polyhydroxy glycopeptide prepn antibacterial agent; pharmaceutical  
 suppository antibacterial hydroxylate vancomycin prepn  
 IT Infection  
     (bacterial; polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial  
     agents)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
     (freeze-dried; polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial  
     agents)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
     (injections; polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial  
     agents)  
 IT Antibacterial agents  
     Antibiotics  
     Drug bioavailability  
     (polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial agents)  
 IT Glycopeptides  
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES  
     (Uses)  
     (polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial agents)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
     (suppositories; polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as  
     antibacterial agents)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
     (suspensions, oral; polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as  
     antibacterial agents)  
 IT Drug delivery systems  
     (tablets; polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial  
     agents)  
 IT 383172-93-8P 383172-94-9P 383172-95-0P  
     383172-96-1P  
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
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     (polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial  
     agents)  
 IT 112-44-7, Undecylic aldehyde 1404-90-6, Vancomycin 2083-91-2  
     5927-18-4  
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
     (polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial agents)  
 IT 22137-88-8P 383172-99-4P 383173-01-1P 383173-02-2P  
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     (polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial agents)  
 IT 12619-70-4, Cyclodextrin  
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
     (polyhydroxy glycopeptide derivs. useful as antibacterial agents)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L29 ANSWER 2 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:824286 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:5162  
 TITLE: Preparation of glycopeptides as antibacterial agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Kim, Ronald M.; Kahne, Daniel E.; Chapman, Kevin T.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Princeton University  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 89 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000069893	A1	20001123	WO 2000-US13751	20000519
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-134841P P 19990519				
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:5162				
GI				



AB Glycopeptides I [R is a polar substituent; K-Ar1-Z-Ar2 is a lipid-like substituent where Ar1 and Ar2 are arom. or heterocyclic groups, each optionally substituted with R1 [R1 = halo, R2, CN, NO2, CF3, fluoromethoxy, NHSO2R2, OR2, SR2, NR22, N+R23, C(O)NR22, SO2NR22, heterocycl1, CO2R2, C(O)R2, OC(O)R2, NR2C(O)R2, or NHCO(R2); R2 = H, aryl, alkyl, arylalkyl, (heterocycl1)alkyl, aroyl, alkanoyl, alkanoyloxy, alkanoylamino, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl; two R2 groups may form one or more arom. or heterocyclic rings]; K and Z are carbonyl, sulfonyl, alkylene, alkyleneoxy, oxyalkylene, alkyleneamino, aminoalkylene, alkyleneoxyalkylene, alklenethio, thioalkylene, alklenecarbonyl, aminocarbonyl or carbonylamino, alkyleneaminocarbonyl,

aminocarbonylalkylene, O, O2C, CO2, alkylene, alkyleneoxycarbonyl, oxycarbonylalkylene, aminosulfonyl or sulfonylamino; Z is not a single bond] were prep'd. as antibacterial agents. Thus, N-[4-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)benzyl]-N-glucose-C6-amino-vancomycin, prep'd. from vancomycin hydrochloride by a multistep sequence involving condensation with 4-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)benzaldehyde, showed MIC = 0.125 .mu.g/mL against Staphylococcus aureus Septicemia (in vivo).

IT 308366-57-6P 308366-75-8P 308366-77-0P  
308366-80-5P 308366-88-3P 308366-89-4P  
308366-93-0P 308366-95-2P 308367-24-0P  
308367-25-1P 308367-34-2P 308367-38-6P  
308367-43-3P 308367-44-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of vancomycin analogs as **antibacterial** agents)

RN 308366-57-6 HCPLUS

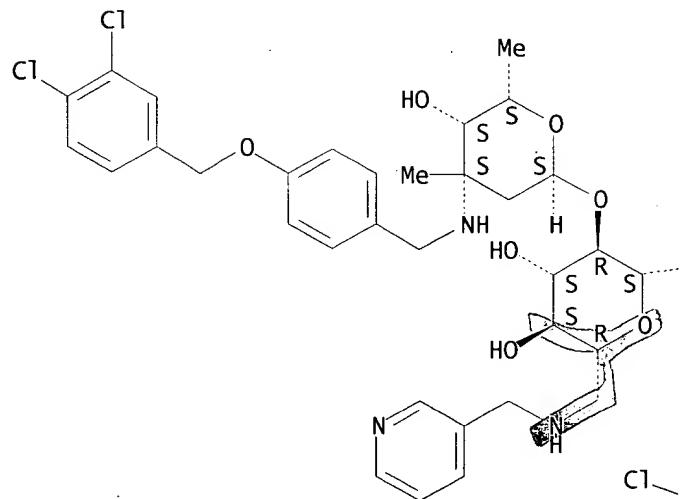
CN Vancomycin, 6'-deoxy-N3'-(4-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methoxy]phenyl)methyl]-6'-(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

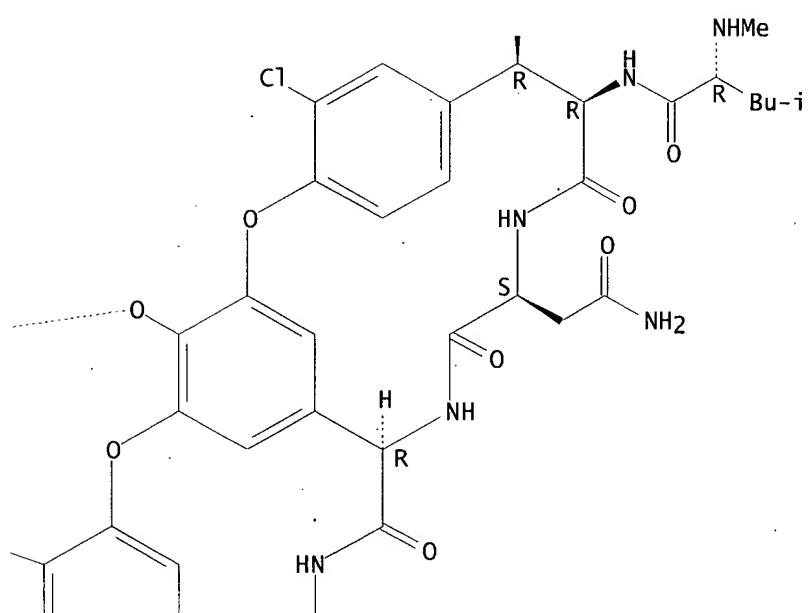
PAGE 1-B

OH

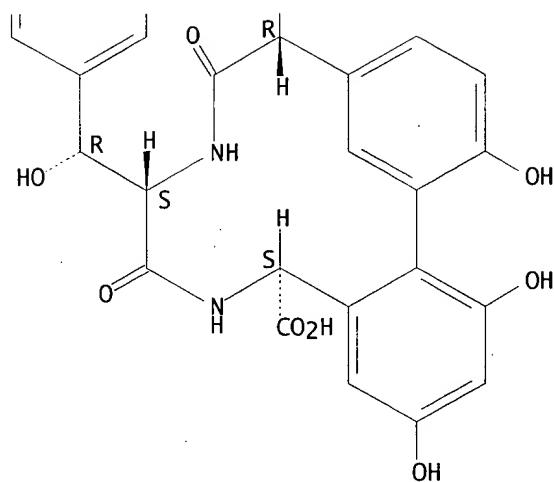
PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-B



PAGE 3-B



RN 308366-75-8 HCAPLUS

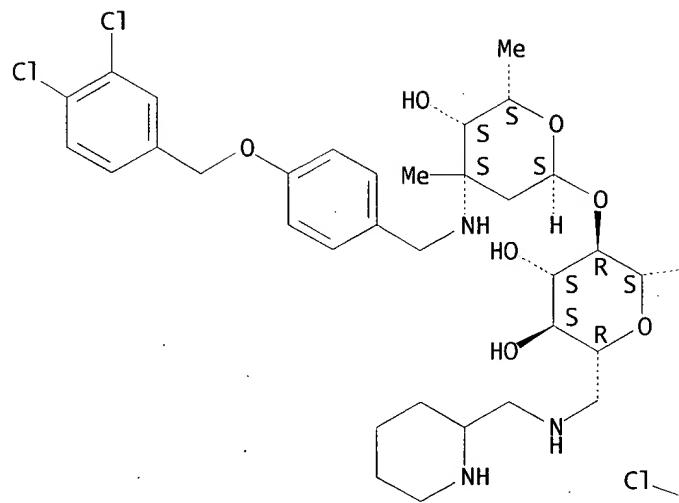
CN Vancomycin, 6'-deoxy-N3''-[[[4-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-6'-(2-piperidinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

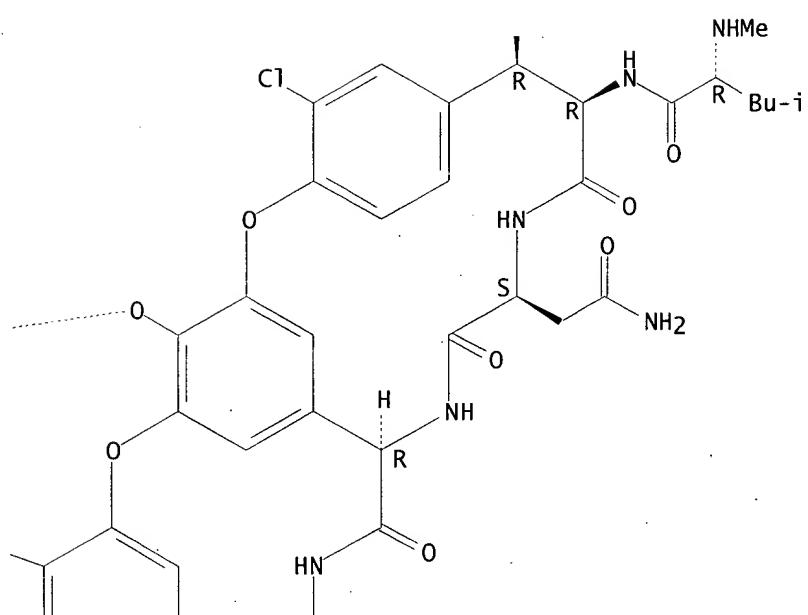
PAGE 1-B

OH

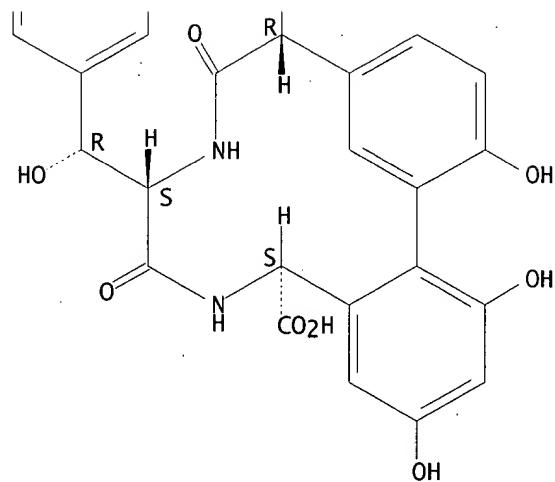
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RN 308366-77-0 HCAPLUS

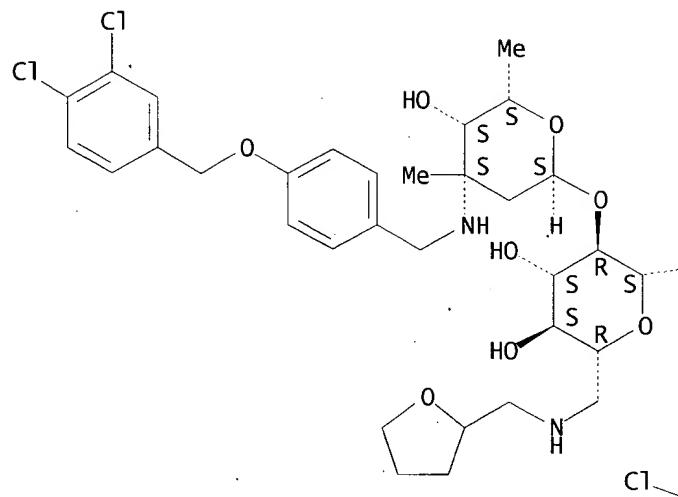
CN Vancomycin, 6'-deoxy-N3''-[[[4-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-6'-[[[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

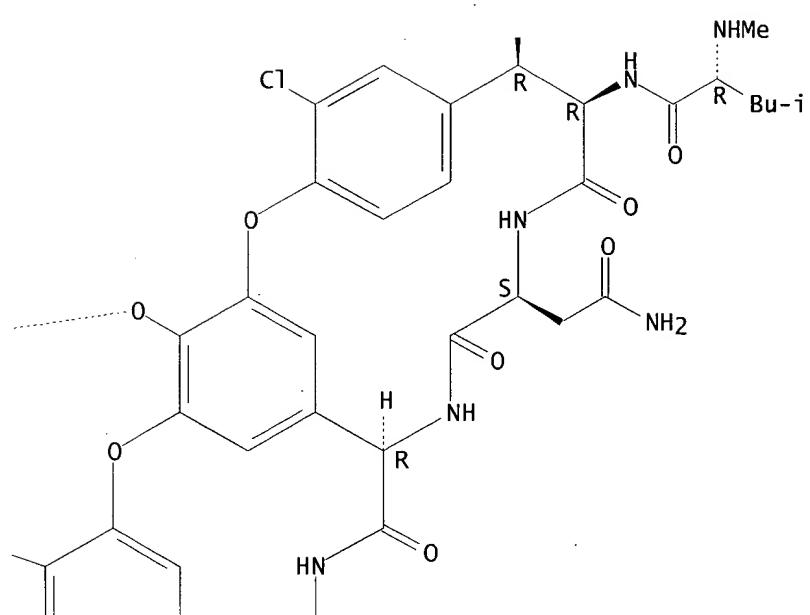
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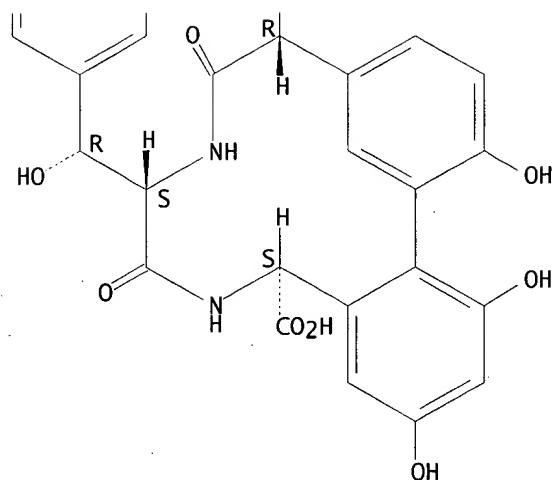
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RN 308366-80-5 HCAPLUS

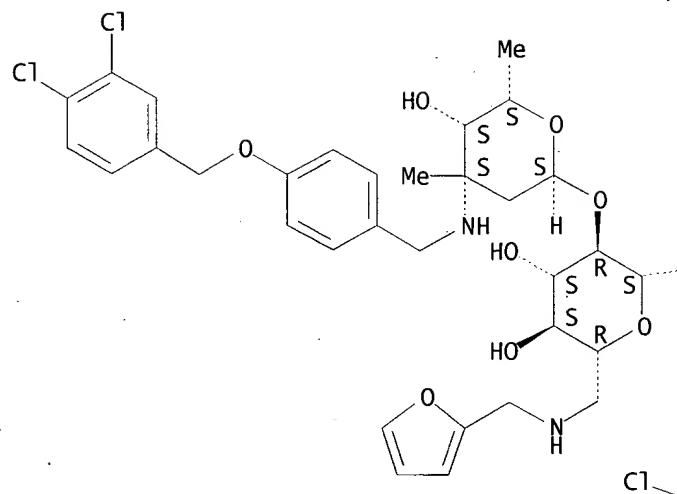
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Absolute stereochemistry.

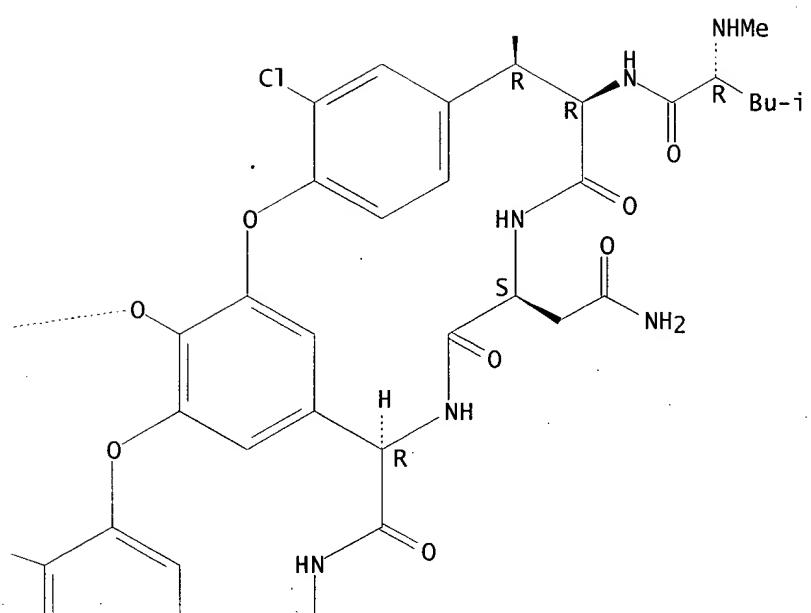
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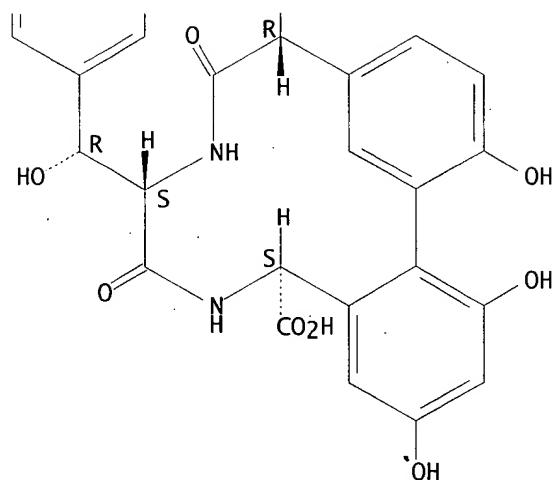
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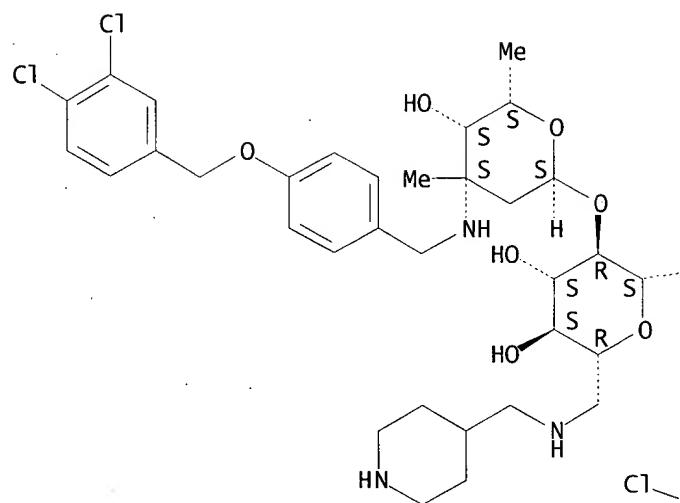
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Absolute stereochemistry.

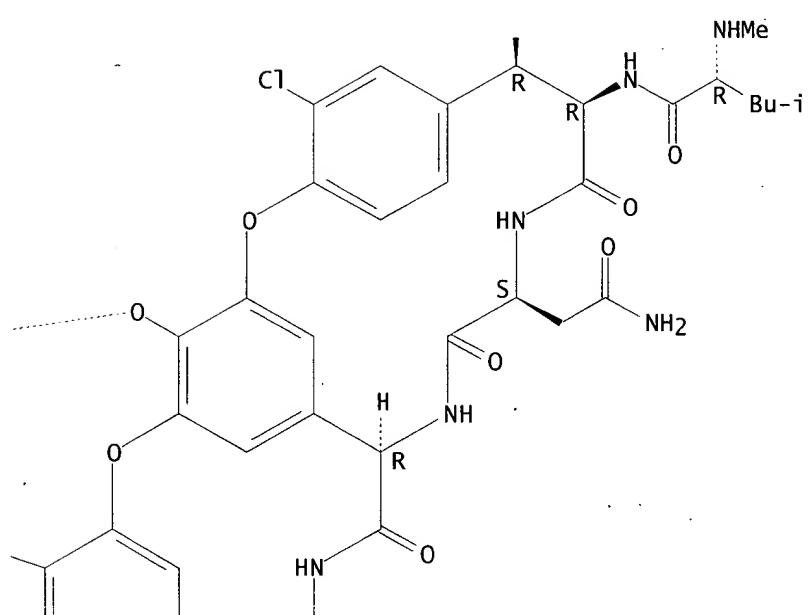
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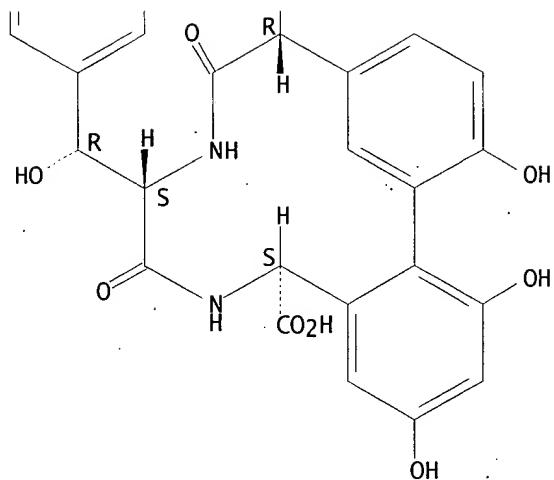
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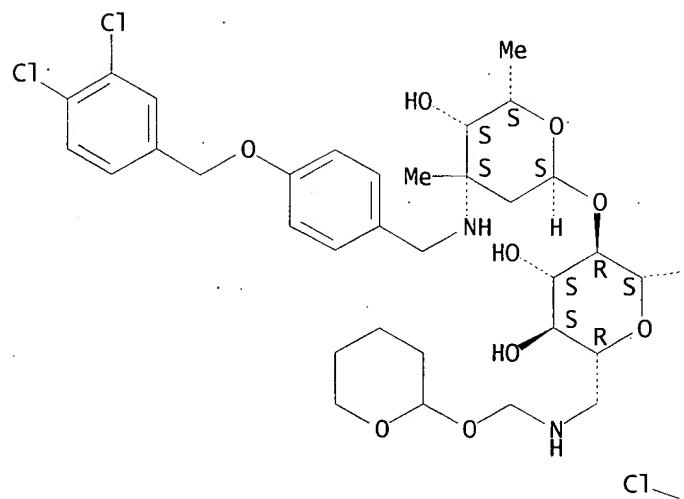
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Absolute stereochemistry.

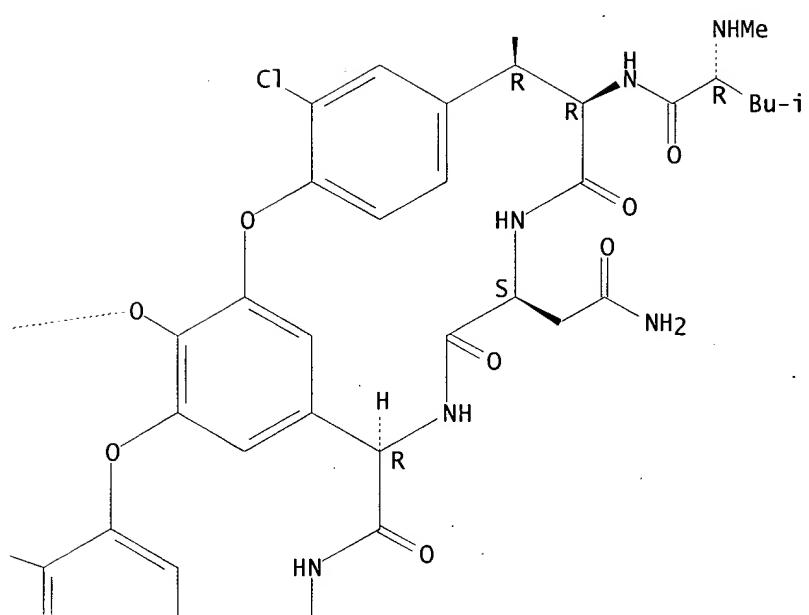
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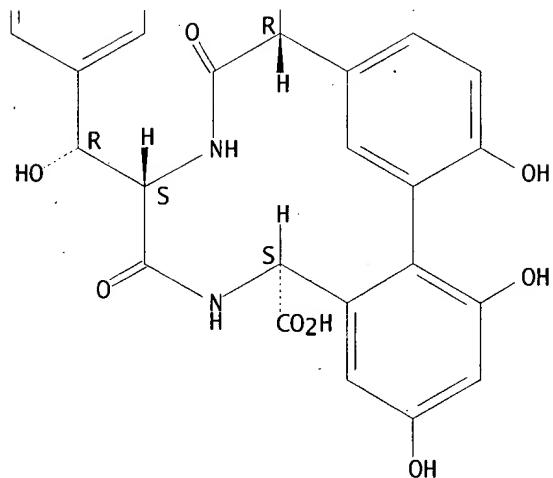
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RN 308366-93-0 HCAPLUS

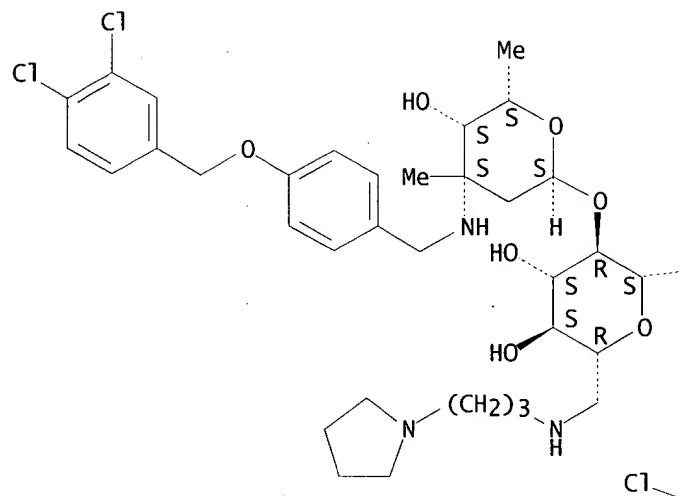
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Absolute stereochemistry.

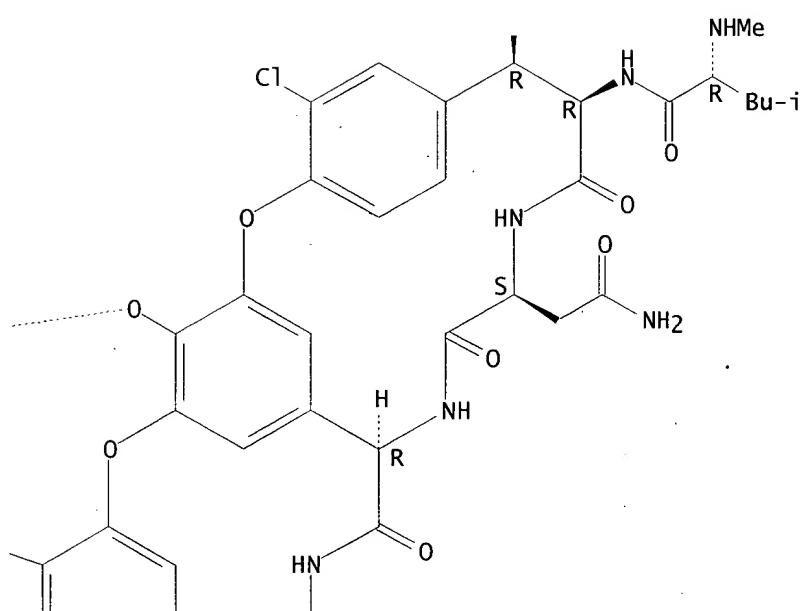
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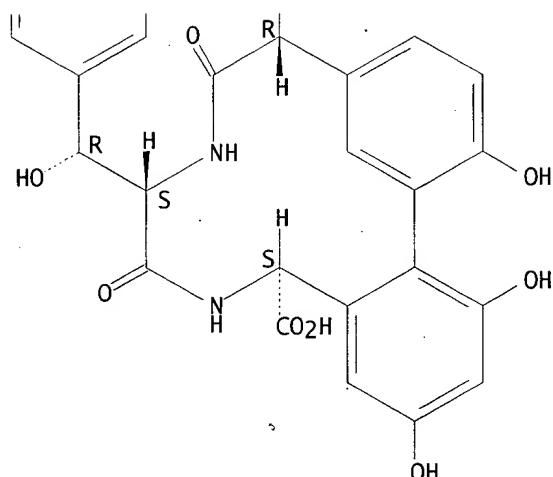
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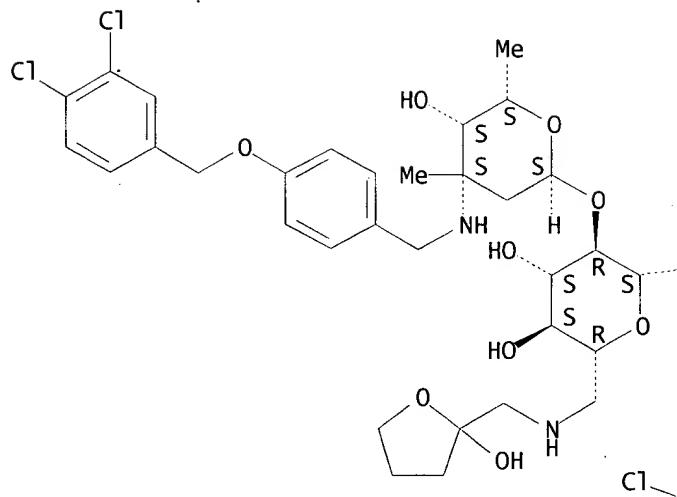
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Absolute stereochemistry.

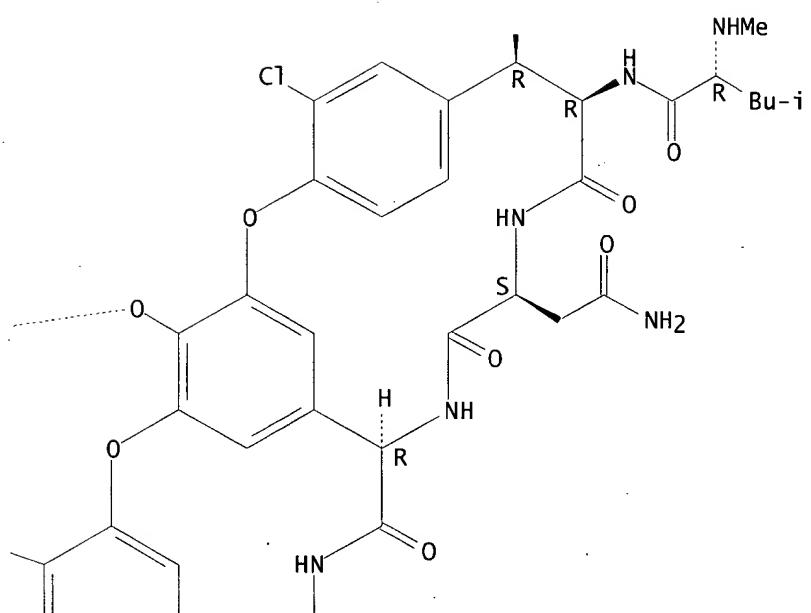
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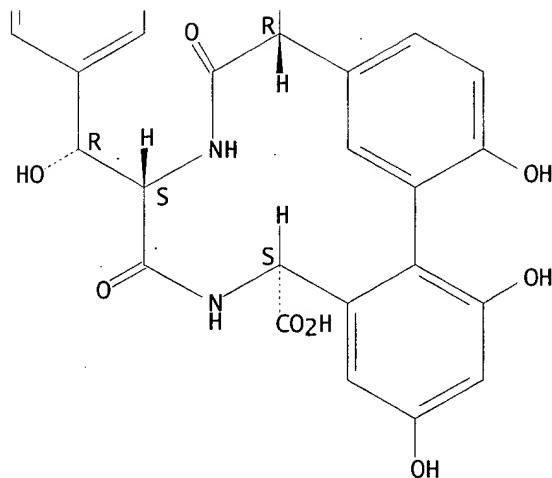
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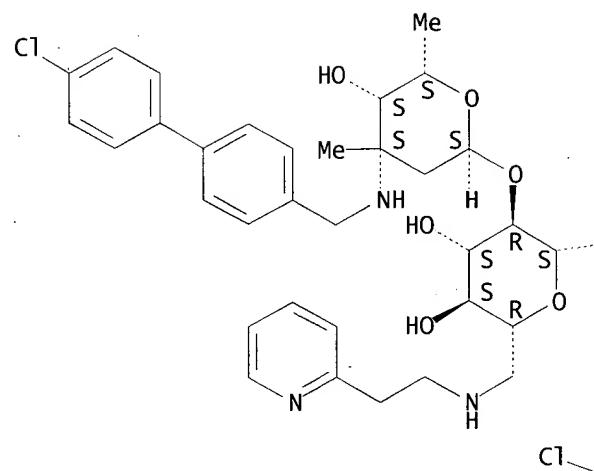
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Absolute stereochemistry.

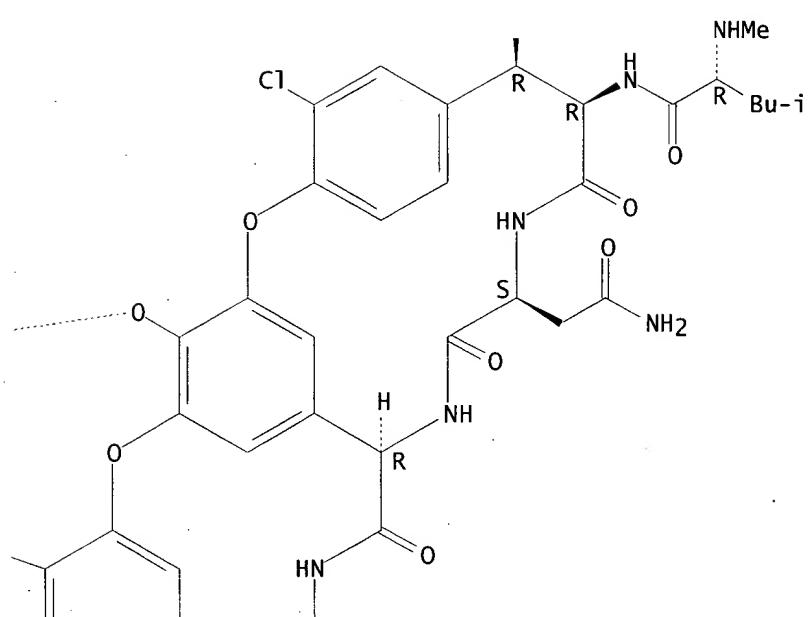
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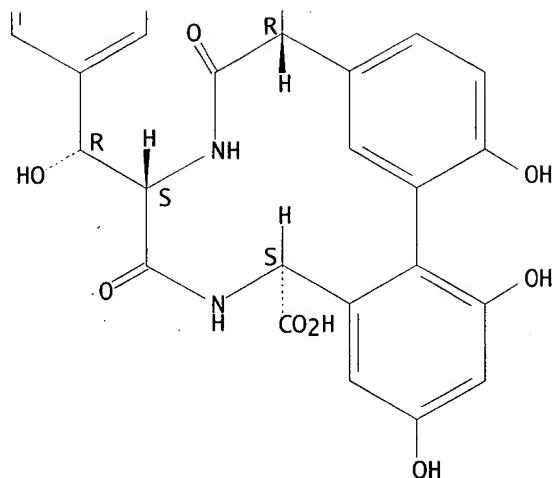
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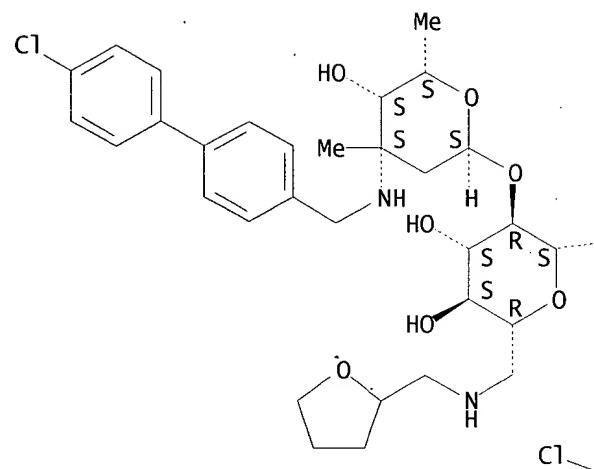
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Absolute stereochemistry.

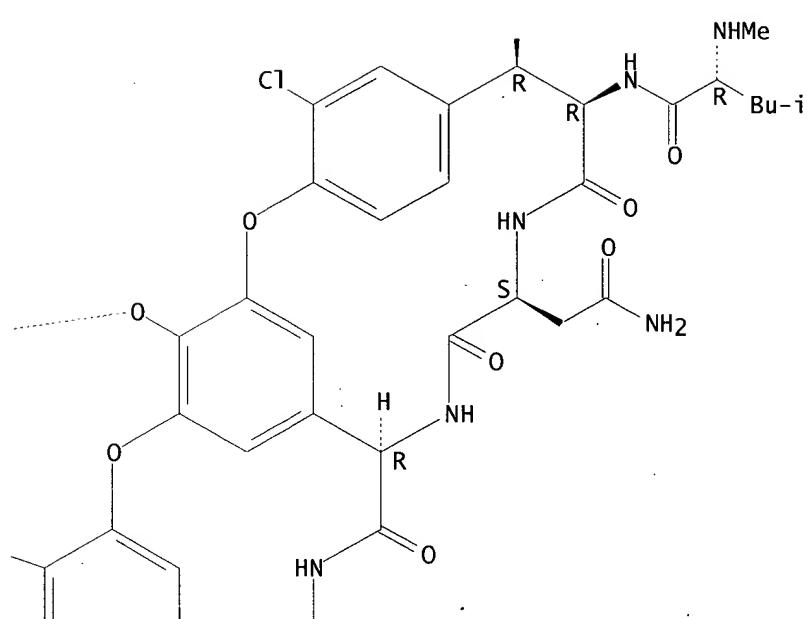
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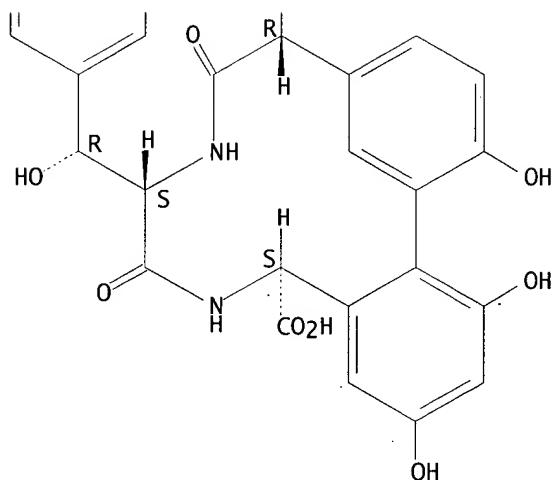
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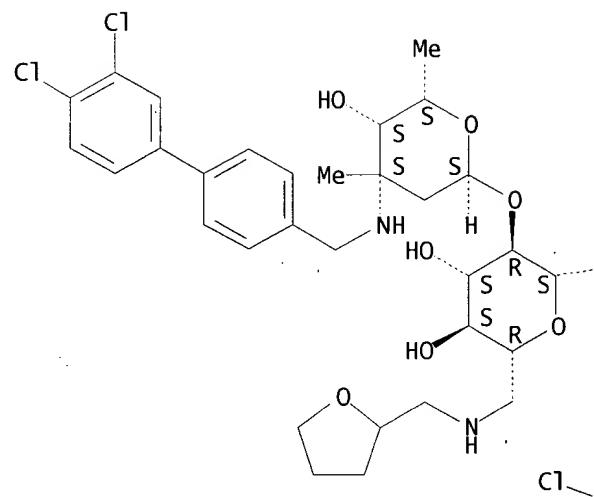
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Absolute stereochemistry.

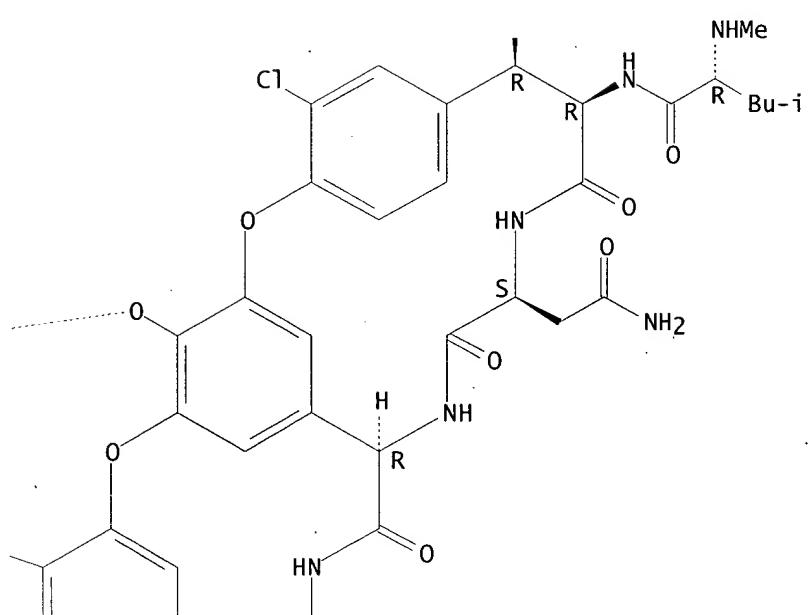
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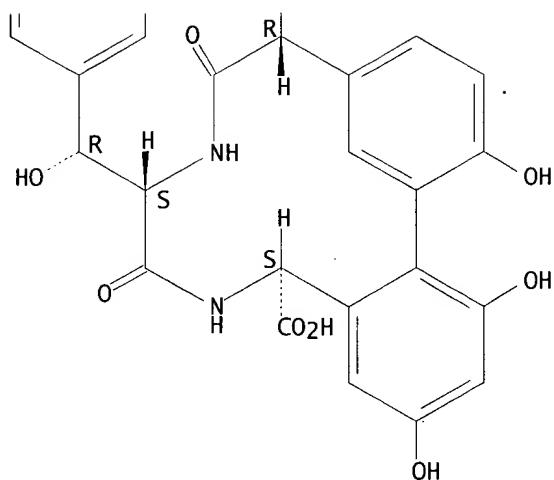
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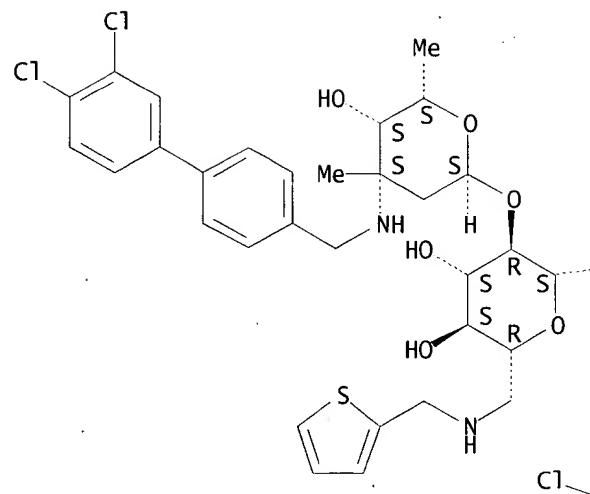
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Absolute stereochemistry.

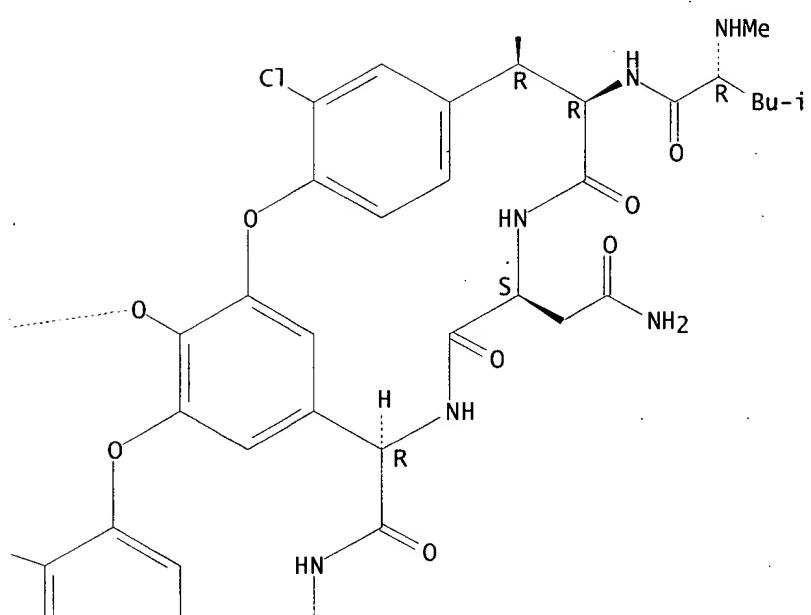
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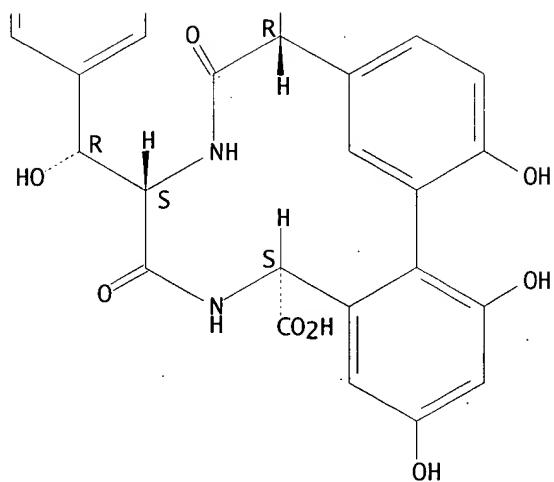
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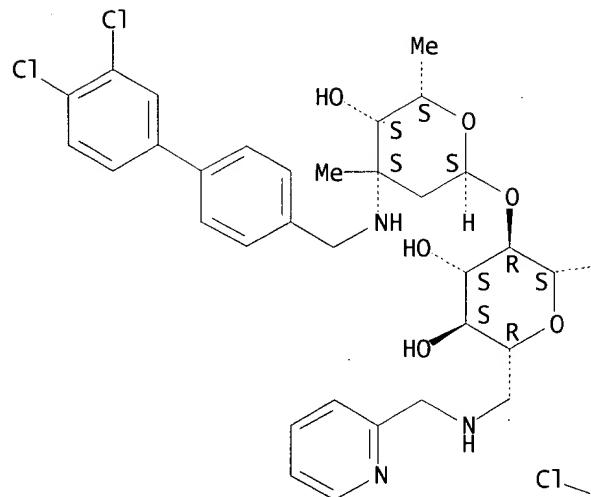
CN Vancomycin, 6'-deoxy-N3''-[(3',4'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl]-6''-[(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

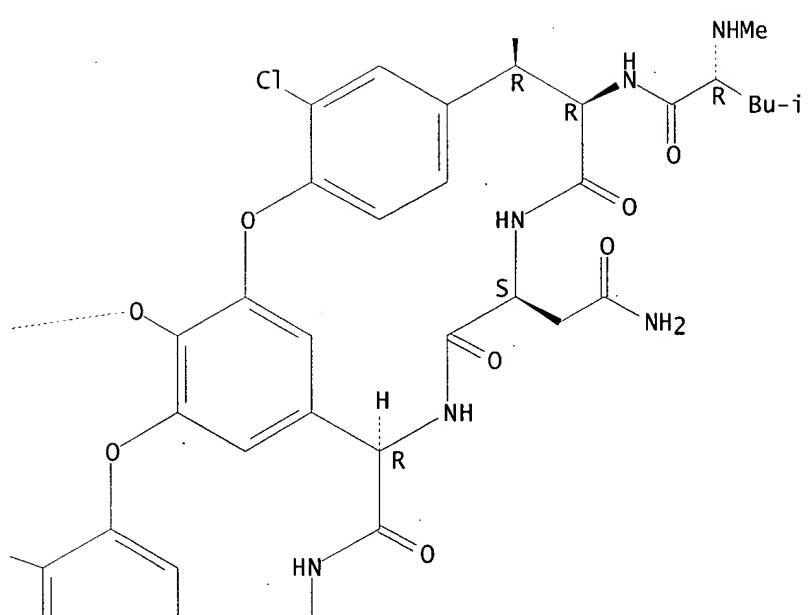
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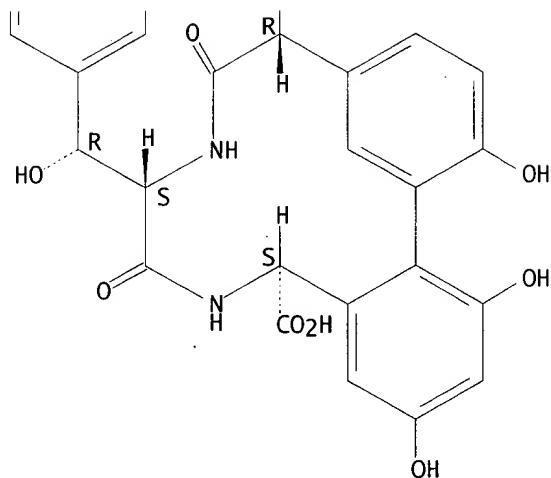
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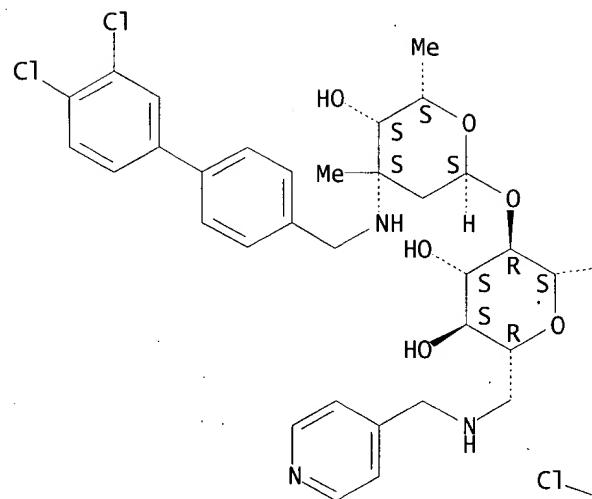
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Absolute stereochemistry.

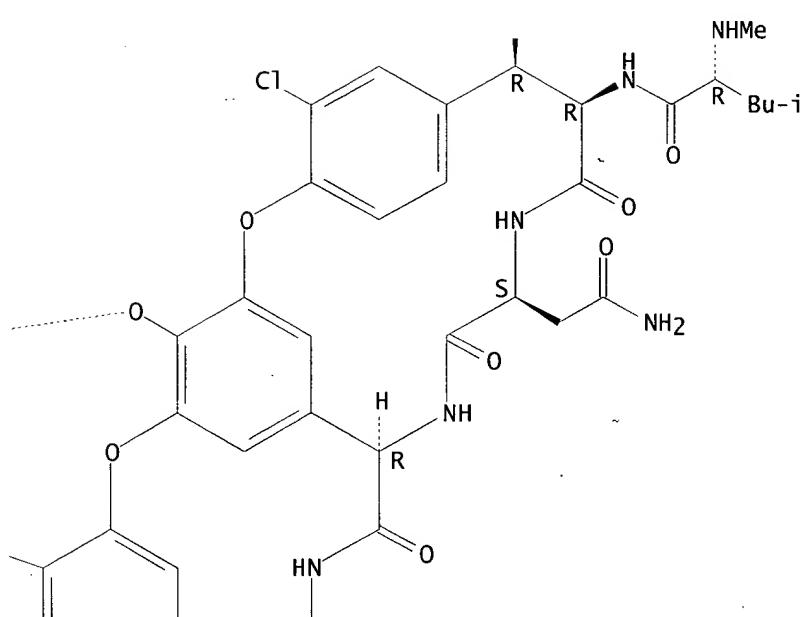
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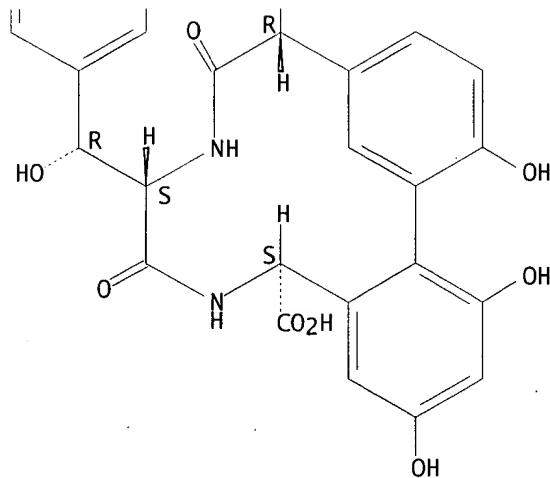
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IC ICM C07K009-00

ICS A61K038-14

CC 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 33, 63

ST glycopeptide prepn antibacterial; antibacterial vancomycin analog prepn; peptide glyco vancomycin analog prepn

IT Antibacterial agents  
(prep. of vancomycin analogs as antibacterial agents)

IT Glycopeptides

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(prep. of vancomycin analogs as antibacterial agents)

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RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);

BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of vancomycin analogs as **antibacterial** agents)

IT 773-64-8, Mesitylenesulfonyl chloride 1404-93-9, Vancomycin hydrochloride 66742-56-1, 4-(3-4-Dichlorobenzoyloxy)benzaldehyde 80575-23-1, N-(Allyloxycarbonyloxy)succinimide  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of vancomycin analogs as **antibacterial** agents)

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RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of vancomycin analogs as **antibacterial** agents)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L29 ANSWER 3 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:457093 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:89801

TITLE: Preparation of glycopeptide derivatives as **antibacterial** agents

INVENTOR(S): Judice, J. Kevin; Fatheree, Paul Ross; Lam, Bernice M. T.; Leadbetter, Michael; Linsell, Martin Sheringham; Mu, Yongqi; Trapp, Sean Gary; Yang, Guang; Zhu, Yan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Advanced Medicine, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 178 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

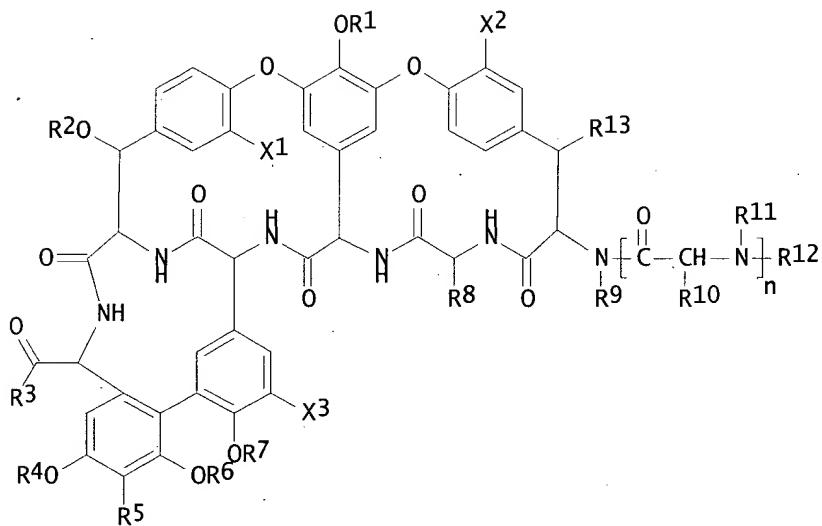
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
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			US 1999-164024P	P 19991104
			US 1999-169978P	P 19991210

OTHER SOURCE(S):  
GI

MARPAT 133:89801



AB Glycopeptide derivs I [R1 = H, aliph. or cycloaliph. residue which may be substituted, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, -Ra-Y-Rb-(Z)m (Ra = (un)substituted, (un)satd. alkylene; Rb is a bond or groups defined by Ra; Y = O, S, S2, SO, SO2, NH, etc.; Z = H, aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl or heterocyclyl; m = 1 or 2) or a saccharide group optionally substituted with -Ra-Y-Rb-(Z)m (Q); R2 = H or a saccharide group optionally substituted with Q; R3 = ORc, NRc2, Q, -NRc-Q, NRcRe, or ORe, where Rc = H, (cyclo)aliph., aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, acyl and Re is a saccharide group; R4 = H, aliph., Q, acyl, or a saccharide group optionally substituted with Q; R5 = H, halo, CHRc-NRc2, CHRc-NRcRe, CHRc-NRc-Q; R6 = H, aliph., Q, acyl, or a saccharide group optionally substituted with -NRc-Q, or R5 and R6 form a heterocyclic ring substituted with -NRc-Q; R7 = H, aliph., Q, acyl; R8-R11 = H, (cyclo)aliph., aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or R8 and R10 are joined to form Ar1-O-Ar2, where Ar1 and Ar2 are arylene or heteroarylene and R10 and R11 are joined to form a heterocyclic ring; R12 = (cyclo)aliph., aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, acyl, carbamoyl or imino derivs., esters, Q or R11 and R12 are joined to form a heterocyclic ring; R13 = H or OR14, where R14 = H, acyl, or saccharide group; X1, X2, X3 = H, Cl] were prep'd. as antibacterial agents. Thus, vancomycin underwent reductive alkylation of the glycosyl amino group by [(9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl)amino]acetaldehyde using Na cyanoborohydride. Deprotection and further reductive alkylation by decanal afforded N-[2-(decylamino)ethyl]vancomycin, along with the didecyl deriv.

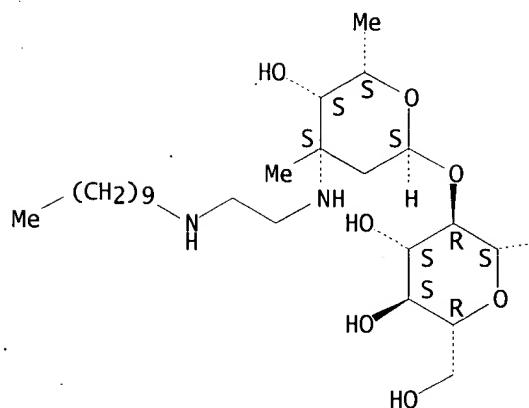
IT 281228-78-2P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of glycopeptide derivs. as **antibacterial** agents)

RN 281228-78-2 HCPLUS  
CN Vancomycin, N3''-[2-(decylamino)ethyl]-29-[[[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

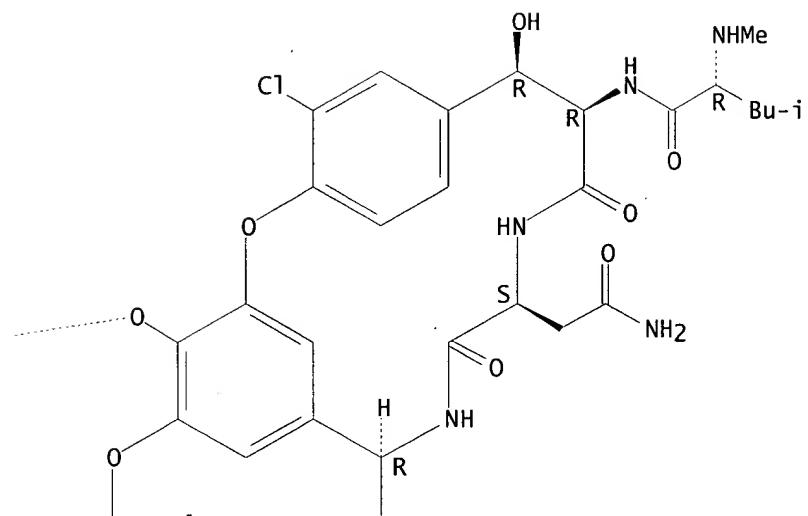
MAIER 09/806,650

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



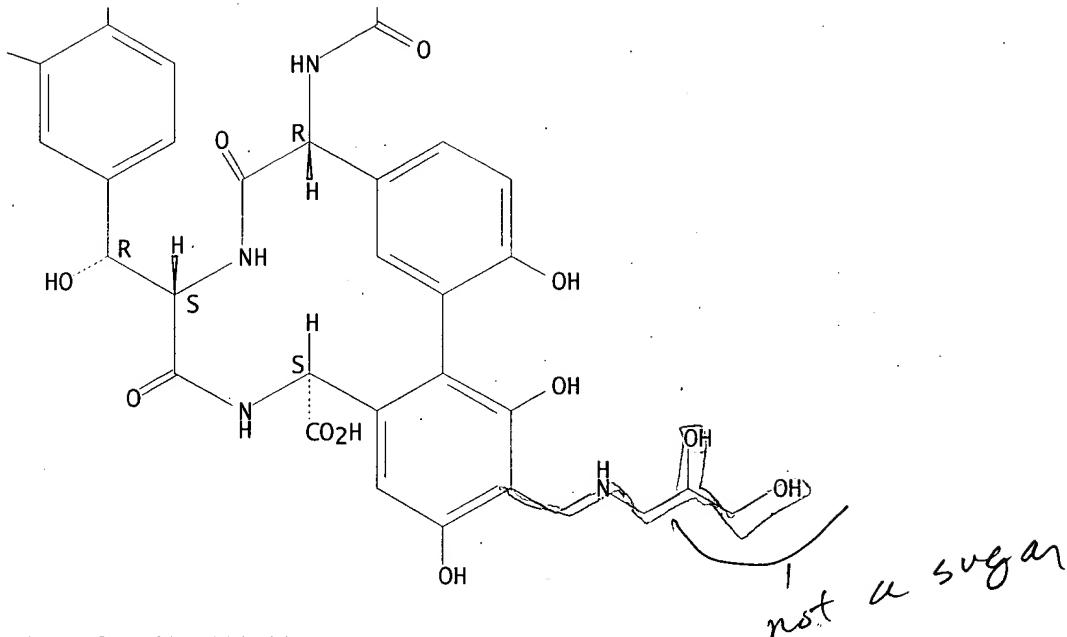
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C1

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- IC ICM C07K009-00  
ICS A61K038-14
- CC 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)  
Section cross-reference(s): 10, 33, 63
- ST glycopeptide prepn antibacterial; vancomycin reductive alkylation  
antibacterial
- IT Antibacterial agents  
(prep. of glycopeptide derivs. as antibacterial agents)
- IT Glycopeptides  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);  
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent);  
USES (Uses)  
(prep. of glycopeptide derivs. as antibacterial agents)
- IT Alkylation  
(reductive; prep. of glycopeptide derivs. as antibacterial agents)
- IT 66-84-2, Glucosamine hydrochloride 96-32-2, Methyl bromoacetate  
107-59-5, tert-Butyl chloroacetate 112-13-0, N-Decanoyl chloride  
112-29-8, 1-Bromodecane 112-31-2, n-Decanal 141-43-5, reactions  
141-78-6, Acetic acid ethyl ester, reactions 5680-79-5, Glycine methyl  
ester hydrochloride 6284-40-8, N-Methyl-D-glucamine 22483-09-6,  
Aminoacetaldehyde dimethylacetal 65405-70-1, trans-4-Decenal  
105496-31-9, N-(9-Fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl)-2-aminoethanol 167479-01-8,  
tert-Butyl N-(3-iodopropyl)carbamate 218933-56-3  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prep. of glycopeptide derivs. as antibacterial agents)
- IT 15196-28-8P 62248-80-0P 156939-62-7P 239087-70-8P 239087-76-4P  
239088-19-8P 239088-22-3P 281226-94-6P 281226-95-7P 281226-96-8P  
281226-97-9P 281229-89-8P 281229-90-1P 281229-91-2P 281229-93-4P  
281229-94-5P 281229-95-6P 281229-96-7P 281229-98-9P 281229-99-0P  
281230-00-0P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
(Reactant or reagent)  
(prep. of glycopeptide derivs. as antibacterial agents)
- IT 281226-54-8P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);

BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent);  
USES (Uses)

(prepn. of glycopeptide derivs. as antibacterial agents)

IT 1404-90-6, Vancomycin 197638-25-8, Vancomycin monohydrochloride  
RL: RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); RACT  
(Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of glycopeptide derivs. as antibacterial agents)

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	281226-68-4P	281226-69-5P	281226-70-8P	281226-71-9P	281226-72-0P
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RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of glycopeptide derivs. as antibacterial agents)

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 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological  
 study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of glycopeptide derivs. as antibacterial agents)

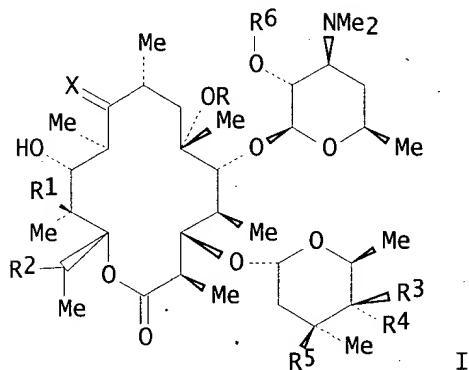
REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L29 ANSWER 4 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:388555 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:17747  
 TITLE: Preparation of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as  
 antibacterial agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Or, Yat Sun; Clark, Richard F.; Ma, Zhenkun;  
 Griesgraber, George; Li, Leping; Chu, Daniel T.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Abbott Laboratories, USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 128 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 646,477,  
 abandoned.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC: NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6075011	A	20000613	US 1997-841038	19970429
WO 9742206	A1	19971113	WO 1997-US7702	19970506
			W: AU, BR, CA, CN, CZ, HU, IL, JP, KR, MX, NZ RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE	
AU 9729987	A1	19971126	AU 1997-29987	19970506
AU 726075	B2	20001026		
ZA 9703894	A	19980223	ZA 1997-3894	19970506
CN 1224427	A	19990728	CN 1997-196134	19970506

BR 9708929	A 19990803	BR 1997-8929	19970506
EP 1007530	A1 20000614	EP 1997-924605	19970506
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI			
NZ 332320	A 20000728	NZ 1997-332320	19970506
KR 2000010800	A 20000225	KR 1998-708934	19981106
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 1996-646477	B2 19960507
		US 1997-841038	A 19970429
		WO 1997-US7702	W 19970506

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:17747  
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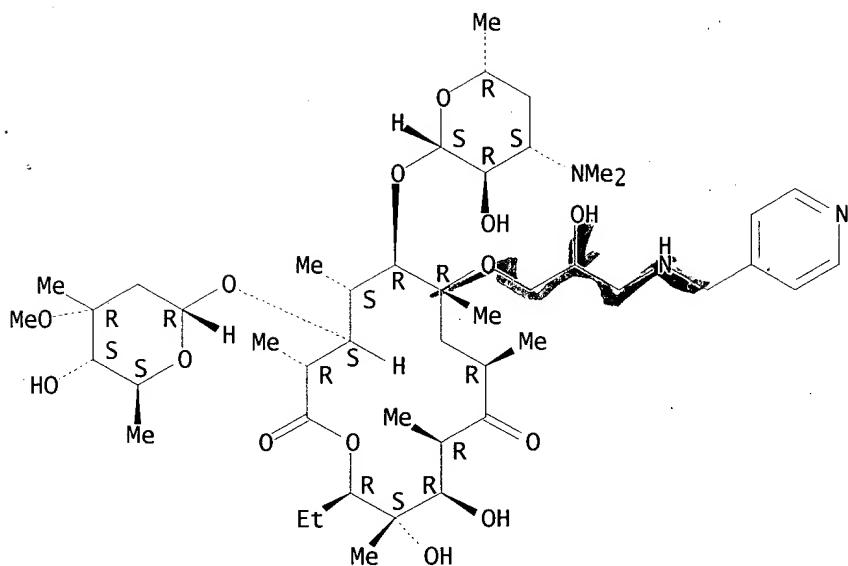


AB Macrolide erythromycins I (R = Me substituted with CN, F, carboxylate, sulfonate, amide, aryl, heteroaryl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl; X = O, NOH, substituted oxime; R1 = H, OH; R2 = H, OH, halogen, amine, cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, OCONH-aryl, OCONH-heteroaryl; R3R4 = O, NOH, substituted oxime; R5 = OMe, F, OH; R6 = H, hydroxy protecting group) were prepd. as antibacterial agents. Thus, I (R = allyl, R1 = R4 = OH, R2 = R3 = R6 = H, R5 = Me, X = O) was prepd. and tested in vitro for its antibacterial activity (MIC = 0.01 to >100).

IT 198557-57-2P 271782-53-7P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as **antibacterial** agents)

RN 198557-57-2 HCPLUS  
CN Erythromycin, 6-O-[2-hydroxy-3-[(4-pyridinylmethyl)amino]propyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

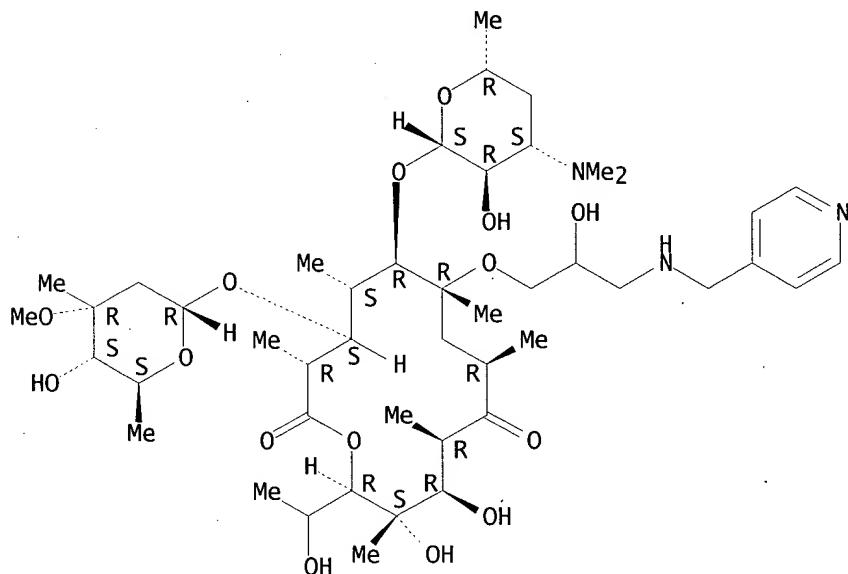
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 271782-53-7 HCPLUS

CN Erythromycin, 14-hydroxy-6-O-[2-hydroxy-3-[(4-pyridinylmethyl)amino]propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IC ICM A61K031-70

ICS C07H017-08

NCL 514029000

CC 33-7 (Carbohydrates)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 10, 63

ST macrolide antibiotic erythromycin prepn antibacterial glycoside

IT Glycosides

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological)

study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (aminodeoxy; prepn. of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

IT Antibiotics  
 (macrolide; prepn. of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

IT Antibacterial agents  
 (prepns. of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

IT 198482-49-4P 198482-50-7P 198482-51-8P 198482-54-1P 198482-58-5P  
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 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 (prepns. of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

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271782-04-8P	271782-05-9P	271782-06-0P	271782-07-1P	271782-08-2P
271782-09-3P	271782-10-6P	271782-11-7P	271782-12-8P	271782-13-9P
271782-14-0P	271782-15-1P	271782-16-2P	271782-17-3P	271782-18-4P
271782-19-5P	271782-20-8P	271782-21-9P	271782-22-0P	271782-23-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

IT	271782-24-2P	271782-25-3P	271782-26-4P	271782-27-5P	271782-28-6P
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RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

IT 100-46-9, Benzylamine, reactions 110-91-8, Morpholine, reactions 593-56-6, Methoxylamine hydrochloride 2687-43-6, O-Benzyl hydroxylamine hydrochloride 4392-24-9, 3-Phenylallyl bromide 129288-91-1 129317-09-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

IT 198482-60-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of 6-O-substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

IT 198482-74-5P 198482-76-7P 198482-77-8P 198482-78-9P 198482-79-0P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

IT 51-67-2, 4-Hydroxyphenethylamine 55-81-2, 4-Methoxyphenethylamine  
 57-14-7, N,N-Dimethyl hydrazine 60-34-4 64-04-0, Phenethylamine  
 100-63-0, Phenyl hydrazine 107-10-8, Propylamine, reactions 108-98-5,  
 Thiophenol, reactions 156-41-2, 4-Chlorophenethylamine 459-46-1,  
 4-Fluorobenzyl bromide 459-73-4, Glycine ethyl ester 530-50-7,  
 N,N-Diphenyl hydrazine 563-41-7, Semicarbazide hydrochlo-ride  
 588-05-6, 3-Hydroxyphenethylamine 1070-89-9, Sodium  
 bis(trimethylsilyl)amine 1758-46-9, 2-Phenoxyethylamine 2038-57-5,  
 3-Phenylpropylamine 2039-67-0, 3-Methoxyphenethylamine 2045-79-6,  
 2-Methoxyphenethylamine 3320-86-3, 2-Nitrophenylisocyanate 4319-49-7,  
 N-Amino morpholine 4846-21-3, O-Phenylhydroxylamine 4930-98-7,  
 2-Hydrazinopyridine 5332-24-1, 3-Bromoquinoline 5832-78-0,  
 4-(Propylamino)quinoline 6163-58-2 6928-85-4, 1-Amino-4-  
 methylpiperazine 7524-50-7, L-Phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride  
 13078-79-0, 3-Chlorophenethylamine 13078-80-3, 2-Chlorophenethylamine  
 13214-66-9, 4-Phenylbutylamine 13258-63-4, 4-Pyridineethanamine  
 13442-05-2 31938-11-1, O-Tritylhydroxylamine 49617-83-6, 3-Iodobenzyl  
 bromide 152330-60-4, 3-(Propylamino)quinoline 224304-96-5  
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 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

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 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of substituted erythromycins as antibacterial agents)

REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L29 ANSWER 5 OF 11 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:68479 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:122934  
 TITLE: Preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics and their  
 combinatorial libraries  
 INVENTOR(S): Kahne, Daniel; Kerns, Robert; Fukuzawa, Seketsu; Ge,  
 Min; Thompson, Christopher  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Princeton University, USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 159 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000004044	A1	20000127	WO 1999-US15845	19990714
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
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CA 2337103 AA 20000127 CA 1999-2337103 19990714  
AU 9949916 A1 20000207 AU 1999-49916 19990714  
EP 1095058 A1 20010502 EP 1999-933979 19990714

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
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WO 2000069892 A1 20001123 WO 2000-US13679 20000519

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,  
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EP 1179011 A1 20020213 EP 2000-936050 20000519

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-150690P P 19980714  
US 1999-134839P P 19990519  
WO 1999-US15845 W 19990714  
WO 2000-US13679 W 20000519

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:122934

AB Glycopeptides A1-A2-A3-A4-A5-A6-A7 [A1 comprises a modified or unmodified .alpha.-amino acid residue, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkanoyl, aroyl, aralkanoyl, heterocycl, heterocyclcarbonyl, heterocyclalkyl, heterocyclalkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, guanidinyl, carbamoyl, or xanthyl; each of A2 to A7 comprises a modified or unmodified .alpha.-amino acid residue, where (i) A1 is linked to an amino group on A2, (ii) each of A2, A4 and A6 bears an arom. side chain which is cross-linked by two or more covalent bonds, and (iii) A7 bears a terminal carboxyl, ester, amide, or N-substituted amide group; one or more of A1 to A7 is linked via a glycosidic bond to one or more glycosidic groups each having one or more sugar residues, at least one of the sugar residues bearing one or more substituents of the formula YXR, N+R1:CR2R3, N:PR1R2R3, N+R1R2R3 or P+R1R2R3 in which Y is a single bond, O, NR1 or S; X is O, NR1, S, SO<sub>2</sub>, C(O)O, C(O)S, C(S)O, C(S)S, C(NR1)O, C(O)NR1, or halo (in which case Y and R are absent); R, R1, R2, and R3 are H, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkanoyl, aroyl, aralkanoyl, heterocycl, heterocyclcarbonyl, heterocyclalkyl, heterocyclalkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, or arylsulfonyl] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts or a chem. library comprising a plurality of the glycopeptides of the invention were prepd. for use as antibiotics. Thus, glucose-C6 modified vancomycin derivs. were prepd. and assayed for antimicrobial activity (min. inhibitory concns. are tabulated).

IT 256350-02-4P 256350-30-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial libraries)

RN 256350-02-4 HCPLUS

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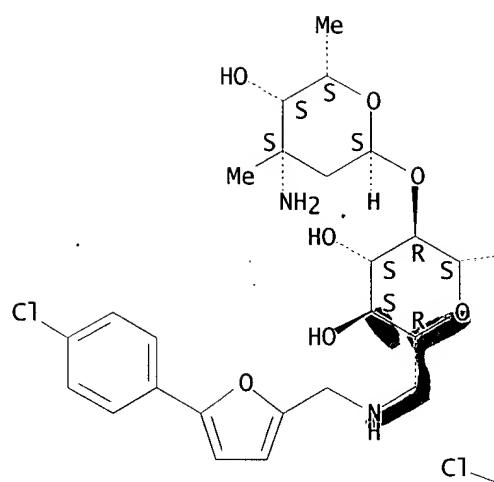
Absolute stereochemistry.

MAIER 09/806,650

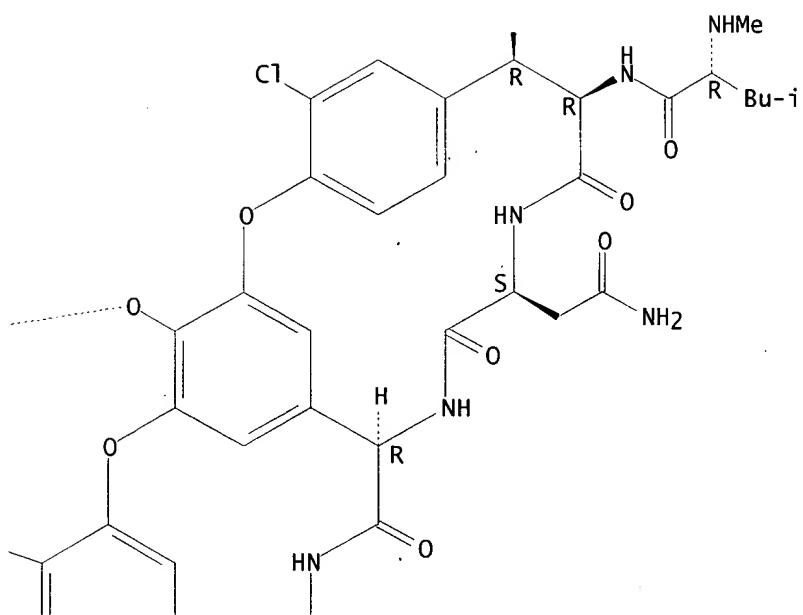
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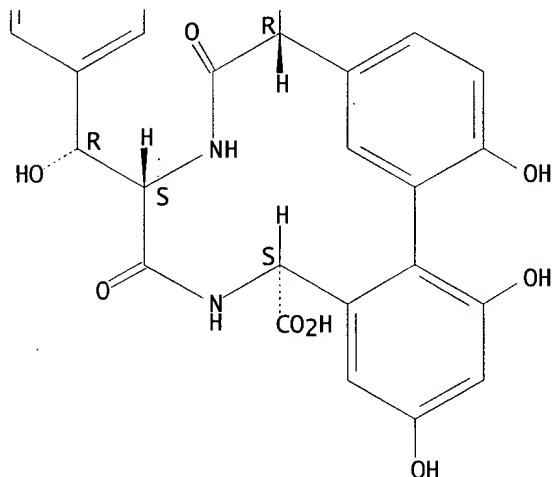
PAGE 2-A



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PAGE 3-B



RN 256350-30-8 HCPLUS

CN Vancomycin, N3''-[(4'-chloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl]-6'--[[[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-furanyl]methyl]amino]-6'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

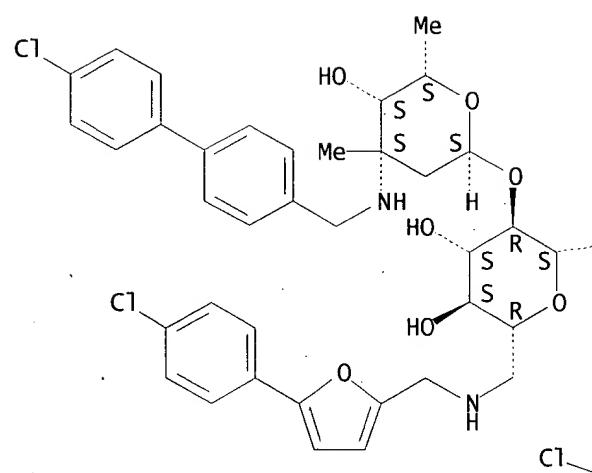
Absolute stereochemistry.

MAIER 09/806,650

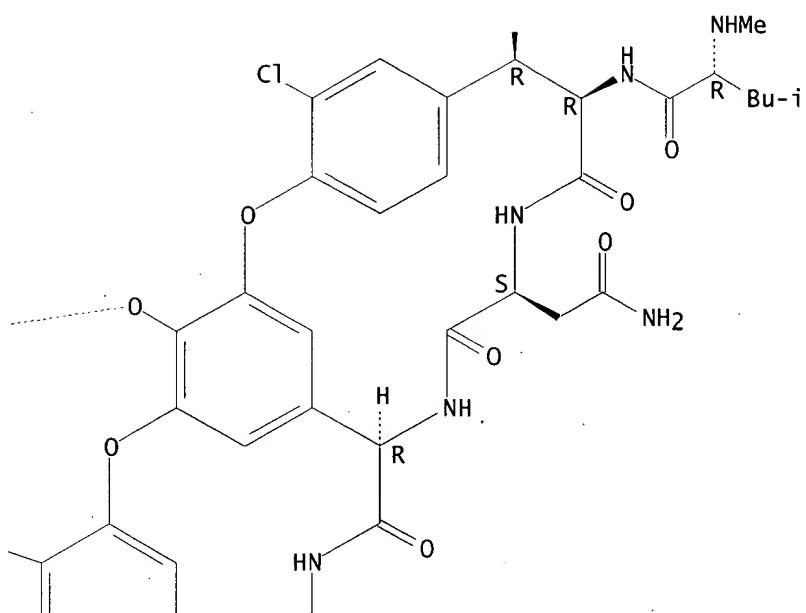
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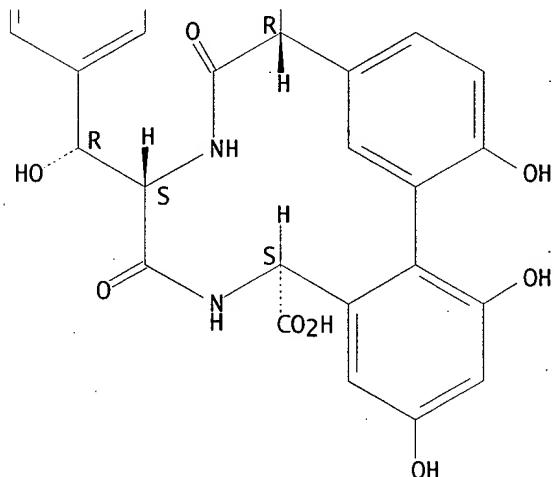
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IT 256349-92-5P 256350-29-5P 256351-36-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

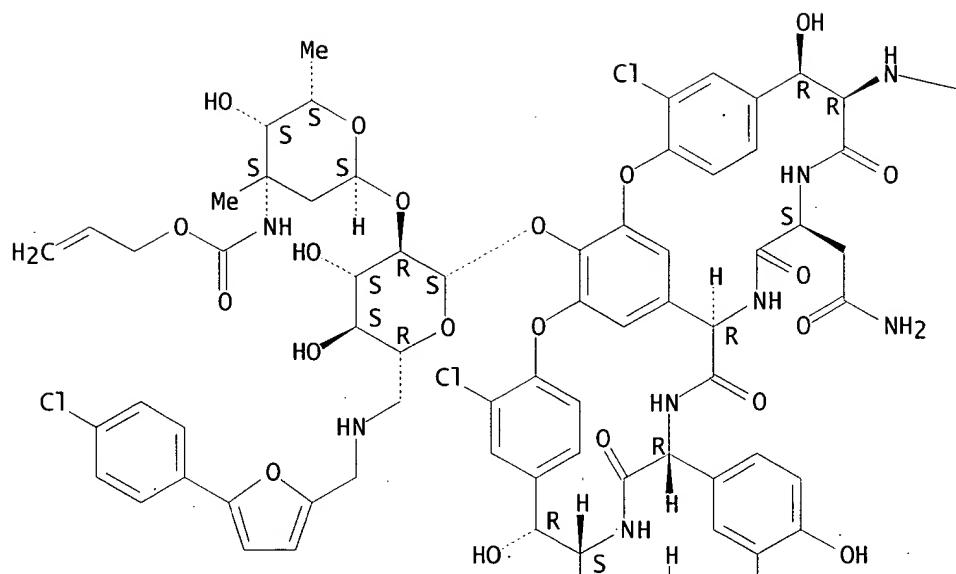
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RN 256349-92-5 HCAPLUS

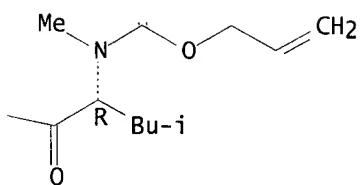
CN Vancomycin, 6'-[[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-furanylmethyl]amino]-6'-deoxy-N3'',56-bis[(2-propenylcarbonyl)-, 2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

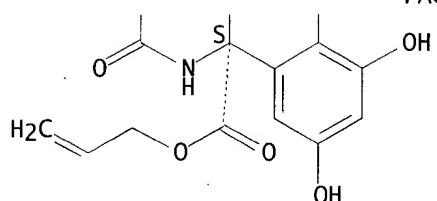
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PAGE 3-A



RN 256350-29-5 HCPLUS

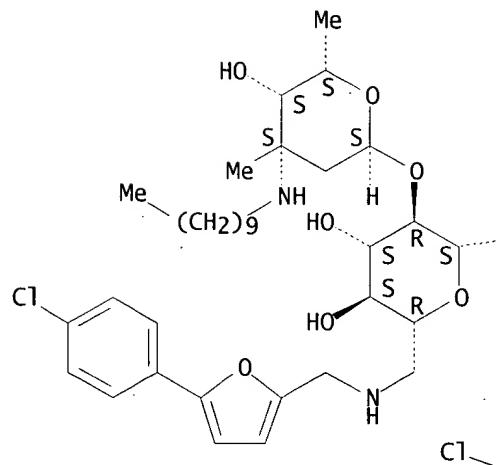
CN Vancomycin, 6'-[[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-furanyl]methyl]amino]-N3''-decyl-6'-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

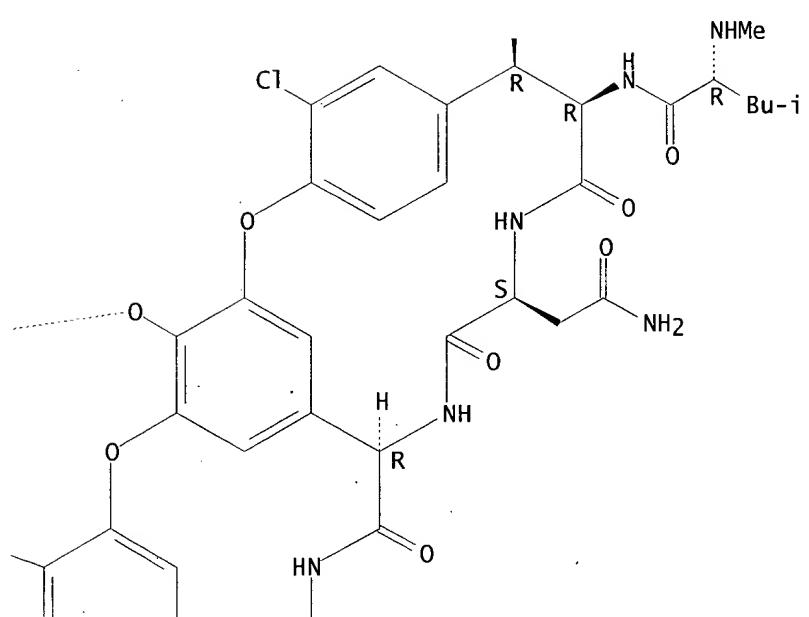
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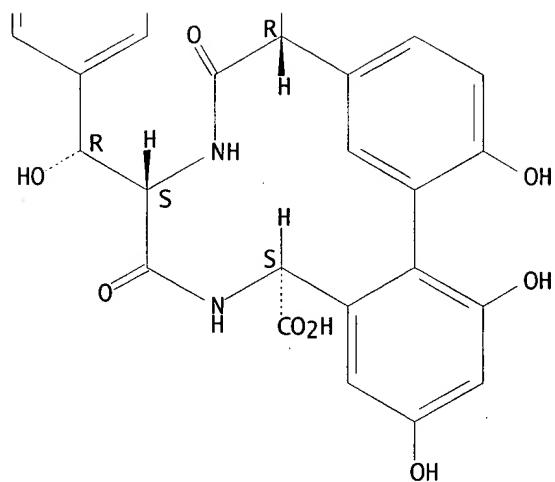
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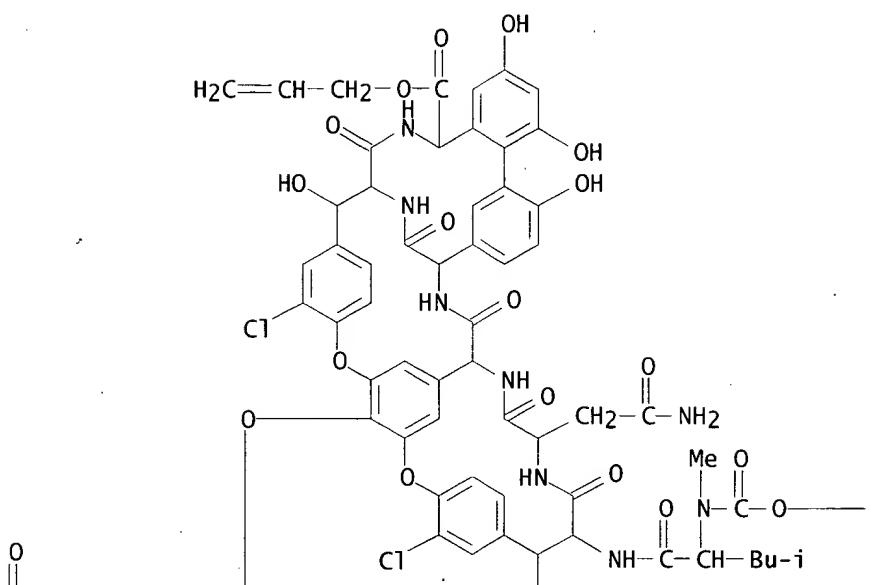
RN 256351-36-7 HCAPLUS

CN Vancomycin, 6',6''''-[(1-oxo-1,2-ethanediyl)diimino]bis[6'-deoxy-N3'',56-bis[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]-, di-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



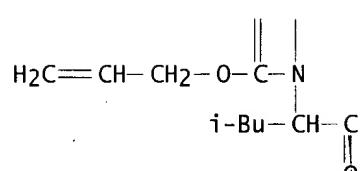
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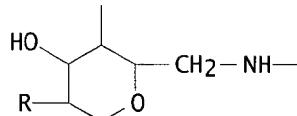
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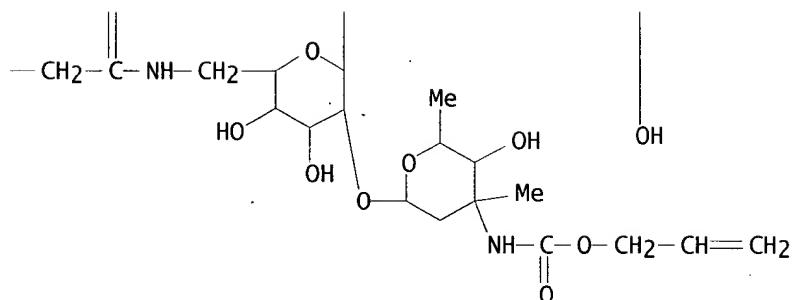
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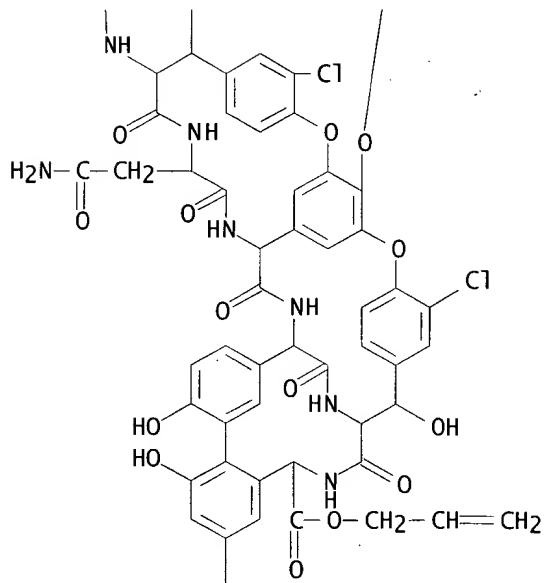
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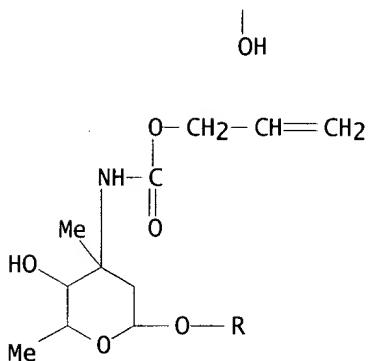
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PAGE 3-A



PAGE 4-A



- IC ICM C07K007-50  
ICS C07K009-00
- CC 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)  
Section cross-reference(s): 10, 33
- ST combinatorial library glycopeptide prepn antibiotic; vancomycin analog  
prepн antibiotic
- IT Antibiotics  
Combinatorial library  
(prepн. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial libraries)
- IT Glycopeptides  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepн. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial libraries)
- IT 256350-01-3P 256350-02-4P 256350-03-5P 256350-04-6P  
256350-05-7P 256350-06-8P 256350-07-9P 256350-08-0P 256350-09-1P  
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256350-89-7P	256350-91-1P	256350-93-3P	256351-39-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial libraries)

IT 256350-17-1P 256350-21-7P 256350-25-1P 256350-50-2P 256350-68-2P  
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256351-37-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial libraries)

IT 56-04-2, 4-Hydroxy-2-mercaptopro-6-methylpyrimidine 66-84-2, Glucosamine hydrochloride 75-33-2, 2-Propanethiol 91-10-1, 2,6-Dimethoxyphenol 106-53-6, 4-Bromothiophenol 108-98-5, Thiophenol, reactions 112-31-2, Decanal 112-64-1, Myristoyl chloride 298-12-4, Glyoxylic acid 333-49-3, 4-Amino-2-mercaptopurine 367-51-1, Sodium mercaptoacetate 609-14-3, Ethyl 2-methyl acetoacetate 609-67-6, 2-Iodobenzoyl chloride 615-76-9, 6-Aza-2-thiothymine 624-83-9, Methyl isocyanate 635-93-8, 5-Chlorosalicylaldehyde 773-64-8, Mesitylenesulfonyl chloride 824-94-2, p-Methoxybenzyl chloride 1004-76-8 1404-93-9, Vancomycin hydrochloride 1750-12-5, 4-Amino-3-hydrazino-5-mercaptopro-1,2,4-triazole 2037-31-2, 3-Chlorothiophenol 2349-67-9, 5-Amino-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-thiol 3004-42-0, 5-Phenyl-1,3,4-oxadiazole-2-thiol 5271-67-0, 2-Thiophenecarbonyl chloride 5331-91-9, 5-Chloro-2-mercaptopbenzothiazole 6670-13-9 13183-79-4, 5-Mercapto-1-methyltetrazole 14468-88-3 16691-43-3 25508-20-7 34035-03-5, 5-(4-Chlorophenyl)furfural 37052-78-1, 5-Methoxy-2-benzimidazolethiol 52431-78-4, 1-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-1h-tetrazole-5-thiol 54745-92-5, 2-Quinoxaloyl chloride 61494-52-8, 1-Pyrenesulfonyl chloride 71080-12-1 80565-30-6, 4-(4-Chlorophenyl)benzaldehyde 86060-85-7 92418-39-8 100432-86-8 256351-06-1 256351-08-3 256351-40-3 256351-41-4 256351-47-0

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(prepn. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial libraries)

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256351-16-3P 256351-17-4P 256351-18-5P 256351-19-6P 256351-20-9P  
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256351-32-3P 256351-33-4P 256351-34-5P 256351-35-6P  
**256351-36-7P** 256351-38-9P 256351-42-5P 256351-43-6P  
 256351-45-8P 256351-46-9P 256351-48-1P 256351-50-5P 256351-51-6P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial  
 libraries)

IT 129715-13-5P 255047-51-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of glycopeptide antibiotics and their combinatorial libraries)

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L29 ANSWER 6 OF 11 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:186798 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:180802

TITLE: Repromycin Derivatives with Potent Antibacterial  
 Activity against *Pasteurella multocida*

AUTHOR(S): McFarland, James W.; Hecker, Scott J.; Jaynes, Burton  
 H.; Jefson, Martin R.; Lundy, Kristin M.; Vu, Chi B.;  
 Glazer, Edward A.; Froshauer, Susan A.; Hayashi,  
 Shigeru F.; Kamicker, Barbara J.; Reese, Catherine P.;  
 Olson, Julie A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Central Research Division, Pfizer Inc., Groton, CT,  
 06340, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1997), 40(6),  
 1041-1045

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Reductive amination of repromycin with polyfunctional amines has led to new macrolide antibacterial agents, some of which are highly potent against the Gram-neg. pathogen *Pasteurella multocida* both in vitro and in a mouse infection model. A key element in this discovery was the recognition that among certain known macrolides increasing lipophilicity results in diminished in vivo activity. One repromycin deriv., 20-{N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-N-L-alanylmino}-20-deoxorepromycin, was selected for advanced evaluation. At 5 mg/kg, a single s.c. dose was found to control induced pasteurellosis in swine and induced respiratory disease in cattle.

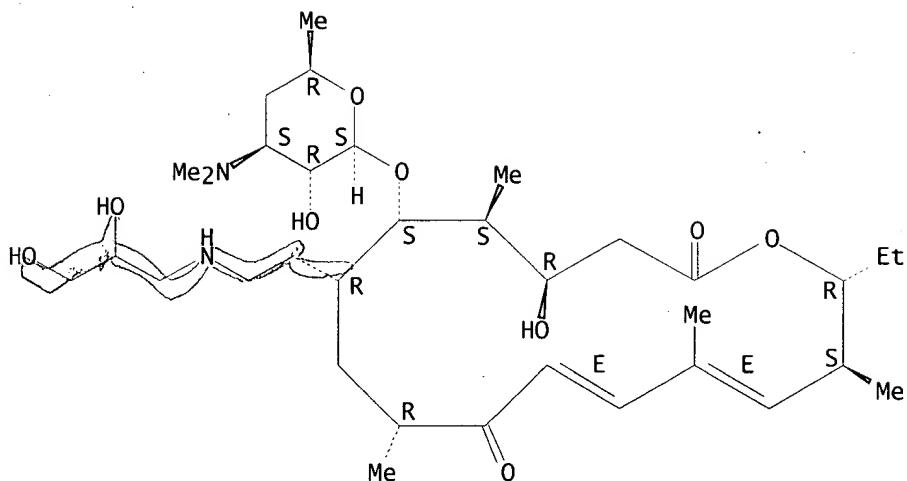
IT 187385-66-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. and structure activity relations of repromycin derivs. with potent antibacterial activity against *Pasteurella multocida*)

RN 187385-66-6 HCPLUS

CN Tylonolide, 20-deoxy-23-deoxy-20-[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino]-5-O-[3,4,6-trideoxy-3-(dimethylamino)-.beta.-D-xylo-hexopyranosyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.



CC 1-3 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 10

ST repromycin deriv prep antibacterial Pasteurella; structure activity  
antibacterial repromycin derivIT Structure-activity relationship  
(bactericidal; prepn. and structure activity relations of repromycin  
derivs. with potent antibacterial activity against Pasteurella  
multocida)IT Respiratory tract  
(disease; prepn. and structure activity relations of repromycin derivs.  
with potent antibacterial activity against Pasteurella multocida)IT Antibiotics  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);  
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(macrolide; prepn. and structure activity relations of repromycin  
derivs. with potent antibacterial activity against Pasteurella  
multocida)

IT Antibacterial agents

Cattle

Lipophilicity

Pasteurella multocida

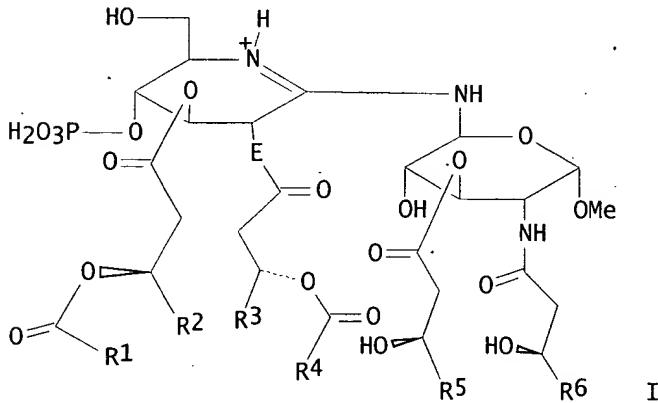
Swine

(prep. and structure activity relations of repromycin derivs. with  
potent antibacterial activity against Pasteurella multocida)IT 160996-23-6P 160996-24-7P 160996-32-7P 160996-35-0P 160996-36-1P  
160996-45-2P 160996-59-8P 160996-68-9P 160996-72-5P 160996-75-8P  
160996-78-1P 160996-79-2P 160996-80-5P 160996-92-9P 160997-01-3P  
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187385-49-5P 187385-51-9P 187385-54-2P 187385-56-4P 187385-59-7P  
187385-61-1P 187385-63-3P 187385-64-4P 187385-65-5P  
187385-66-6P 187385-67-7P 187385-69-9PRL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);  
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)(prep. and structure activity relations of repromycin derivs. with  
potent antibacterial activity against Pasteurella multocida)

L29 ANSWER 7 OF 11 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:97781 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:212368  
 TITLE: Preparation of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and antiviral and antibacterial agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Kamireddy, Balreddy; Darsley, Michael J.; Simpson, David M.; Massey, Richard J.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Igen, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 92 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 761,868.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 17  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5597573	A	19970128	US 1995-405438	19950314
ZA 9302028	A	19931108	ZA 1993-2028	19930322
US 5593969	A	19970114	US 1993-123590	19930917
US 2002045231	A1	20020418	US 2001-817502	20010326
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-761868	A2 19910903
			US 1992-861362	B2 19920327
			US 1992-871229	B2 19920417
			US 1993-37261	B2 19930326
			US 1988-190271	A2 19880504
			US 1991-740501	A2 19910805
			US 1991-773042	A2 19911010
			US 1993-52490	A2 19930423
			US 1999-241876	A1 19990202

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 126:212368  
 GI



AB Title amidine lipid A analogs I [R1-R6 = (un)substituted alkyl, alkene, alkyne; E = O, NH], were prep'd. as immunogen, antitumor, antiviral, and antibacterial agents. Thus, I (R1-R6 = C11H23; E = O) was prep'd. as bactericide, virucide, and antitumor agent. Structure activity relationship, antitumor, antiviral, and antibacterial activities of title compds are reported (no specific data).

IT 187726-75-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);

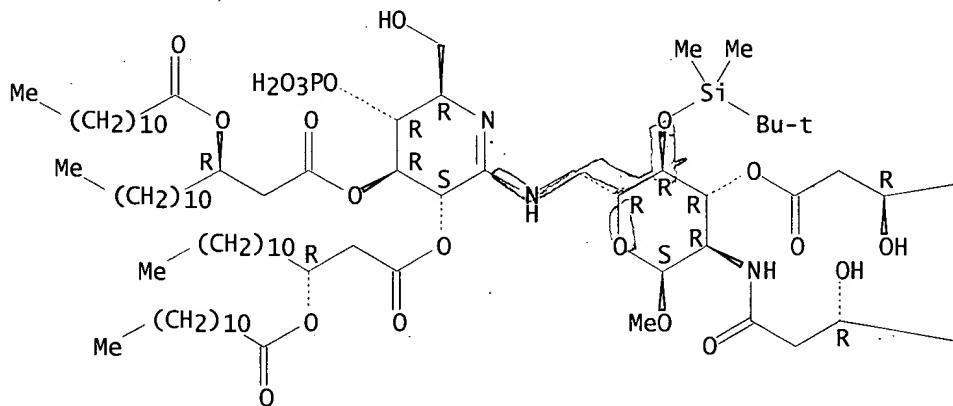
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prep. of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and  
 antiviral and **antibacterial** agents)

RN 187726-75-6 HCPLUS

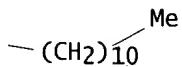
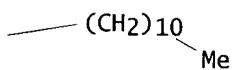
CN .alpha.-D-Glucopyranoside, methyl 2,6-dideoxy-4-O-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-2-[[[(3R)-3-hydroxy-1-oxotetradecyl]amino]-6-[[[(3S,4R,5R,6R)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-6-(hydroxymethyl)-3,4-bis[[[(3R)-1-oxo-3-[(1-oxododecyl)oxy]tetradecyl]amino]-5-(phosphonoxy)-2-pyridinyl]amino]-3-[(3R)-3-hydroxytetradecanoate] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



IC ICM A61K039-02

ICS A61K031-70; C07H017-02

NCL 424234100

CC 33-7 (Carbohydrates)

ST Section cross-reference(s): 1, 10, 15, 63

ST monosaccharide lipid amidine prepn antibacterial; immunization amidine oligosaccharide prepn antitumor; structure activity amidine oligosaccharide prepn antitumor; antibacterial amidine oligosaccharide lipid prepn; amidine oligosaccharide lipid prepn antitumor antiviral

IT Monosaccharides

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (amidine lipid-A analogs; prepn. of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and antiviral and antibacterial agents)

IT Disaccharides  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (amidine; prepn. of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and antiviral and antibacterial agents)

IT Antitumor agents  
 Antiviral agents  
 Immunization  
 Structure-activity relationship  
 (prepn. of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and antiviral and antibacterial agents)

IT 187726-72-3P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and antiviral and antibacterial agents)

IT 150711-97-0P 155211-85-1P 155211-86-2P 187726-67-6P 187726-69-8P  
 187726-75-6P 187886-60-8P 187886-65-3P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and antiviral and antibacterial agents)

IT 66-84-2, D-Glucosamine hydrochloride 111-82-0, Methyl Laurate  
 112-54-9, Lauryl aldehyde 143-07-7, Dodecanoic acid, reactions  
 143-15-7, Laurylbromide 756-79-6 2873-29-2, Tri-O-acetyl-D-glucal  
 17176-77-1 187726-70-1  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and antiviral and antibacterial agents)

IT 4704-15-8P 16684-31-4P 22104-73-0P 28715-21-1P 59739-24-1P  
 61348-62-7P 75039-86-0P 87357-67-3P 88708-59-2P 91681-56-0P  
 99049-65-7P 99049-68-0P 105678-96-4P 120878-43-5P 139623-13-5P  
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 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and antiviral and antibacterial agents)

IT 99049-66-8P 155211-98-6P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of amidine disaccharide lipid-A analogs as antitumor and antiviral and antibacterial agents)

L29 ANSWER 8 OF 11 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:524369 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:248316  
 TITLE: Preparation of derivatives of rosaramycin, repromycin,  
 5-mycaminosyltylonide, desmycosin, lactenocin,  
 O-demethylactenocin, cirramycin A1, and  
 23-deoxymycaminosyltylonide as antibacterials and  
 antimycoplasmics.  
 INVENTOR(S): Hecker, Scott J.; Jefson, Martin R.; McFarland, James  
 W.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 22 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 996,243,  
 abandoned.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5545624	A	19960813	US 1995-362496	19950111
WO 9402496	A1	19940203	WO 1993-US5210	19930607
W: AU, BR, CA, CZ, JP, KR, NO, NZ, PL, SK, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
ZA 9305077	A	19950116	ZA 1993-5077	19930714
ES 2076107	B1	19960401	ES 1993-1982	19930920
ES 2076107	A1	19951016		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-914242	B2 19920715
			US 1992-996243	B2 19921223
			WO 1993-US5210	W 19930607
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 125:248316			
GI				

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Title compds. [I, II; X1 = H, CN; Z = H, OH; Q = H, OH, F, Cl, Br, iodo, OX2, SX2, azetidin-1-yl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, piperidin-1-yl, 3,3-dimethylpiperidin-1-yl, hexahydroazepin-1-yl, octahydroazocin-1-yl, octahydroindol-1-yl, 1,3,3a,4,7,7a-hexahydroisoindol-2-yl, decahydroquinol-1-yl, decahydroisoquinol-2-yl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinol-2-yl, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-1-yl, 4-alkylpiperazin-1-yl, morpholino, 2,6-dimethylmorpholin-4-yl, thiomorpholino, amino, Q1, Q2, etc.; X2 = (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, Ph, PhCH<sub>2</sub>, pyridinyl, quinoliny, isoquinoliny, quinazoliny, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, benzimidazolyl, indolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl; R1 = H, alkyl, aminoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, N-alkylaminoalkyl, PhCH<sub>2</sub>, alkoxyalkyl, N,N-dialkylaminoalkyl, morpholinoalkyl, piperidinoalkyl, pyrrolidinoalkyl, azetidinylalkyl, aminoacyl, dipeptidyl, etc.; R2 = Q3, Q4, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; m = 0, 1], were prepd. as antibiotics (no data). Thus, a mixt. of repromycin and azetidine in EtOAc at 70.degree. was treated dropwise with HCO<sub>2</sub>H; the temp. was reduced to 65.degree. and the mixt. was stirred 5 h to give 63% 20-(azetidin-1-yl)-20-deoxorepromycin.  
 IT 181636-18-OP 181786-77-6P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

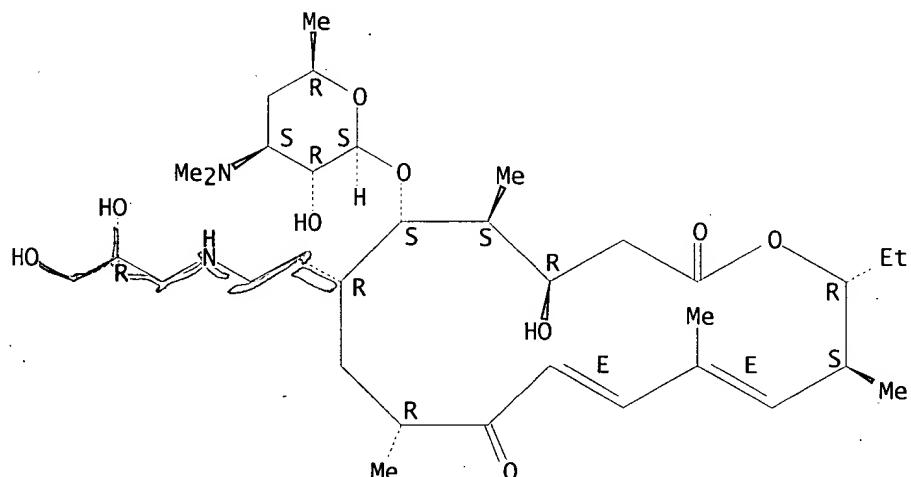
(prepn. of derivs. of rosaramycin, repromycin, 5-mycaminosyltylonide, desmycosin, lactenocin, O-demethylactenocin, cirramycin A1, and 23-deoxymycaminosyltylonide as **antibacterials** and **antimycoplasmics**)

RN 181636-18-0 HCPLUS

CN Tylonolide, 20-deoxo-23-deoxy-20-[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino]-5-O-[3,4,6-trideoxy-3-(dimethylamino)-.beta.-D-xylo-hexopyranosyl]-, [20(R)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

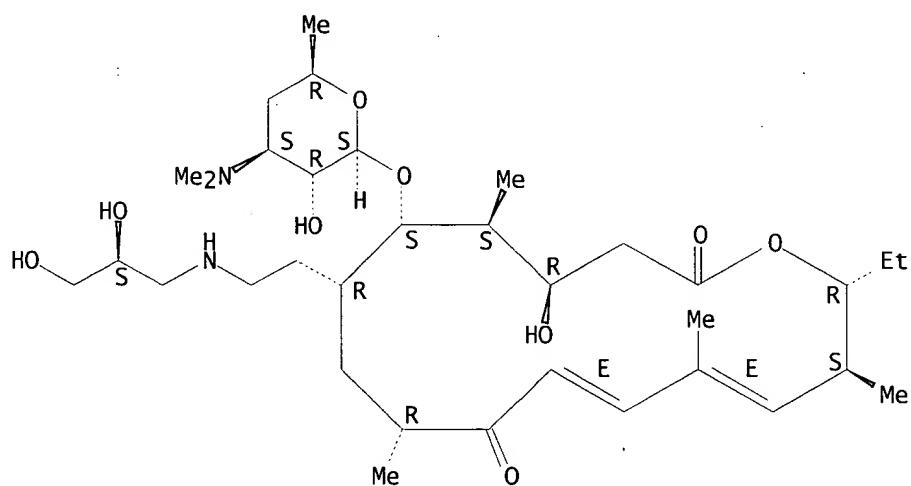


RN 181786-77-6 HCPLUS

CN Tylonolide, 20-deoxo-23-deoxy-20-[(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino]-5-O-[3,4,6-trideoxy-3-(dimethylamino)-.beta.-D-xylo-hexopyranosyl]-, [20(S)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



IC ICM A61K031-70  
ICS C07M017-08

NCL 514030000  
 CC 33-3 (Carbohydrates)  
 ST repromycin deriv prep antibacterial antimycoplasmic; rosaramycin deriv prep antibacterial antimycoplasmic; mycaminosyltylonide deriv prep antibacterial antimycoplasmic; cirramycin deriv prep antibacterial antimycoplasmic; deoxymycomycinosyltylonide deriv prep antibacterial antimycoplasmic; desmycosin deriv prep antibacterial antimycoplasmic; demethylactenocin deriv prep antibacterial antimycoplasmic; lactenocin deriv prep antibacterial antimycoplasmic; antibiotic macrocyclic lactone prep; antibacterial macrocyclic lactone prep; antimycoplasmic macrocyclic lactone prep  
 IT Antibiotics  
     (prepn. of derivs. of rosaramycin, repromycin, 5-mycaminosyltylonide, desmycosin, lactenocin, O-demethylactenocin, cirramycin A1, and 23-deoxymycomycinosyltylonide as antibacterials and antimycoplasmics)  
 IT 160996-56-5P 160996-87-2P 177856-76-7P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
     (prepn. of derivs. of rosaramycin, repromycin, 5-mycaminosyltylonide, desmycosin, lactenocin, O-demethylactenocin, cirramycin A1, and 23-deoxymycomycinosyltylonide as antibacterials and antimycoplasmics)  
 IT 160996-21-4P 160996-23-6P 160996-24-7P 160996-31-6P 160996-33-8P  
 160996-34-9P 160996-35-0P 160996-36-1P 160996-38-3P 160996-39-4P  
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 181636-25-9P 181636-28-2P 181636-29-3P 181636-30-6P 181636-31-7P  
 181636-32-8P 181636-33-9P 181636-34-0P 181636-44-2P 181636-49-7P

181636-51-1P 181636-53-3P 181636-56-6P 181636-58-8P 181636-60-2P  
 181786-65-2P 181786-66-3P 181786-67-4P 181786-68-5P 181786-69-6P  
 181786-70-9P 181786-71-OP 181786-77-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of derivs. of rosaramicin, repromycin, 5-mycaminosyltylonide, desmycosin, lactenocin, O-demethylactenocin, cirramycin A1, and 23-deoxymycaminosyltylonide as **antibacterials** and **antimycoplasmics**)

IT 109-55-7, 3-Dimethylaminopropylamine 123-00-2, 3-Morpholinopropylamine  
 124-40-3, Dimethylamine, reactions 141-43-5, 2-Aminoethanol, reactions  
 283-24-9, 3-Azabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane 406-34-8, 2-Fluoroethylamine  
 503-29-7, Azetidine 3262-72-4 3529-10-0 4530-20-5 4543-96-8,  
 N,N,N'-Trimethyl-1,3-propanediamine 7677-24-9, Trimethylsilyl cyanide  
 11032-98-7, Desmycosin 15761-38-3 17791-52-5 33670-32-5,  
 Methoxymethyltriphenylphosphonium bromide 35834-26-5, Rosaramicin  
 50507-46-5, Deepoxycirramycin A1 56689-42-0, Repromycin 80240-61-5,  
 4'-Deoxymycaminosyl tylonolide 81048-27-3 160998-13-0

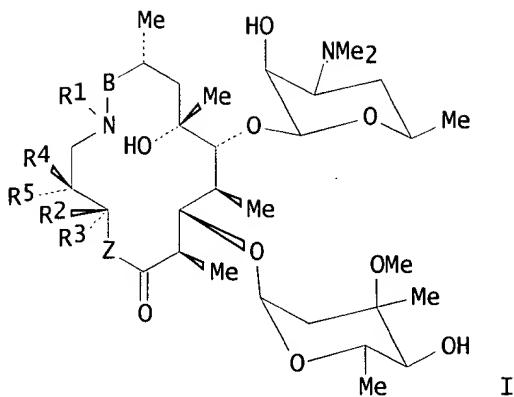
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of derivs. of rosaramicin, repromycin, 5-mycaminosyltylonide, desmycosin, lactenocin, O-demethylactenocin, cirramycin A1, and 23-deoxymycaminosyltylonide as **antibacterials** and **antimycoplasmics**)

IT 160998-12-9P 160998-14-1P 160998-15-2P 181636-80-6P 181636-87-3P  
 181636-96-4P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. of derivs. of rosaramicin, repromycin, 5-mycaminosyltylonide, desmycosin, lactenocin, O-demethylactenocin, cirramycin A1, and 23-deoxymycaminosyltylonide as **antibacterials** and **antimycoplasmics**)

L29 ANSWER 9 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:522597 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:291441  
 TITLE: Preparation of azaerythromycin A derivatives as antibiotics  
 INVENTOR(S): Waddell, Sherman T.; Blizzard, Timothy A.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 174 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9415617	A1	19940721	WO 1994-US83	19940103
W: AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, FI, HU, JP, KR, KZ, LK, LV, MG, MN, MW, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SK, UA, UZ				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 5332807	A	19940726	US 1993-48048	19930414
AU 9460825	A1	19940815	AU 1994-60825	19940103
GB 2277088	A1	19941019	GB 1994-6812	19940406
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1993-3076	19930111
			US 1993-48048	19930414
			WO 1994-US83	19940103
OTHER SOURCE(S): GI	MARPAT	122:291441		



AB Title compds. [e.g., I; B = CEt, bond; R1 = H, (ar)alkyl, PhSO<sub>2</sub>, etc.; 1 of R2,R3 = H and the other = H, (cyclo)alkyl, aryl(alkyl), etc.; R4,R5 = H, (cyclo)alkyl, aryl(alkyl), alkoxy, etc.; Z = O or NR<sub>1</sub>] were prep'd. as antibiotics (no data). Thus, 8a-aza-9,10,11,12,13,14,15-heptanor-8a-homoerythromycin A was N-alkylated by Me<sub>3</sub>CMe<sub>2</sub>SiOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHO and the product converted in 4 steps to I (B = bond, R1-R4 = H, Z = O).

IT 162737-86-2P

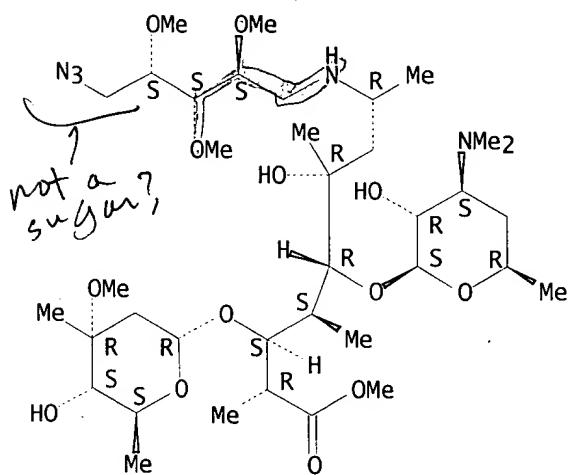
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of azaerythromycin A derivs. as antibiotics)

RN 162737-86-2 HCPLUS

CN D-erythro-L-ido-Nononic acid, 0-2,6-dideoxy-3-C-methyl-3-O-methyl-.alpha.-L-ribo-hexopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.3)-O-[3,4,6-trideoxy-3-(dimethylamino)-.beta.-D-xylo-hexopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.5)]-8-[(1-azido-1,5-dideoxy-2,3,4-tri-O-methyl-L-arabinitol-5-yl)amino]-2,4,7,8,9-pentadeoxy-2,4-dimethyl-6-C-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IC ICM A61K031-70

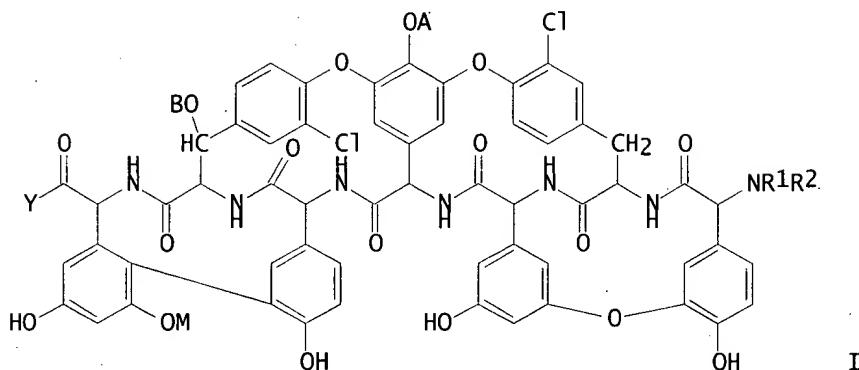
CC ICS C07H017-08; C07G003-00  
 CC 33-3 (Carbohydrates)  
 ST Section cross-reference(s): 1  
 ST azaerythromycin A deriv prep antibiotic  
 IT Antibiotics  
 (azaerythromycin A derivs.)  
 IT 114-07-8P, Erythromycin 152579-26-5P 152579-27-6P 152579-28-7P  
 152579-29-8P 152579-30-1P 152579-31-2P 152579-48-1P 162737-75-9P  
 162737-89-5P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prep. of azaerythromycin A derivs. as antibiotics)  
 IT 78-85-3, Methacrolein 98-09-9, Benzenesulfonyl chloride 100-39-0,  
 Benzyl bromide 109-80-8, 1,3-Propanedithiol 612-05-5, Methyl  
 .beta.-D-xylopyranoside 53562-86-0, Methyl (S)-3-hydroxybutanoate  
 73842-99-6 150780-43-1 162737-63-5 162737-74-8  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prep. of azaerythromycin A derivs. as antibiotics)  
 IT 2876-85-9P 20787-15-9P 89922-82-7P 116839-04-4P 148555-62-8P  
 150804-50-5P 152579-52-7P 152579-54-9P 162737-59-9P 162737-60-2P  
 162737-61-3P 162737-62-4P 162737-64-6P 162737-65-7P 162737-66-8P  
 162737-67-9P 162737-68-0P 162737-69-1P 162737-70-4P 162737-71-5P  
 162737-72-6P 162737-73-7P 162737-76-0P 162737-77-1P 162737-78-2P  
 162737-79-3P 162737-80-6P 162737-81-7P 162737-82-8P 162737-83-9P  
 162737-84-0P 162737-85-1P 162737-86-2P 162737-87-3P  
 162737-88-4P 162737-90-8P 162737-91-9P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prep. of azaerythromycin A derivs. as antibiotics)

L29 ANSWER 10 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:572650 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:172650  
 TITLE: Amides of N15-alkyl- and N15,N15-dialkylteicoplanin derivatives as antibacterials  
 INVENTOR(S): Malabarba, Adriano; Trani, Aldo; Kettenring, Juergen Kurt  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gruppo Lepetit S.p.A., Italy  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 65 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 352538	A2	19900131	EP 1989-112608	19890710
EP 352538	A3	19910529		
EP 352538	B1	19931201		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
AT 97917	E	19931215	AT 1989-112608	19890710
ES 2059647	T3	19941116	ES 1989-112608	19890710
DK 8903620	A	19900127	DK 1989-3620	19890721
HU 50356	A2	19900129	HU 1989-3737	19890725
ZA 8905644	A	19900725	ZA 1989-5644	19890725
JP 02088596	A2	19900328	JP 1989-193797	19890726
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1988-17736	19880726
			EP 1989-112608	19890710

OTHER SOURCE(S):  
GI

MARPAT 113:172650

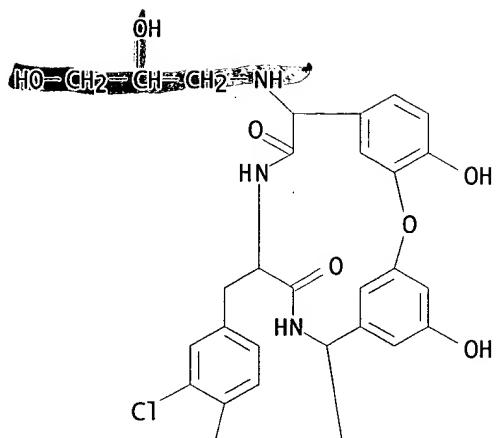


AB The title compds. [I; R1 = H, C1-3 alkyl; R2 = [CHR3(CR4R5)mX]p(CH2)nR6; R3, R4 = H, C1-6 alkyl; R5 = H, C1-6 alkyl, OH; R6 = H, C1-3 alkyl, CO2R7, OR7, SR7, NR7R8, halo; R7, R8 = H, C1-3 alkyl; m = 0, 1; n = 0-6; p = 1-6; X = O, NH, direct link; Y = (un)substituted NH2; A = H, N-(C9-12 acyl)-2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl; B = H, N-acetyl-2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl; M = H, .alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl; some restrictions are given], which show a good antibacterial activity mainly against gram-pos. bacteria and also allow an easy pharmaceutical formulation, are prep'd. by (1) reaction of I (R1 = R2 = H) with C1-3 alkyl halide or X1[CHR3CCR4R5)mX]p(CH2)nR6 (X1 = halo) or (2) reductive alkylation of I (R1 = R2 = H) with a carbonyl compd. Thus, a soln. of I [R1 = R2 = H, A = N-(C10,11 acyl)-2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl, B = N-acetyl-2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl, M = .alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl, Y = NH(CH2)3NMe2], Et3N, and C1CH2OCH2CH2OMe in DMF was stirred 60 min at room temp. to give 44% I (R1 = H, R2 = CH2OCH2CH2OMe, A, B, M, Y same as defined above) (II). A total of 106 I were prep'd. II in vitro exhibited MIC of 0.06-4.00 .mu.g/mL against 6 bacteria, e.g., Staphylococcus aureus.

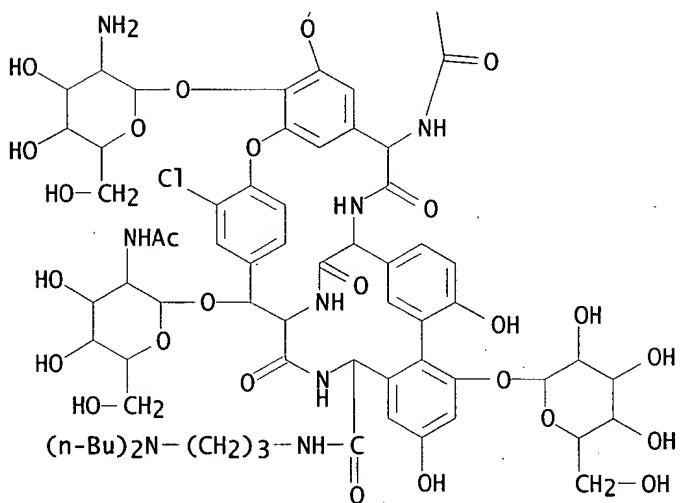
IT 129556-06-5DP, glycosyl N acylated 129556-26-9DP,  
 glycosyl N acylated 129556-47-4DP, glycosyl N acylated  
 129556-49-6P 129556-56-5P 129589-80-6DP,  
 glycosyl N acylated 129589-94-2DP, glycosyl N acylated  
 129589-95-3DP, glycosyl N acylated 129617-00-1DP,  
 glycosyl N acylated  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of, as antibacterial)

RN 129556-06-5 HCPLUS  
 CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-56-O-(2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)-22,31-dichloro-38-de(methoxycarbonyl)-7-demethyl-19-deoxy-38-[[3-(dibutylamino)propyl]amino]carbonyl]-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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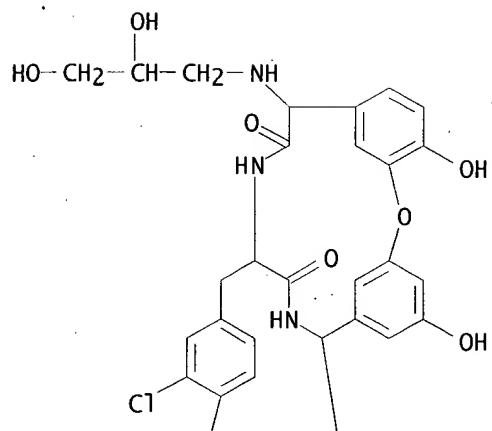
PAGE 2-A



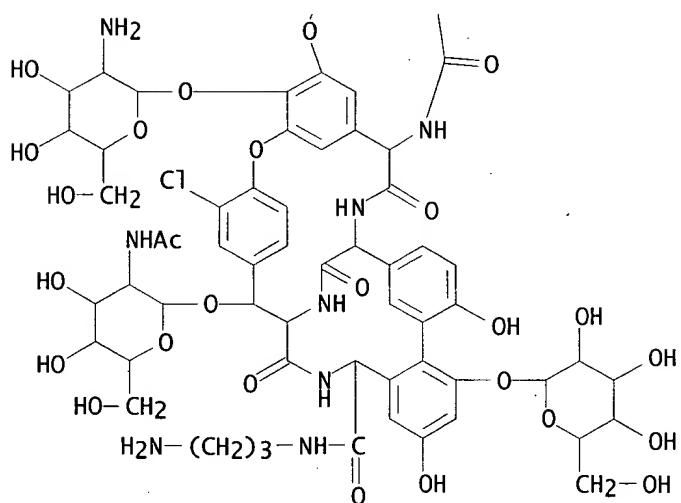
RN 129556-26-9 HCPLUS

CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylaminoo)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-56-O-(2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)-38-[[[(3-aminopropyl)amino]carbonyl]-22,31-dichloro-38-de(methoxycarbonyl)-7-demethyl-19-deoxy-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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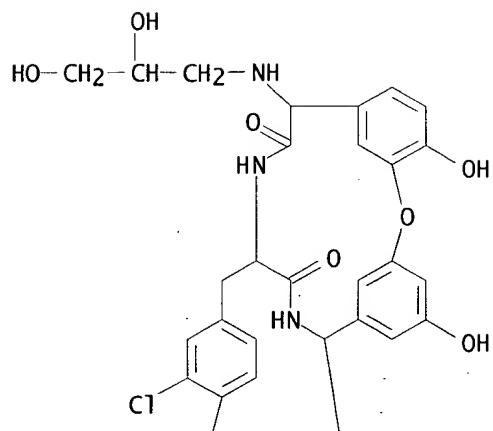
PAGE 2-A



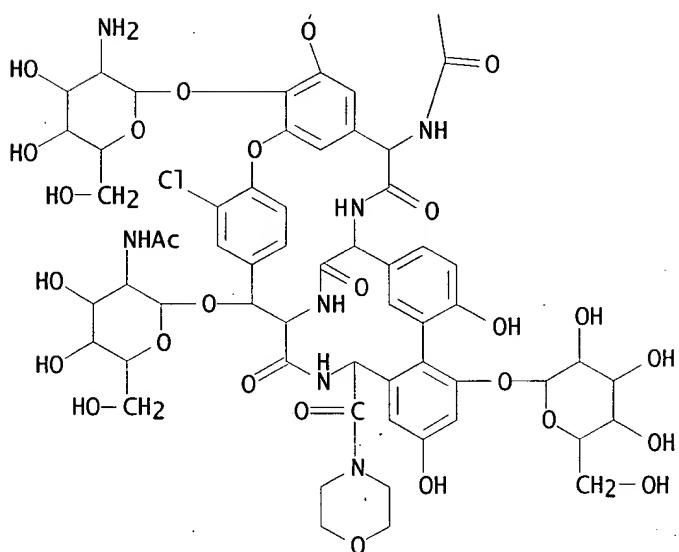
RN 129556-47-4 HCPLUS

CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-56-O-(2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)-22,31-dichloro-38-de(methoxycarbonyl)-7-demethyl-19-deoxy-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl-38-(4-morpholinylcarbonyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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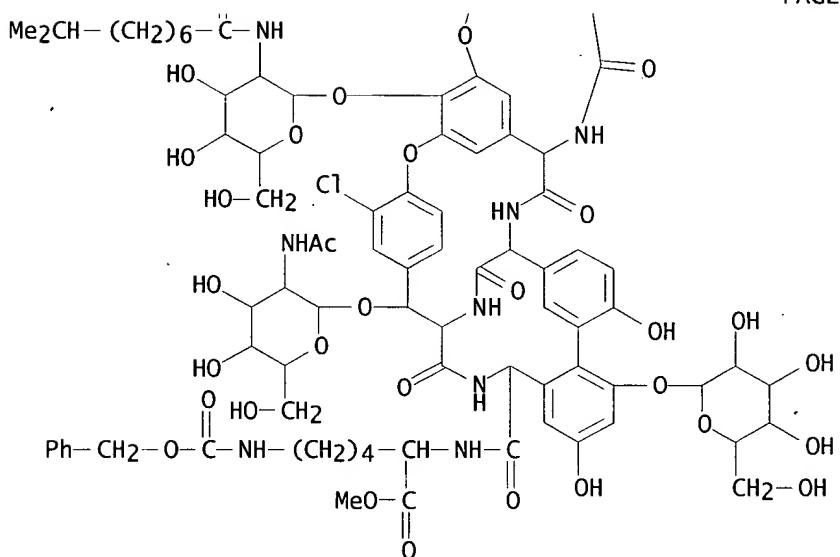
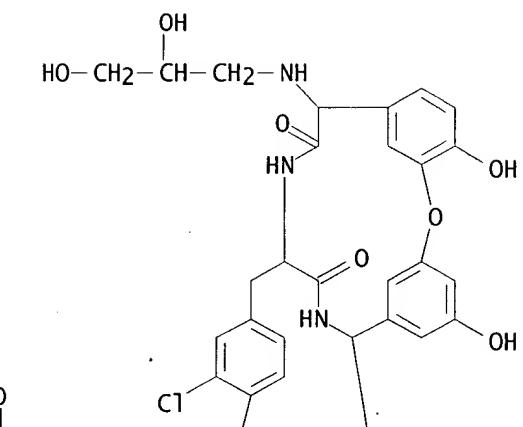


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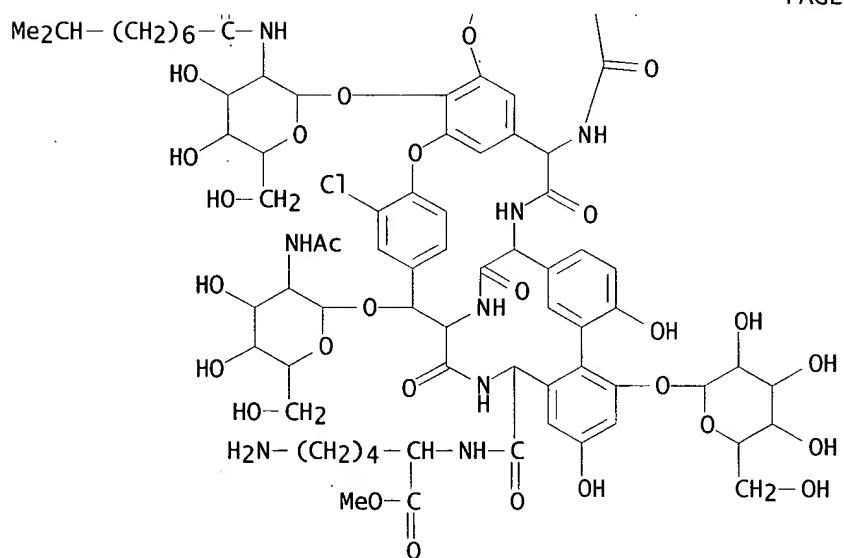
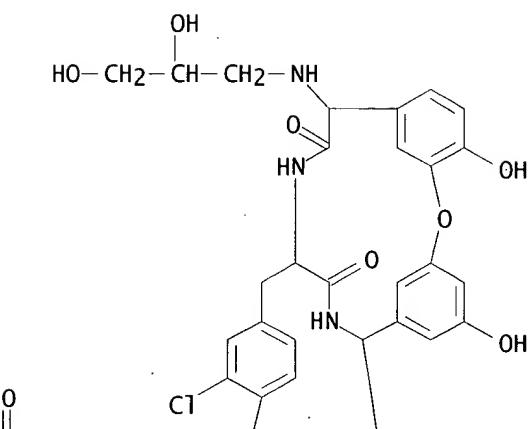
RN 129556-49-6 HCPLUS

CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylaminooxy)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-22,31-dichloro-38-de(methoxycarbonyl)-7-demethyl-19-deoxy-56-O-[2-deoxy-2-[(8-methyl-1-oxononyl)amino]-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl-38-[[1-(methoxycarbonyl)-5-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]pentyl]amino]carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



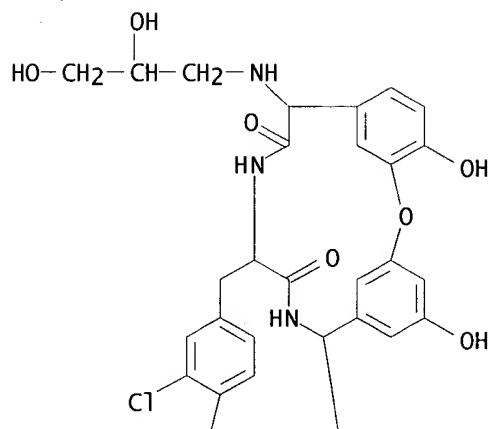
RN 129556-56-5 HCPLUS

CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-38-[[[5-amino-1-(methoxycarbonyl)pentyl]amino]carbonyl]-22,31-dichloro-38-de(methoxycarbonyl)-7-demethyl-19-deoxy-56-O-[2-deoxy-2-[(8-methyl-1-oxononyl)amino]-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

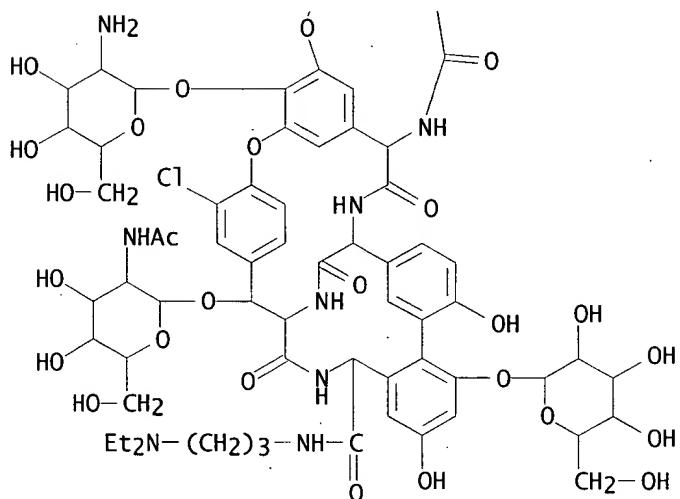


RN 129589-80-6 HCAPLUS  
CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-56-O-(2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)-22,31-dichloro-38-de(methoxycarbonyl)-7-demethyl-19-deoxy-38-[[[3-(diethylamino)propyl]amino]carbonyl]-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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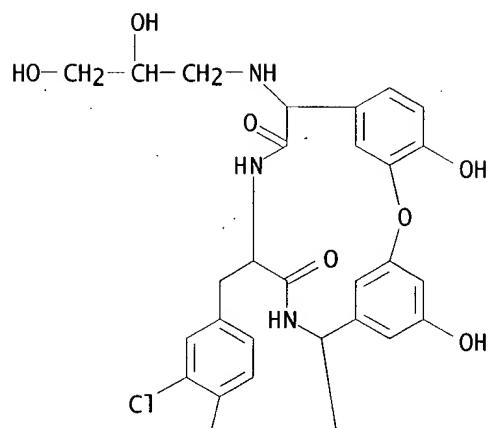
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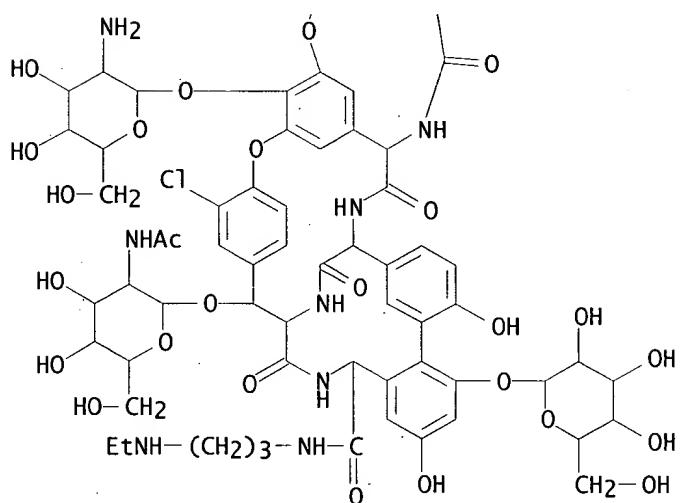
RN 129589-94-2 HCAPLUS

CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-56-O-(2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)-22,31-dichloro-38-de(methoxycarbonyl)-7-demethyl-19-deoxy-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-38-[[[3-(ethylamino)propyl]amino]carbonyl]-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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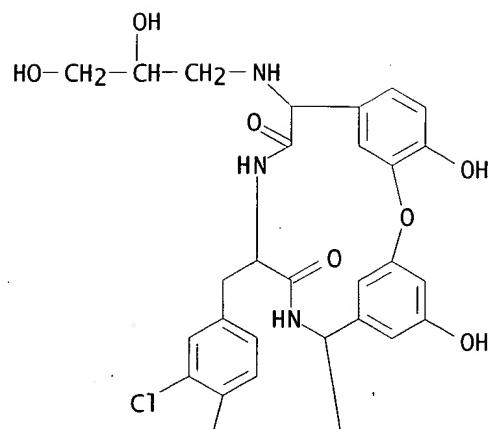
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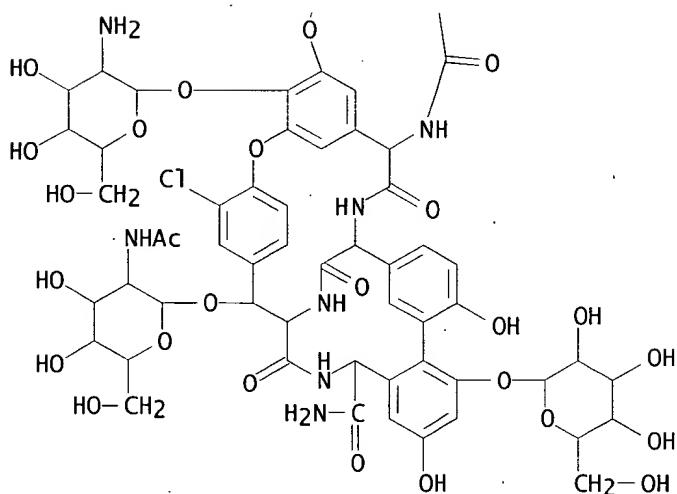
RN 129589-95-3 HCAPLUS

CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-38-(aminocarbonyl)-56-O-(2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)-22,31-dichloro-38-de(methoxycarbonyl)-7-demethyl-19-deoxy-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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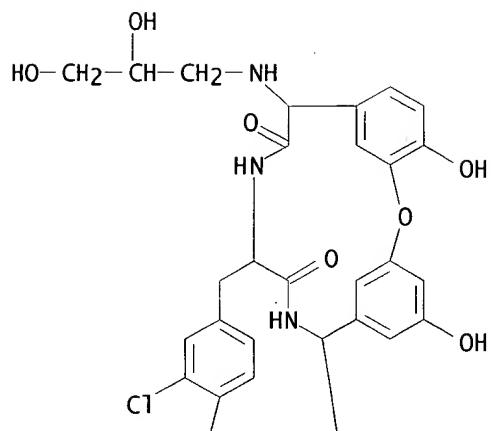
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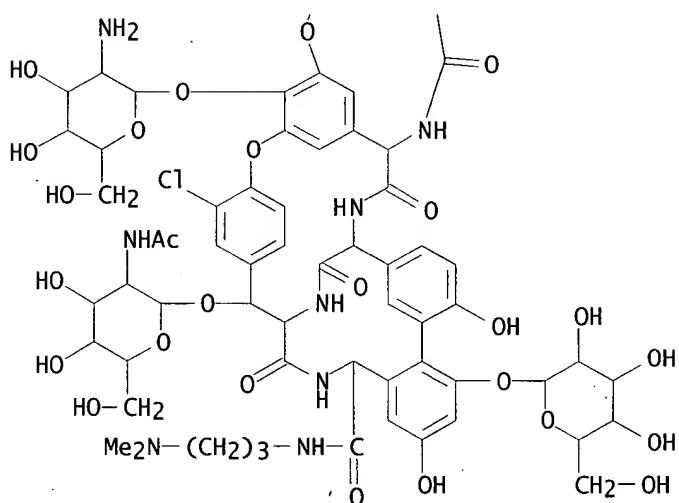
RN 129617-00-1 HCPLUS

CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-56-O-(2-amino-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)-22,31-dichloro-38-de(methoxycarbonyl)-7-demethyl-19-deoxy-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-38-[[[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]amino]carbonyl]-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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- IC ICM C07K009-00  
 ICS C07K001-00; A61K037-02  
 ICA C12P021-04  
 ICI C12P021-04, C12R001-045  
 CC 33-8 (Carbohydrates)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 1  
 ST alkylteicoplanin prepn antibacterial; teicoplanin alkyl prepn  
 antibacterial  
 IT Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics  
     (medical, N-alkyl- or N,N-dialkylteicoplanins)  
 IT 3970-21-6, 2-Methoxyethoxymethyl chloride 5197-62-6,

2-[2-(2-Chloroethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (alkylation by, of teicoplanin amide)

IT 117226-72-9 129556-63-4D, glycosyl N acylated 129556-64-5D, glycosyl N acylated 129556-65-6D, glycosyl N acylated 129556-75-8  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (alkylation of, in prepn. of antibacterial)

IT 120561-82-2 128937-97-3D, glycosyl N acylated 128938-00-1D, glycosyl N acylated  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (amidation of, with diaminopropane deriv.)

IT 104-78-9 109-55-7, N,N-Dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane 109-76-2,  
 1,3-Propanediamine  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (amidation of, with teicoplanin)

IT 122172-73-0P 122173-07-3P 122173-39-1P 122173-40-4P 129555-78-8DP,  
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 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of, as **antibacterial**)

- IT 61036-62-2DP, Teicoplanin, N-alkyl and N,N-dialkyl derivs.  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of, as antibacterials)
- IT 50-00-0, Formaldehyde, reactions 116-09-6, 2-Oxo-1-propanol 367-47-5  
 513-86-0, 3-Oxo-2-butanol 52334-92-6, 2-(Dimethylamino)acetaldehyde  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reductive alkylation by, of teicoplanin amide)
- IT 113653-74-0 117251-06-6D, glycosyl N acylated 122172-98-9  
 122173-08-4 122173-41-5 122173-70-0 122173-89-1 122188-87-8  
 122188-88-9 122188-89-0 122188-91-4 127868-83-1 129556-65-6D,  
 glycosyl N acylated 129556-66-7D, glycosyl N acylated 129556-67-8D,  
 glycosyl N acylated 129556-68-9D, glycosyl N acylated 129556-69-0D,  
 glycosyl N acylated 129556-70-3D, glycosyl N acylated 129556-71-4D,  
 glycosyl N acylated 129556-72-5 129556-73-6D, glycosyl N acylated  
 129556-74-7D, glycosyl N acylated 129556-75-8 129556-76-9  
 129556-77-0D, glycosyl N acylated 129556-78-1D, glycosyl N acylated  
 129556-79-2D, glycosyl N acylated 129556-80-5D, glycosyl N acylated  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reductive alkylation of, in prepn. of antibacterial)
- IT 129556-67-8D, glycosyl N acylated  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reductive methylation of, by formaldehyde)

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:498033 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:98033

TITLE: Preparation of N15-alkyl and N15,N15-di-alkyl  
derivatives of teicoplanin antibiotics carrying  
functional groups on the alkyl side chain

INVENTOR(S): Malabarba, Adriano; Trani, Aldo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gruppo Lepetit S.p.A., Italy

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

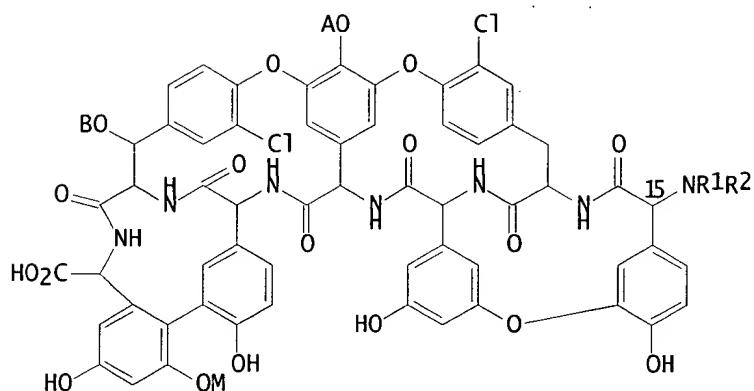
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

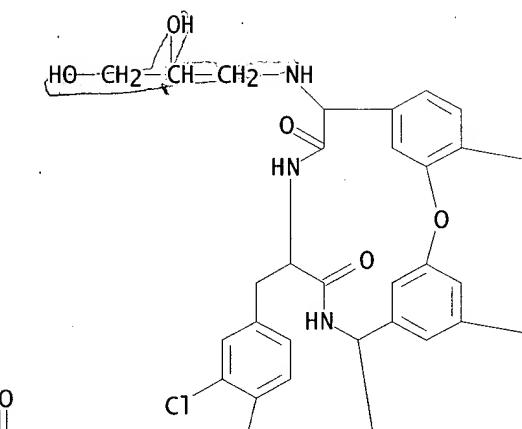
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 351597	A2	19900124	EP 1989-111730	19890628
EP 351597	A3	19910619		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 02069500	A2	19900308	JP 1989-184850	19890719
DK 8903619	A	19900122	DK 1989-3619	19890721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		GB 1988-17397		19880721
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 113:98033		
GI				



- AB The title compds. [I; R1 = [CHR3(CR4R5)mX]p(CH2)nR6; R3, R4, R7, R8 = H, alkyl; R5 = H, alkyl, OH; R6 = H, CO2R7, SR7, NR7R8, halo, alkyl; m, n, p = integer where m = 0 or 1, o .ltoreq. n .ltoreq. 6, 1 .ltoreq. p .ltoreq. 6; X = O, NH, bond with the proviso that when X = O or NH, n = 0, 1 .ltoreq. p .ltoreq. 3 and R5 .noteq. OH; R2 = H, alkyl; with the further proviso that R1 .noteq. alkyl; A = H, N-[(C9-12)aliph. acyl]-.beta.-D-2-deoxy-2-aminoglucopyranosyl; B = H, N-acetyl-.beta.-D-2-deoxy-2-aminoglucopyranosyl; M = H, .alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl; with the proviso that B = H, only when A = M = H] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepd. Reaction of telcoplanin in MeOH with NaBH4 and glyceraldehyde at room temp. gave N15-2,3-dihydroxypropyl)telcoplanin. This showed an IC50 of 32 .mu.g/mL against Staphylococcus haemolyticus in vitro.
- IT 128465-28-1P 128465-37-2P 128481-67-4P  
128481-68-5P 128481-69-6P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of, as antibiotic)
- RN 128465-28-1 HCPLUS
- CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-22,31-dichloro-7-demethyl-64-O-demethyl-19-deoxy-56-O-[2-deoxy-2-[(1-oxo-4-decenyl)amino]-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl-, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MAIER 09/806,650

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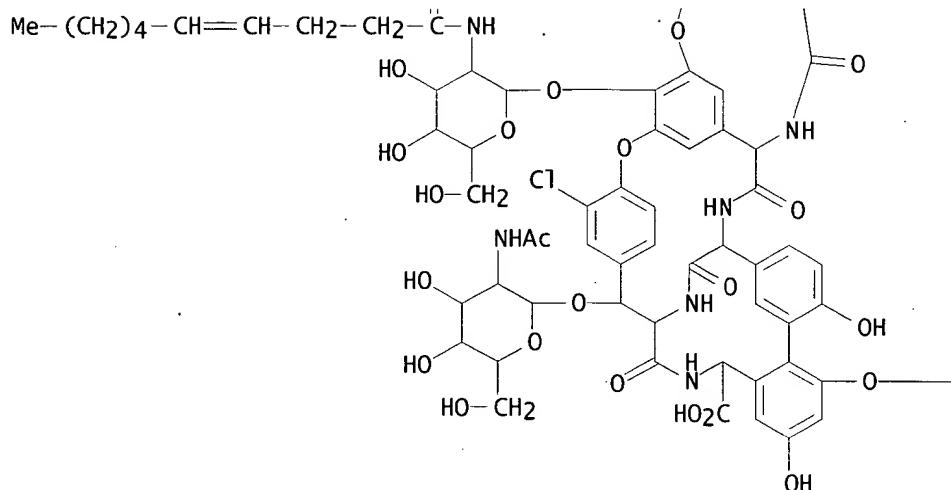


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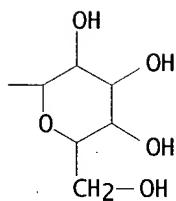
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— OH

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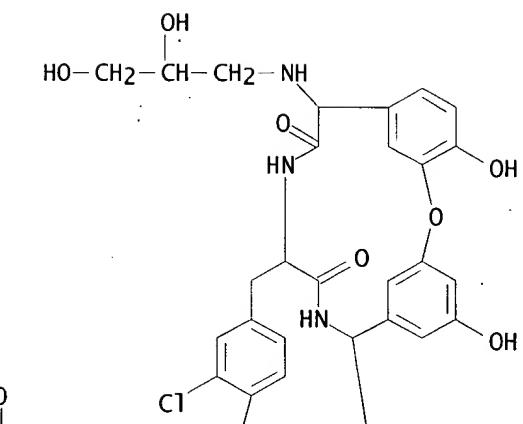
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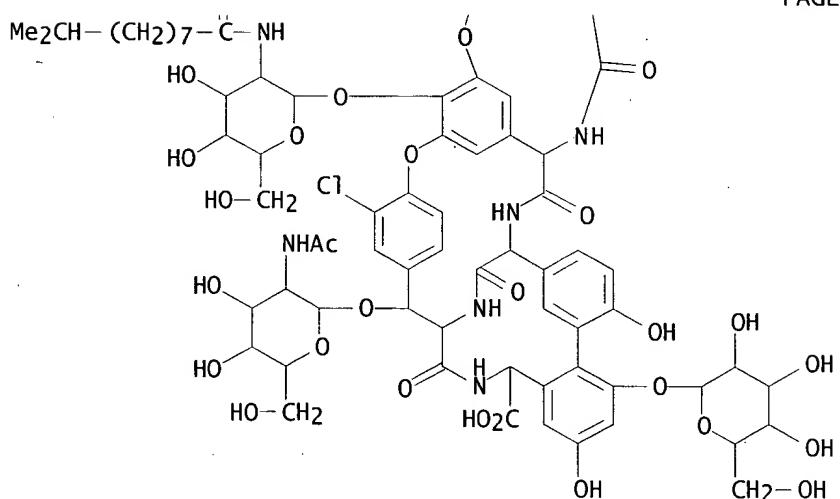
RN 128465-37-2 HCPLUS

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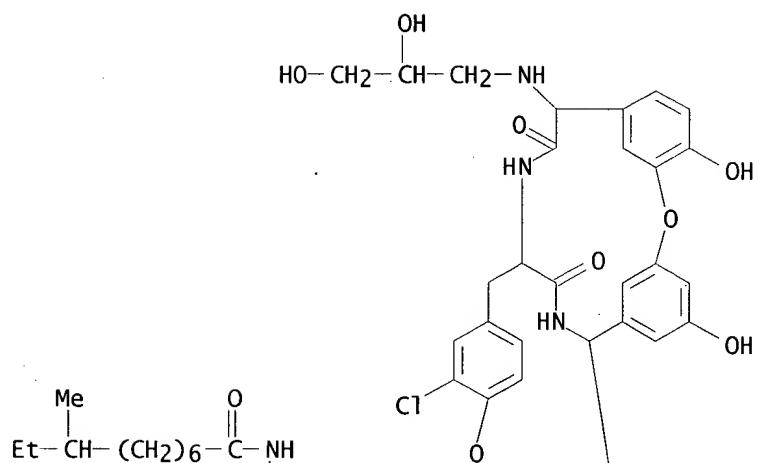
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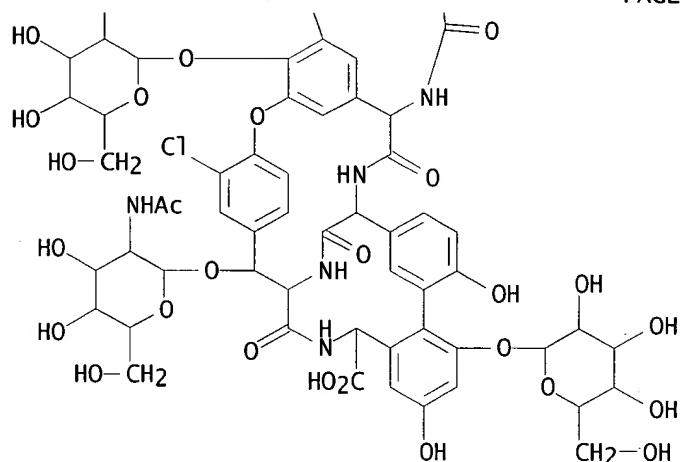
RN 128481-67-4 HCPLUS

CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-22,31-dichloro-7-demethyl-64-O-demethyl-19-deoxy-56-O-[2-deoxy-2-[(8-methyl-1-oxodecyl)amino]-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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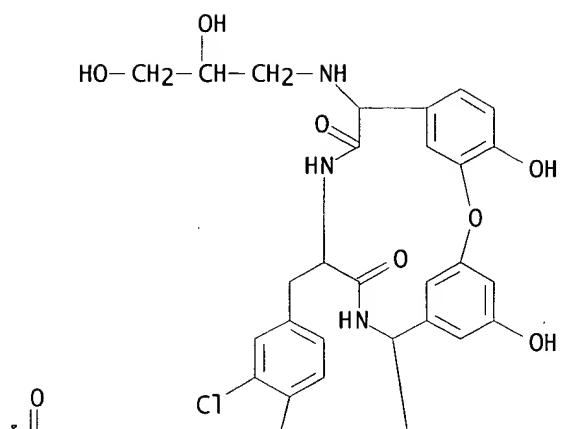
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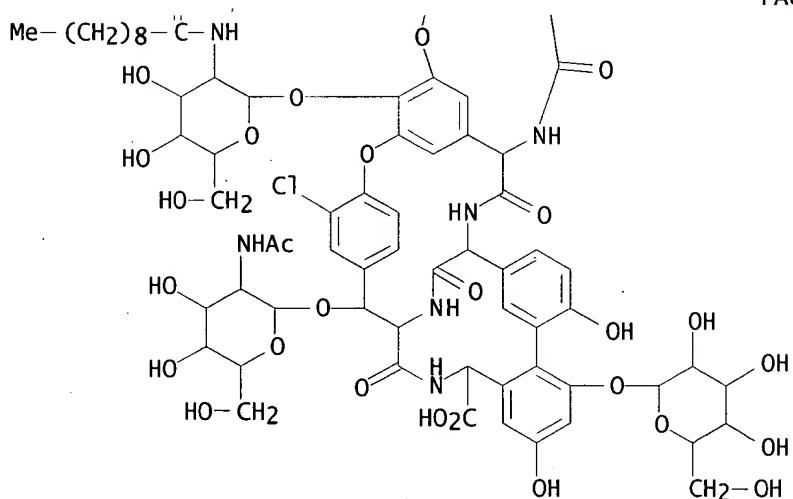
RN 128481-68-5 HCPLUS

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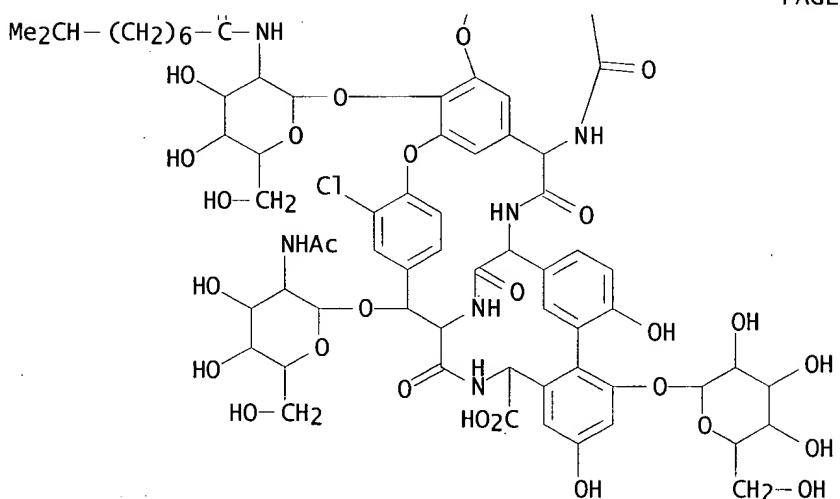
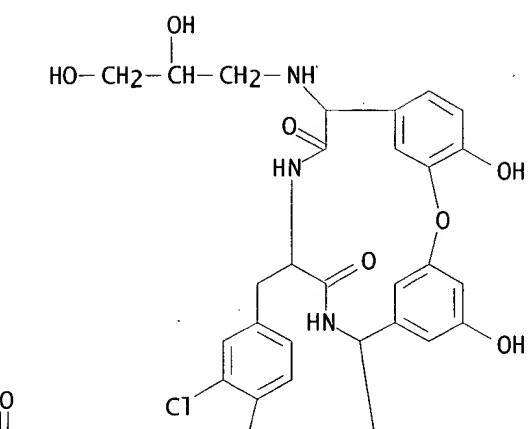


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RN 128481-69-6 HCPLUS

CN Ristomycin A aglycone, 34-O-[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-22,31-dichloro-7-demethyl-64-O-demethyl-19-deoxy-56-O-[2-deoxy-2-[(8-methyl-1-oxononyl)amino]-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]-N15-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-42-O-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C07K009-00  
ICS C07K007-06; C07K001-00; A61K037-02  
CC 34-3 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)  
Section cross-reference(s): 1  
ST teicoplanin deriv prep antibiotic  
IT Antibiotics  
(teicoplanin derivs.)  
IT 128465-28-1P 128465-29-2P 128465-30-5P 128465-31-6P  
128465-32-7P 128465-34-9P 128465-35-0P 128465-37-2P  
128465-38-3P 128465-39-4P 128481-54-9P 128481-55-0P 128481-56-1P  
128481-57-2P 128481-58-3P 128481-59-4P 128481-60-7P 128481-61-8P

128481-62-9P 128481-63-0P 128481-64-1P 128481-65-2P 128481-66-3P

**128481-67-4P 128481-68-5P 128481-69-6P**

128518-76-3P 128678-60-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, as **antibiotic**)

IT 367-47-5 125969-54-2, (Dimethylamino)acetaldehyde hydrochloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with teicoplanin in presence of sodium borohydride)

IT 91032-26-7 91032-34-7 91032-36-9 91032-37-0 91032-38-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reductive alkylation of, with glyceraldehyde)